

(h) *Transition provisions.* (1) The provisions of this section are not applicable to applications filed before June 19, 1991.

(2) The provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section are not applicable to potential applicants that complied with the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b)(1) of this section prior to June 19, 1991.

(3) The provisions of paragraph (c) of this section are not applicable to potential applicants that complied with the provisions of paragraph (b)(2) of this section prior to June 19, 1991.

(4)(i) Any applicant that files its application on or after June 19, 1991, and that complied with the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b)(1) of this section prior to June 19, 1991, must hold a public meeting, within 90 days from June 19, 1991, at or near the site of the proposed project, to generally explain the potential applicant's proposal for the site and to obtain the views of the public regarding resource issues that should be addressed in any application for license or exemption that may be filed by the potential applicant. The public meeting must include both day and evening sessions, and the potential applicant must make either audio recordings or written transcripts of both sessions.

(ii)(A) At least 15 days in advance of the meeting, the potential applicant must provide all affected resource agencies, Indian tribes, and the Commission with written notice of the time and place of the meeting and a written agenda of the issues to be discussed at the meeting.

(B) At least 14 days in advance of the meeting, the potential applicant must publish notice, at least once, of the purpose, location, and timing of the meeting, in a daily or weekly newspaper published in each county in which the proposed project or any part thereof is situated.

(iii)(A) A potential applicant must make available to the public for inspection and reproduction information comparable to that specified in paragraph (b)(1) of this section from the date on which the notice required by paragraph (h)(4)(ii) of this section is first published until the date of the

public meeting required by paragraph (h)(4)(i) of this section.

(B) The provisions of § 4.32(b) will govern the form and manner in which the information is to be made available for public inspection and reproduction.

(C) A potential applicant must make available to the public for inspection at both sessions of the public meeting required by paragraph (h)(4)(i) of this section at least two copies of the information specified in paragraph (h)(4)(iii)(A) of this section.

(D) A potential applicant must promptly provide copies of the audio recordings or written transcripts of the sessions of the public meeting to the Commission and, upon request, to any resource agency or Indian tribe consulted.

(iv) Any applicant holding a public meeting pursuant to paragraph (h)(4)(i) of this section must include in its filed application a description of how the applicant's proposal addresses the significant resource issues raised during the public meeting.

[Order 533, 56 FR 23153, May 20, 1991, as amended at 56 FR 61155, Dec. 2, 1991]

§ 4.39 Specifications for maps and drawings.

All required maps and drawings must conform to the following specifications, except as otherwise prescribed in this chapter:

(a) Each original map or drawing must consist of a print on silver or gelatin 35mm microfilm mounted on Type D (3¼" by 7⅞") aperture cards. Two duplicates must be made of each original. Full-sized prints of maps and drawings must be on sheets no smaller than 24 by 36 inches and no larger than 28 by 40 inches. A space five inches high by seven inches wide must be provided in the lower right corner of each sheet. The upper half of this space must bear the title, numerical and graphical scale, and other pertinent information concerning the map or drawing. The lower half of the space must be left clear. If the drawing size specified in this paragraph limits the scale of drawings described in paragraph (c) of this section, a smaller scale may be used for those drawings.

(b) Each map must have a scale in full-sized prints no smaller than one

inch equals 0.5 miles for transmission lines, roads, and similar linear features and no smaller than one inch equals 1,000 feet for other project features. Where maps at these scales do not show sufficient detail, larger scale maps may be required under § 4.31(f). Each map must show:

- (1) True and magnetic meridians;
- (2) State, county, and town lines; and
- (3) Boundaries of public lands and reservations of the United States [see 16 U.S.C. 796 (1) and (2)], if any. If a public land survey is available, the maps must show all lines of that survey crossing the project area and all official subdivisions of sections for the public lands and reservations, including lots and irregular tracts, as designated on the official plats of survey that may be obtained from the Bureau of Land Management, Washington, DC, or examined in the local land survey office; to the extent that a public land survey is not available for public lands and reservations of the United States, the maps must show the protractations of townships and section lines, which, if possible, must be those recognized by the Federal agency administering those lands.

(c) Drawings depicting details of project structures must have a scale in full-sized prints no smaller than:

- (1) One inch equals 50 feet for plans, elevations, and profiles; and
- (2) One inch equals 10 feet for sections.

(d) Each map or drawing must be drawn and lettered to be legible when it is reduced to a print that is 11 inches on its shorter side. Following notification to the applicant that the application has been accepted for filing [see § 4.31(c)], prints reduced to that size must be bound in each copy of the application which is required to be submitted to the Commission or provided to any person, agency, or other entity.

[Order 54, 44 FR 61334, Oct. 25, 1979. Redesignated by Order 413, 50 FR 11678, Mar. 25, 1985]

Subpart E—Application for License for Major Unconstructed Project and Major Modified Project

§ 4.40 Applicability.

(a) *Applicability.* The provisions of this subpart apply to any application for an initial license for a major unconstructed project that would have a total installed capacity of more than 5 megawatts, and any application for an initial or new license for a major modified project with a total installed capacity more than 5 megawatts. An applicant for license for any major unconstructed or major modified water power project that would have a total installed generating capacity of 5 megawatts or less must submit application under subpart G (§§ 4.60 and 4.61).

(b) *Guidance from Commission staff.* A prospective applicant for a license for a major unconstructed project or major modified project may seek advice from the Commission's Division of Hydropower Licensing regarding the applicability of this subpart to its project [see § 4.32(h)], including the determinations whether any proposed repair, modification or reconstruction of an existing dam would result in a significant change in the normal maximum surface elevation of an existing impoundment, or whether any proposed change in existing project works or operation would result in a significant environmental impact.

[Order 184, 46 FR 55936, Nov. 13, 1981, as amended by Order 413, 50 FR 11683, Mar. 25, 1985; Order 499, 53 FR 27002, July 18, 1988]

§ 4.41 Contents of application.

Any application under this subpart must contain the following information in the form prescribed:

(a) *Initial statement.*