

solicitation. Where applicable, the company shall also include the names of new agents for whom original accreditation and permission to solicit on base is requested. Insurers initially accredited will be furnished instructions by the Department of Defense for agent accreditation procedures in overseas areas.

4. Material changes affecting the corporate status and financial conditions of the company which may occur during the fiscal year of accreditation must be reported as they occur.

a. The Department of Defense reserves the right to terminate accreditation if such material changes appear to substantially affect the financial and operational criteria described in section A., above, on which accreditation was based.

b. Failure to report such material changes can result in termination of accreditation regardless of how it affects the criteria.

5. If an analysis of information furnished by the company indicates that unfavorable trends are developing which may possibly adversely affect its future operations, the Department of Defense may, at its option, bring such matters to the attention of the company and request a statement as to what action, if any, is contemplated to deal with such unfavorable trends.

PART 44—SCREENING THE READY RESERVE

Sec.

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APPENDIX A TO PART 44—GUIDANCE

AUTHORITY: 10 U.S.C. 10145.

SOURCE: 64 FR 72027, Dec. 23, 1999, unless otherwise noted.

§ 44.1 Purpose.

Updates DoD policy and responsibilities for the screening of Ready Reservists under 10 U.S.C. 1003, 1005, and 1209.

§ 44.2 Applicability.

This part applies to the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Military Departments (including the Coast Guard, when it is not operating as a Military Service in the Navy by agreement with the Department of Transportation), the Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, the Combatant Commands, the Inspector General of the Department of Defense, the Defense Agencies, the DoD Field Activities and all other organiza-

tional entities within the Department of Defense (hereafter referred to collectively as the “DoD Components”). The term “Military Services” as used in this part, refers to the Army, the Navy, the Air Force and the Marine Corps.

§ 44.3 Definitions.

For purposes of this part, the following definitions apply:

Extreme community hardship. A situation that, because of a Reservist’s mobilization, may have a substantially adverse effect on the health, safety, or welfare of the community. Any request for a determination of such hardship shall be made by the Reservist and must be supported by documentation, as required by the Secretary concerned.

Extreme personal hardship. An adverse impact on a Reservist’s dependents resulting from his or her mobilization. Any request for a determination of such hardship shall be made by the Reservist and must be supported by documentation, as required by the Secretary concerned.

Individual Ready Reserve. Within the Ready Reserve of each of the Reserve Components there is an Individual Ready Reserve. The Individual Ready Reserve consists of members of the Ready Reserve who are not in the Selected Reserve or the Inactive National Guard.

Key employee. Any Federal employee occupying a key position.

Key position. A Federal position that shall not be vacated during a national emergency or mobilization without SERIOUSLY impairing the capability of the parent Federal Agency or office to function effectively. The four categories of Federal key positions are set out in this paragraph. The first three categories are, by definition, key positions. However, the third category, Article III Judges, provides for exceptions on a case-by-case basis. The fourth category requires a case-by-case determination and designation as described in the following:

(1) The Vice President of the United States or any official specified in the order of presidential succession as in 3 U.S.C. 19.