

Office of the Secretary of the Treasury

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(c) The bureau shall establish a toll free telephone number that the IRS will furnish to individuals whose refunds have been offset to obtain information from the bureau concerning the offset.

(d) The bureau shall enter into a separate agreement with the IRS to provide for reimbursement of the Service's cost of administering the pilot tax refund offset program in 1987.

§ 5.27 Procedures.

(a) The bureau head or his or her designee shall be the point of contact with the IRS for administrative matters regarding the offset program.

(b) The bureaus shall ensure that:

(1) Only those past-due legally enforceable debts described in § 5.23(b) are forwarded to the IRS for offset; and

(2) The procedures prescribed in the MOU between the bureau and the IRS are followed in developing past-due debt information and submitting the debts to the IRS.

(c) The bureau shall submit a notification of a taxpayer's liability for past-due legally enforceable debt to the IRS on magnetic media as prescribed by the IRS. Such notification shall contain:

(1) The name and taxpayer identifying number (as defined in section 6109 of the Internal Revenue Code) of the individual who is responsible for the debt;

(2) The dollar amount of such past-due and legally enforceable debt;

(3) The date on which the original debt became past-due;

(4) The designation of the referring bureau submitting the notification of liability and identification of the referring agency program under which the debt was incurred;

(5) A statement accompanying each magnetic tape by the referring bureau certifying that, with respect to each debt reported on the tape, all of the requirements of eligibility of the debt for referral for the refund offset have been satisfied. See § 5.23(b).

(d) A bureau shall promptly notify the IRS to correct Treasury data submitted when the bureau:

(1) Determines that an error has been made with respect to a debt that has been referred;

(2) Receives or credits a payment on such debt; or

(3) Receives notification that the individual owing the debt has filed for bankruptcy under Title 11 of the United States Code or has been adjudicated bankrupt and the debt has been discharged.

(e) When advising debtors of an intent to refer a debt to the IRS for offset, the bureau shall also advise the debtors of all remedial actions available to defer or prevent the offset from taking place.

§ 5.28 Referral of debts for offset.

(a) A bureau shall refer to the Service for collection by tax refund offset, from refunds otherwise payable in calendar year 1987, only such past-due legally enforceable debts owed to the Department:

(1) That are eligible for offset under the terms of 31 U.S.C. 3720A, section 6402(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 CFR 301.6402-6T, and the MOU; and

(2) That information will be provided for each such debt as is required by the terms of the MOU.

(b) Such referrals shall be made by submitting to the Service a magnetic tape pursuant to § 5.27(c), together with an accompanying written certification to the Service by the bureau that the conditions or requirements specified in 26 CFR 301.6402-6T and the MOU have been satisfied with respect to each debt included in the referral on such tape. The bureau's certification shall be in the form specified in the MOU.

§ 5.29 Notice requirements before offset.

(a) The bureau must notify, or make a reasonable attempt to notify, the individual that:

(1) The debt is past due, and

(2) Unless repaid within 60 days thereafter, the debt will be referred to the Service for offset against any refund of overpayment of tax;

(b) The bureau shall provide a toll free telephone number for use in obtaining information from the bureau concerning the offset.

(c) The bureau shall give the individual debtor at least sixty (60) days from the date of the notification to present evidence to the bureau that all

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or part of the debt is not past-due or legally enforceable. The bureau shall consider the evidence presented by the individual and shall make a determination whether an amount of such debt is past-due and legally enforceable. For purposes of this subsection, evidence that collection of the debt is affected by a bankruptcy proceeding involving the individual shall bar referral of the debt to the Service.

(d) Notification given to a debtor pursuant to paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of this section shall advise the debtor of how he or she may present evidence to the bureau that all or part of the debt is not past-due or legally enforceable. Such evidence may not be referred to, or considered by, individuals who are not officials, employees, or agents of the United States in making the determination required under paragraph (c) of this section. Unless such evidence is directly considered by an official or employee of the bureau, and the determination required under paragraph (c) of this section has been made by an official or employee of the bureau, any unresolved dispute with the debtor as to whether all or part of the debt is past-due or legally enforceable must be referred to the bureau for ultimate administrative disposition, and the bureau must directly notify the debtor of its determination.

Subpart D—Administrative Offset

AUTHORITY: 31 U.S.C. 3701; 31 U.S.C. 3711; 31 U.S.C. 3716.

SOURCE: 52 FR 52, Jan. 2, 1987, unless otherwise noted.

§ 5.30 Scope of regulations.

These regulations apply to the collection of debts owed to the United States arising from transactions with the Department, or where a request for an offset is received by the Department from another agency. These regulations are consistent with the Federal Claims Collection Standards on administrative offset issued jointly by the Department of Justice and the General Accounting Office as set forth in 4 CFR 102.3.

[52 FR 52, Jan. 2, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 16703, May 11, 1988]

31 CFR Subtitle A (7-1-01 Edition)

§ 5.31 Designation.

The heads of bureaus and offices and their delegates are designated as designees of the Secretary of the Treasury authorized to perform all the duties for which the Secretary is responsible under the foregoing statutes: *Provided, however,* That no compromise of a claim shall be effected or collection action terminated except upon recommendation of the General Counsel or the appropriate bureau counsel or the designee of either. Notwithstanding the foregoing proviso, no such recommendation shall be required with respect to the termination of collection activity on any claim in which the unpaid amount of the debt is \$300 or less.

§ 5.32 Definitions.

(a) *Administrative offset*, as defined in 31 U.S.C. 3701(a)(1), means “withholding money payable by the United States Government to, or held by the Government for, a person to satisfy a debt the person owes the Government.

(b) *Person* includes a natural person or persons, profit or non-profit corporation, partnership, association, trust, estate, consortium, or other entity which is capable of owing a debt to the United States Government except that agencies of the United States, or of any State or local government shall be excluded.

§ 5.33 General.

(a) The Secretary or his or her designee, after attempting to collect a debt from a person under section 3(a) of the Federal Claims Collection Act of 1966, as amended (31 U.S.C. 3711(a)), may collect the debt by administrative offset subject to the following:

(1) The debt is certain in amount; and
(2) It is in the best interests of the United States to collect the debt by administrative offset because of the decreased costs of collection and the acceleration in the payment of the debt;

(b) The Secretary, or his or her designee, may initiate administrative offset with regard to debts owed by a person to another agency of the United States Government, upon receipt of a request from the head of another agency or his or her designee, and a certification that the debt exists and that the