

Food and Nutrition Service, USDA

§ 274.3

issuance as specified under § 272.3(a)(2) and (b)(2) of this chapter.

[54 FR 7004, Feb. 15, 1989, as amended at 54 FR 51351, Dec. 15, 1989; 60 FR 20182, Apr. 25, 1995; 65 FR 70212, Nov. 21, 2000]

§ 274.3 Issuance systems.

(a) *System classification.* State agencies may issue benefits to households through any of the following systems:

(1) An authorization document system that uses a document produced for each month's issuance. The intermediary document, such as an ATP, may be distributed on a monthly basis to each household and surrendered by the household to the coupon issuer, or provided monthly to issuers with either single household authorizations or multiple household authorizations on each (such as a computer-generated listing). For reconciliation and identification purposes, the authorization document shall contain the following:

- (i) Serial number;
- (ii) Case name and address;
- (iii) Case number;
- (iv) Allotment amount;
- (v) Benefit month or expiration date;
- (vi) Name of issuing project area; and,
- (vii) Space for signature of household member. An additional space for an authorized representative may be included.

(2) A direct access system that directly accesses a master issuance file at the time that benefits are issued to households. This system shall use manual card access or an automated access to the master issuance file. Systems of this type include the manual Household Issuance Record (HIR) card system and on-line issuance terminals.

(3) A mail issuance system that directly delivers coupons through the mail to households.

(4) An on-line Electronic Benefit Transfer system in which food stamp benefits are stored in a central computer database and electronically accessed by households at the point-of-sale via reusable plastic cards.

(5) An off-line Electronic Benefit Transfer system in which benefit allotments can be stored on a card or in a card access device and used to purchase authorized items at a point-of-sale ter-

минаl without real-time authorization from a central processor.

(b) *Other systems.* A State agency may develop an issuance system which cannot be readily categorized into one of the systems described in paragraph (a) of this section. FNS shall prescribe the reporting and reconciliation requirements which apply to that system.

(c) *Alternative benefit issuance system.*

(1) If the Secretary, in consultation with the Office of the Inspector General, determines that Program integrity would be improved by changing the issuance system of a State, the Secretary shall require the State agency to issue or deliver coupons using another method. The alternative method may be one of the methods described in paragraph (a) of this section, or the Secretary may require a State agency to issue, in lieu of coupons, reusable documents to be used as part of an automated data processing and information retrieval system and to be presented by, and returned to, recipients at retail food firms for the purpose of purchasing food. The determination of which alternative to use will be made by FNS after consultation with the State agency. The cost of conversion will be shared by the Department and the State agency in accordance with the cost accounting provision of part 277.

(2) The cost of documents or systems which may be required as a result of a permanent alternative issuance system pursuant to this section shall not be imposed upon retail food firms participating in the Program.

(d) *System requirements.* (1) The State agency shall establish a master issuance file which is a composite of the issuance records of all certified food stamp households. The State agency shall establish the master issuance file in a manner compatible with its system used for maintaining case record information and shall separate the information on the master issuance file into active and inactive case file categories. The master issuance file shall contain all the information needed to identify certified households, issue household benefits, record the participation activity for

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each household and supply all information necessary to fulfill the reporting requirements prescribed in § 274.4.

(i) The master issuance file shall be kept current and accurate. It shall be updated and maintained through the use of documents such as notices of change and controls for expired certification periods.

(ii) Before entering a household's data on the master issuance file, the State agency shall review the master issuance file to ensure that the household is not currently participating in, or disqualified from, the Program. If an authorization document is issued under the expedited service requirements of §§ 273.2(i) and 274.2(b), the State agency shall complete as much of the master issuance file review as possible prior to issuing the authorization document. Any uncompleted reviews shall be completed after issuance and appropriate corrective action shall be taken to recover overissuance.

(2) State agencies should divide issuance responsibilities between at least two persons to prevent any single individual from having complete control over the authorization of issuances and the issuances themselves. Responsibilities to be divided include maintenance of inventory records, assembly of benefits and preparation of envelopes for mailing. If issuance functions in an office are handled by one person, a second-party review shall be made to verify coupon inventory, the reconciliation of the mail log, and the number of mailings prepared.

(3) State agencies shall establish controls to prevent a household from concurrently receiving benefits through more than one issuance system.

(4) State agencies shall clearly identify issuances in their accountability systems as initial, supplemental, replacement, or restored benefits.

(5) State agencies shall establish a Statewide record of replacement issuances granted to households to prevent a household from receiving more than two countable replacement issuances as defined in § 274.6(b) in a six-month period.

(6) State agencies which issue benefits by mail shall, at a minimum, use first class mail and sturdy nonfor-

warding envelopes or packages to send benefits to households.

(e) *Validity periods.* (1) State agencies shall establish validity periods for issuances made in both authorization document and direct access systems. A validity period is the time frame during which a household may obtain benefits by transacting an authorization document, or receiving the benefits directly at an issuance point. Generally, the validity period coincides with the issuance month or the period of intended use, which may or may not be a calendar month. However, in instances in which authorization documents are distributed, or benefits become available for ongoing households late in the issuance month, the State agency shall extend the validity or availability period for either twenty (20) additional days, or until the end of the following issuance month, at the State agency's option. The State agency may also choose one of two dates which will initiate this extension of the validity or availability period. The State agency may choose to extend the period for authorization documents distributed or for benefits made available, on or after the 20th day of the issuance month or after the 15th day of the issuance month. Whichever date the State agency chooses to initiate the required extension, the State agency must use the date consistently for all extensions in this category. A household which does not transact its authorization document, or obtain the benefits directly from an issuance point during the issuance's validity period, shall lose its entitlement to the benefits, and the State agency shall not issue benefits to such a household for such a period.

(2) State agencies experiencing excessive issuance losses may develop systems that have authorization documents that expire in shorter time frames than those set forth in paragraph (e) of this section. However, such systems shall include methods that allow households the opportunity to obtain their benefits for the full validity period of a month's issuance.

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