

of this regulation, "positive lot identification" of a lot of shelled or inshell peanuts is a means of relating the inspection certificate to the lot which has been inspected so that there can be no doubt that the peanuts are the same ones described on the inspection certificate. The crop year that is shown on the positive lot identification tags, or other means of positive lot identification shall accurately describe the crop year in which the peanuts in the lot were produced. Such procedure on bagged peanuts shall consist of attaching a lot numbered tag bearing the official stamp of the Federal or Federal-State Inspection Service to each filled bag in the lot. The tag shall be sewed (machine sewed if shelled peanuts) into the closure of the bag except that in plastic bags the tag shall be inserted prior to sealing so that the official stamp is visible. Any peanuts moved in bulk or bulk bins shall have their lot identity maintained by sealing the conveyance and if in other containers by other means acceptable to the Federal or Federal-State Inspection Service. All lots of shelled or cleaned inshell peanuts shall be handled, stored, and shipped under positive lot identification procedures, except those lots which have been reconstituted and/or commingled at the request of the receiver. All such reconstituted and/or commingled lots will no longer be considered positive lot identified and, therefore, no longer be eligible for appeal inspection. Handler shall keep and maintain records of the quantities involved in each reconstituting and/or commingling procedure, whether in single or multiple lots, and such records shall be available to the Division on request.

(e) *Reinspection.* Whenever the Division has reason to believe that peanuts may have been damaged or deteriorated while in storage, the Division may reject the then effective inspection certificate and may require the owner of the peanuts to have a reinspection to establish whether or not such peanuts may be disposed of for human consumption.

[62 FR 1260, Jan. 9, 1997, as amended at 63 FR 2850, Jan. 16, 1998; 63 FR 33242, June 18, 1998; 64 FR 56135, Oct. 18, 1999]

**§ 997.40 Reconditioning and disposition of peanuts failing quality requirements.**

(a) Lots of peanuts which have not been certified as meeting the requirements for disposition to human consumption outlets, may be disposed of for non-human consumption uses which are not regulated or limited by the provisions specified in this section: *Provided*, That each such lot is positive lot identified, using red tags, and certified as to aflatoxin content (actual numerical count). However, on the shipping papers covering the disposition of each such lot of inedible quality peanuts, the handler shall cause the following statement to be shown: "The peanuts covered by this bill of lading (or invoice, etc.) are not to be used for human consumption."

(b) Except for inedible quality peanuts disposed of under the provisions of paragraph (f)(2) of this section and peanuts derived from the milling for seed of Segregation 2 and 3 farmers stock peanuts, peanuts which have not been certified as meeting the standards set forth in paragraphs (a) or (b) of § 997.30 shall be disposed of as prescribed hereinafter in this section.

(c) *Sheller Oil Stock Residuals—For Crushing or Export.* Peanuts, or portions of peanuts which are separated from edible quality peanuts by screening or sorting or other means during the milling process, may be segregated into categories or they may be commingled as sheller oil stock residuals. Such sheller oil stock residuals shall be identified pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section, but using a red tag, and such peanuts may be disposed of domestically or to the export market, in bags or other suitable containers. The movement of such peanuts shall be reported to the Division by the shipping handler and the crusher, as requested by the Division.

(1) If the peanuts have not been tested and certified as to aflatoxin content, as prescribed in paragraph (c) of this section, the handler shall cause the following statement to be shown on the shipping papers: "The peanuts covered by this bill of lading (or invoice, etc.) are limited to crushing only and may contain aflatoxin."

(2) If the peanuts are certified as 301 ppb or more aflatoxin content, disposition shall be limited to crushing or export.

(d) *Blanching peanuts failing quality requirements.* Handlers may blanch or cause to have blanched positive lot identified shelled peanuts, which originated from Segregation 1 peanuts, that fail to meet the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section because of excessive damage, minor defects, moisture, or foreign material or are positive as to aflatoxin. Lots of peanuts which are moved under these provisions must be accompanied by a valid grade inspection certificate and the title shall be retained by the handler until the peanuts are blanched and certified by an inspector of the Federal or Federal-State Inspection Service as meeting the requirements for disposal into human consumption outlets. To be eligible for disposal into human consumption outlets, such peanuts after blanching, must meet specifications for unshelled peanuts, damaged kernels, minor defects, moisture, and foreign material as listed in paragraph (a) of this section and be accompanied by a negative aflatoxin certificate. The residual peanuts, excluding skins and hearts, resulting from blanching under these provisions, shall be placed in suitable containers acceptable to AMS and red tagged and disposition shall be that such peanuts are returned to the handler for further disposition; or, in the alternative, such residuals shall be positive lot identified by the Federal or Federal-State Inspection Service, and shall be disposed of, by the blancher to crushers who agree to comply with the terms of paragraph (c) of this section. Handlers may contract with Committee approved blanchers for roasting positive lot identified shelled peanuts, which originated from Segregation 1 peanuts, that meet the grade requirements of paragraph (a) of this section but are positive as to aflatoxin. Lots of peanuts moved under these provisions must be accompanied by a valid grade inspection certificate and a valid aflatoxin certificate. To be eligible for disposal into human consumption outlets, such peanuts after roasting, shall have had the positive lot identity maintained and be accompanied by a

negative aflatoxin certificate. The residual peanuts, excluding skins and hearts, resulting from roasting under these provisions, shall be placed in suitable containers acceptable to AMS and red tagged and disposition shall be that such peanuts are returned to the handler for further disposition; or that in the alternative, such residuals shall be positive lot identified by a Federal or Federal-State Inspection Service, and shall be disposed of, by the blancher, to handlers who are crushers, or to crushers who are not handlers under the Agreement only on the condition that they agree to comply with the terms of paragraph (c) of this section and all other applicable requirements of this regulation. Roasting under the provisions of this paragraph shall be performed only by blanchers who are approved by the Committee.

(e) *Remilling peanuts failing quality requirements.* Handlers may remill or cause to have remilled shelled peanuts, which originated from Segregation 1 peanuts, that fail to meet the requirements for disposition to human consumption outlets heretofore specified in paragraph (a) of this section: *Provided*, That such lots of peanuts contain not in excess of 10 percent fall through. Lots of peanuts moved under these provisions must be accompanied by a valid grade inspection certificate and must be positive lot identified and the title of such peanuts shall be retained by the handler until the peanuts have been remilled and certified by the Federal or Federal-State Inspection Service as meeting the requirements for disposition to human consumption outlets specified in paragraph (a) of this section, and be accompanied by a negative aflatoxin certificate. Remilling under these provisions may include composite remilling of more than one such lot of peanuts owned by the same handler. However, such peanuts owned by one handler shall be held and remilled separate and apart from all other peanuts. The residual peanuts resulting from remilling under these provisions, shall be placed in suitable containers acceptable to AMS and red tagged and disposition shall be that such peanuts are returned to the handler for further disposition; or, in the alternative, such residuals shall be

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positive lot identified by the Federal or Federal-State Inspection Service, and shall be disposed of, by the remiller, to crushers who agree to comply with the terms of paragraph (c) of this section.

[62 FR 1263, Jan. 9, 1997, as amended at 63 FR 2851, Jan. 16, 1998]

**§ 997.50 Inspection, chemical analysis, certification and identification.**

Each handler shall, at the handler's own expense, prior to or upon receiving and before shipping or disposing of peanuts, cause an inspection to be made of any such peanuts not covered by a valid inspection certificate, to determine whether such peanuts meet the applicable grade requirements effective pursuant to this part, and shall comply with such identification requirements prescribed by this part or which the Secretary may prescribe. Each handler shall also cause appropriate samples to be drawn and chemically analyzed by a USDA laboratory, or laboratory listed in §997.30, for wholesomeness as provided in §997.30 of this part. Such handler shall obtain grade and aflatoxin certificates stating that such peanuts meet the aforementioned applicable requirements and all such certificates shall be available for examination or use by the Division. Acceptable certificates shall be those issued by Federal or Federal-State inspectors authorized or licensed by the Secretary and USDA laboratories or those listed in §997.30 of this part. Each handler shall furnish, or cause the inspection service or the laboratory to furnish, to the Division, a copy of the inspection certificate and a copy of the results of the chemical analyses issued to the handler on each lot of shelled peanuts or cleaned inshell peanuts.

[62 FR 1264, Jan. 9, 1997]

ASSESSMENTS

**§ 997.51 Assessments.**

(a) Each first handler shall pay to the Secretary, with respect to Segregation 1 peanuts received or acquired by the handler, including the handler's own production, an administrative assessment as approved by the Secretary. The rate of assessment shall be the same as the administrative assessment approved by the Secretary and applied

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to signatory handlers under the Peanut Marketing Agreement No. 146. Such administrative assessment shall be applied during the crop year beginning July 1 and ending June 30 of the following year. Each handler's pro rata share shall be the rate of assessment fixed by the Secretary per net ton of farmers stock peanuts received or acquired, other than those peanuts described in §997.20(a) (1) and (2). During the crop year, the Secretary may increase the rate of assessment if such an increase is established under the Agreement.

(b) Segregation 2 and Segregation 3 farmers stock peanuts disposed to crushing or exported are exempt from assessments under this section.

[62 FR 1264, Jan. 9, 1997]

REPORTS, BOOKS AND RECORDS

**§ 997.52 Reports of acquisitions and shipments.**

Each handler shall report acquisitions of Segregation 1 farmers stock peanuts on a form provided by the Division and file such other reports of acquisitions and shipments of peanuts, as prescribed in this part. Upon the request of the Division, each handler shall furnish such other reports and information as necessary to enable the Division to carry out the provisions of this part. All reports and records furnished or submitted by handlers to the Division which include data or information constituting a trade secret or disclosing the trade position, financial condition, or business operations of the particular handler shall not be disclosed unless such disclosure is determined necessary by the Secretary to enforce the provisions of this part.

[62 FR 1264, Jan. 9, 1997]

**§ 997.53 Verification of reports.**

For the purpose of checking and verifying reports filed by handlers or the operation of handlers under the provisions of this part, the Secretary, through its duly authorized agents, shall have access to any premises where peanuts may be held by any handler and at any time during reasonable business hours and shall be permitted to inspect any peanuts so held by such