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security devices, as specified in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b) *Security devices.* Each insured nonmember bank shall have, at a minimum, the following security devices:

(1) A means of protecting cash or other liquid assets, such as a vault, safe, or other secure space;

(2) A lighting system for illuminating, during the hours of darkness, the area around the vault, if the vault is visible from outside the banking office;

(3) An alarm system or other appropriate device for promptly notifying the nearest responsible law enforcement officers of an attempted or perpetrated robbery or burglary;

(4) Tamper-resistant locks on exterior doors and exterior windows that may be opened; and

(5) Such other devices as the security officer determines to be appropriate, taking into consideration:

(i) The incidence of crimes against financial institutions in the area;

(ii) The amount of currency or other valuables exposed to robbery, burglary, and larceny;

(iii) The distance of the banking office from the nearest responsible law enforcement officers;

(iv) The cost of the security devices;

(v) Other security measures in effect at the banking office; and

(vi) The physical characteristics of the structure of the banking office and its surroundings.

### § 326.4 Reports.

The security officer for each insured nonmember bank shall report at least annually to the bank's board of directors on the implementation, administration, and effectiveness of the security program.

## Subpart B—Procedures for Monitoring Bank Secrecy Act Compliance

### § 326.8 Bank Secrecy Act compliance.

(a) *Purpose.* This subpart is issued to assure that all insured nonmember banks as defined in §326.1<sup>3</sup> establish

<sup>3</sup>In regard to foreign banks, the programs and procedures required by §326.8 need be instituted only at an *insured branch* as defined

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and maintain procedures reasonably designed to assure and monitor their compliance with the requirements of subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, and the implementing regulations promulgated thereunder by the Department of Treasury at 31 CFR part 103.

(b) *Compliance procedures.* On or before April 27, 1987, each bank shall develop and provide for the continued administration of a program reasonably designed to assure and monitor compliance with recordkeeping and reporting requirements set forth in subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31 U.S.C., and the implementing regulations promulgated thereunder by the Department of Treasury at 31 CFR part 103. The compliance program shall be reduced to writing, approved by the board of directors and noted in the minutes.

(c) *Contents of compliance program.* The compliance program shall, at a minimum:

(1) Provide for a system of internal controls to assure ongoing compliance;

(2) Provide for independent testing for compliance to be conducted by bank personnel or by an outside party;

(3) Designate an individual or individuals responsible for coordinating and monitoring day-to-day compliance; and

(4) Provide training for appropriate personnel.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 3064–0087)

[52 FR 2860, Jan. 27, 1987, as amended at 53 FR 17917, May 19, 1988; 63 FR 17075, Apr. 8, 1998]

## PART 327—ASSESSMENTS

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1817–1819; Pub. L. 104–208, 110 Stat. 3009–479  
(12 U.S.C. 1821).

SOURCE: 54 FR 51374, Dec. 15, 1989, unless  
otherwise noted.

### Subpart A—In General

#### § 327.1 Purpose and scope.

(a) *Scope.* This part 327 applies to any insured depository institution, including any insured branch of a foreign bank.

(b) *Purpose.* (1) Except as specified in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, this part 327 sets forth the rules for:

(i) The time and manner of filing certified statements by insured depository institutions;

(ii) The time and manner of payment of the semiannual assessments by such institutions; and

(iii) The payment of assessments by depository institutions whose insured status has terminated.

(2) Deductions from the assessment base of an insured branch of a foreign bank are stated in subpart B of part 347 of this chapter.

[54 FR 51374, Dec. 15, 1989, as amended at 63 FR 17075, Apr. 8, 1998]

#### § 327.2 Certified statements.

(a) *Required.* Each insured depository institution shall file a certified statement during each semiannual period.

(b) *Time of filing.* Certified statements for any semiannual period must be filed no later than the second-quarterly payment date specified in § 327.3(d)(2). Certified statements postmarked on or before such date are deemed to be timely filed.

(c) *Form.* The Corporation will provide to each insured depository institution a certified statement form showing the amount and computation of the institution’s semiannual assessment. The president of the insured depository institution, or such other officer as the institution’s board of directors or trustees may designate, shall review the information shown on the form.

(d) *Certification*—(1) *Form accepted.* If such officer agrees that to the best of his or her knowledge and belief the information shown on the certified statement form is true, correct and complete and in accordance with the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and the regulations issued thereunder, the officer shall so certify.

(2) *Form amended*—(i) *In general.* If such officer determines that to the best of his or her knowledge and belief the information shown on the certified statement form is not true, correct and complete and in accordance with the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and the regulations issued thereunder, the officer shall make such amendments to the information as he or she believes necessary. The officer shall certify that to the best of his or her knowledge and belief the information shown on the form, as so amended, is true, correct and complete and in accordance with the Federal Deposit Insurance Act and the regulations issued thereunder.

(ii) *Request for revision.* The certification and filing of an amended form under paragraph (d)(2) of this section does not constitute a request for revision by the Corporation of the information shown on the form. Any such request to the Corporation for revision of the information shown on the form shall be submitted separately from the certified statement and in accordance with the provisions of § 327.3(h).

(iii) *Rate multiplier.* The rate multiplier shown on the certified statement form shall be amended only if it is inconsistent with the assessment risk classification assigned to the institution in writing by the Corporation for the current semiannual period pursuant to § 327.4(a). Agreement with the rate multiplier shall not be deemed to constitute agreement with the assessment risk classification assigned.

[59 FR 67160, Dec. 29, 1994]

## § 327.3

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### § 327.3 Payment of semiannual assessments.

(a) *Required*—(1) *In general.* Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, each insured depository institution shall pay to the Corporation, in two quarterly payments, a semiannual assessment determined in accordance with this part 327.

(2) *Notice of designated deposit account.* For the purpose of making such payments, each insured depository institution shall designate a deposit account for direct debit by the Corporation. No later than 30 days prior to the next payment date specified in paragraphs (c)(2) and (d)(2) of this section, each institution shall provide written notice to the Corporation of the account designated, including all information and authorizations needed by the Corporation for direct debit of the account. After the initial notice of the designated account, no further notice is required unless the institution designates a different account for assessment debit by the Corporation, in which case the requirements of the preceding sentence apply.

(b) *Newly insured institutions.* A newly insured institution shall not be required to pay an assessment for the semiannual period during which it becomes an insured institution. For the semiannual period following the period during which it becomes an insured institution, it shall pay its full semiannual assessment at the time and in the manner provided for in paragraph (d) of this section, in an amount that is the product of its assessment base for the prior semiannual period, as provided for in § 327.5(c), multiplied by one-half of the annual assessment rate corresponding to the assessment risk classification assigned to the institution pursuant to § 327.4(a). For the purpose of making such payment, the institution shall provide to the Corporation no later than the payment date specified in paragraph (d)(2) of this section the notice required by paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

(c) *First-quarterly payment*—(1) *Invoice.* Except in the case of invoices for the first quarterly payment for the first semiannual period of 1997, no later than 15 days prior to the payment date specified in paragraph (c)(2) of this sec-

tion, the Corporation will provide to each insured depository institution an invoice showing the amount of the assessment payment due from the institution for the first quarter of the upcoming semiannual period, and the computation of that amount. Subject to paragraph (g) of this section and to subpart B of this part, the invoiced amount shall be the product of the following: The assessment base of the institution for the preceding September 30 (for the semiannual period beginning January 1) or March 31 (for the semiannual period beginning July 1) computed in accordance with § 327.5; multiplied by one-quarter of the annual assessment rate corresponding to the assessment risk classification assigned to the institution pursuant to § 327.4(a).

(2) *Payment date and manner.* Except as provided in paragraphs (c)(3) and (j) of this section, the Corporation will cause the amount stated in the applicable invoice to be directly debited on the appropriate regular payment date from the deposit account designated by the insured depository institution for that purpose, as follows:

(i) In the case of the first quarterly payment for a semiannual period that begins on January 1, the regular payment date is January 2; and

(ii) In the case of the first quarterly payment for a semiannual period that begins on July 1, the regular payment date is the preceding June 30.

(3) *Alternate payment date*—(i) *Election.* An insured depository institution may elect to pay the first quarterly payment for a semiannual period that begins on January 1 of a current year on the alternate payment date. The alternate payment date is December 30 of the prior year.

(ii) *Certification.* (A) In order to elect the alternate payment date with respect to a current semiannual period, an institution must so certify in writing in advance. In order for the election to be effective with respect to the current semiannual period, the Corporation must receive the certification no later than the prior November 1.

(B) The certification shall be made on a pre-printed form provided by the Corporation. The form shall be signed

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by the institution's chief financial officer or such other officer as the institution's board of directors may designate for that purpose. The form shall be sent to the attention of the Chief of the Assessment Operations Section of the Corporation's Division of Finance. An institution may obtain the form from the Corporation's Division of Finance.

(C) The election of the alternate payment date shall be effective with respect to the semiannual period specified in the certification and thereafter, until terminated.

(iii) *Termination.* (A) An insured depository institution may terminate its election of the alternate payment date, and thereby revert to the regular payment date, by so certifying in writing to the Corporation in advance. In order for the termination to be effective for a current semiannual period, the Corporation must receive the termination certification no later than the prior November 1.

(B) The termination certification shall be made on a pre-printed form provided by the Corporation. The form shall be signed by the institution's chief financial officer or such other officer as the institution's board of directors may designate for that purpose. The form shall be sent to the attention of the Chief of the Assessment Operations Section of the Corporation's Division of Finance. An institution may obtain the form from the Corporation's Division of Finance.

(C) The termination shall be permanent, except that an institution that has terminated an election may make a new election under paragraph (c)(3)(i) of this section.

(iv) *Manner of payment.* Except as provided in paragraph (j) of this section, if an insured depository institution elects the alternate payment date, the Corporation will cause the amount stated in the applicable invoice to be directly debited on the alternate payment date from the deposit account designated by the insured depository institution for that purpose.

(d) *Second-quarterly payment*—(1) *Invoice.* No later than 15 days prior to the payment date specified in paragraph (d)(2) of this section, the Corporation will provide to each insured depository institution an invoice showing the

amount of the assessment payment due from the institution for the second quarter of that semiannual period, and the computation of that amount. Subject to paragraph (g) of this section and to subpart B of this part, the invoiced amount shall be the product of the following: The assessment base of the institution for the preceding December 31 (for the semiannual period beginning January 1) or June 30 (for the semiannual period beginning July 1) computed in accordance with § 327.5; multiplied by one-quarter of the annual assessment rate corresponding to the assessment risk classification assigned to the institution pursuant to § 327.4(a).

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (j) of this section, the Corporation will cause the amount stated in the applicable invoice to be directly debited on the appropriate regular payment date from the deposit account designated by the insured depository institution for that purpose, as follows:

(i) In the case of the second quarterly payment for a semiannual period that begins on January 1, the regular payment date is March 30; and

(ii) In the case of the second quarterly payment for a semiannual period that begins on July 1, the regular payment date is September 30.

(e) *Necessary action, sufficient funding by institution.* Each insured depository institution shall take all actions necessary to allow the Corporation to debit assessments from the insured depository institution's designated deposit account. Each insured depository institution shall, prior to each payment date indicated in paragraphs (c)(2), (c)(3)(i), and (d)(2) of this section, ensure that funds in an amount at least equal to the invoiced amount (or twice the invoiced amount if the insured depository institution has elected the doubled-payment option pursuant to paragraph (j) of this section) are available in the designated account for direct debit by the Corporation. Failure to take any such action or to provide such funding of the account shall be deemed to constitute nonpayment of the assessment.

(f) *Business days.* If a payment date specified in paragraph (c)(2)(i) falls on a date that is not a business day, the applicable date shall be the following

business day. If a payment date specified in paragraph (c)(1), (c)(2)(ii), (c)(3)(i), or (d)(2) of this section falls on a date that is not a business day, the applicable date shall be the previous business day.

(g) *Payment adjustments in succeeding quarters.* The quarterly assessment invoices provided by the Corporation may reflect adjustments, initiated by the Corporation or an institution, resulting from such factors as amendments to prior quarterly reports of condition, retroactive revision of the institution's assessment risk classification, and revision of the Corporation's assessment computations for prior quarters.

(h) *Request for revision of computation of quarterly assessment payment—(1) In general.* An institution may submit a request for revision of the computation of the institution's quarterly assessment payment as shown on the quarterly invoice. Such revision may be requested in the following circumstances:

(i) The institution disagrees with the computation of the assessment base as stated on the invoice;

(ii) The institution determines that the rate multiplier applied by the Corporation is inconsistent with the assessment risk classification assigned to the institution in writing by the Corporation for the semiannual period for which the payment is due; or

(iii) The institution believes that the invoice does not fully or accurately reflect adjustments provided for in paragraph (g) of this section.

(2) *Inapplicability.* This paragraph (h) is not applicable to requests for review of an institution's assessment risk classification, which are covered by § 327.4(d).

(3) *Requirements.* Any such request for revision must be submitted within 60 days of the date of the quarterly assessment invoice for which revision is requested, except that requests for revision resulting from detection by the institution of an error or omission for which the institution files an amendment to its quarterly report of condition must be submitted within 60 days of the filing date of the amendment to the quarterly report of condition. The request for revision shall be submitted

to the Chief of the Assessment Operations Section and shall provide documentation sufficient to support the revision sought by the institution. If additional information is requested by the Corporation, such information shall be provided by the institution within 21 days of the date of the Corporation's request for additional information. Any institution submitting a timely request for revision will receive written response from the Corporation's Chief Financial Officer (or his or her designee) within 60 days of receipt by the Corporation of the request for revision or, if additional information has been requested by the Corporation, within 60 days of receipt of the additional information. Whenever feasible, the response will notify the institution of the determination of the Chief Financial Officer (or designee) as to whether the requested revision is warranted. In all instances in which a timely request for revision is submitted, the Chief Financial Officer (or designee) will make a determination on the request as promptly as possible and notify the institution in writing of the determination.

(i) *Assessment notice not received.* Any institution that has not received an assessment invoice for any quarterly payment by the fifteenth day of the month in which the quarterly payment is due shall promptly notify the Corporation. Failure to provide prompt notice to the Corporation shall not affect the institution's obligation to make full and timely assessment payment. Unless otherwise directed by the Corporation, the institution shall preliminarily pay the amount shown on its assessment invoice for the preceding quarter, subject to subsequent correction.

(j) *Doubled-payment option—(1) Election.* In the case of a quarterly payment to be made on March 30, on June 30, on September 30, or on the alternate payment date, an insured depository institution may elect to pay twice the amount of such quarterly payment.

(2) *Certification.* (i) In order to elect the doubled-payment option with respect to a selected payment date, an institution must so certify in writing to the Corporation in advance. In order

for the election to be effective, the Corporation must receive the certification by the following dates: in the case of a quarterly payment to be made on March 30, June 30, or September 30, the Corporation must receive the certification no later than the prior February 1, May 1, or August 1, respectively; in the case of a quarterly payment to be made on the alternate payment date, the Corporation must receive the certification by the prior November 1.

(ii) The certification shall be made on a pre-printed form provided by the Corporation. The form shall be signed by the institution's chief financial officer or such other officer as the institution's board of directors may designate for that purpose. The form shall be sent to the attention of the Chief of the Assessment Operations Section of the Corporation's Division of Finance. An institution may obtain the form from the Corporation's Division of Finance.

(iii) The election shall be effective with respect to the selected quarterly payment for the year specified in the certification and with respect to subsequent quarterly payments made on the selected payment date in subsequent years, until the election is terminated.

(3) *Termination.* (i) An insured depository institution may terminate its election of the doubled-payment option for a selected payment date by so certifying in writing to the Corporation in advance. In order for the termination to be effective, the Corporation must receive the termination certification by the following dates: In the case of a quarterly payment to be made on March 30, June 30, or September 30, the Corporation must receive the termination certification no later than the prior February 1, May 1, or August 1, respectively; in the case of a quarterly payment to be made on the alternate payment date, the Corporation must receive the termination certification by the prior November 1.

(ii) The termination certification shall be made on a pre-printed form provided by the Corporation. The form shall be signed by the institution's chief financial officer or such other officer as the institution's board of directors may designate for that purpose. The form shall be sent to the attention of the Chief of the Assessment Oper-

ations Section of the Corporation's Division of Finance. An institution may obtain the form from the Corporation's Division of Finance.

(iii) The termination shall be permanent, except that an institution that has terminated its election of the doubled-payment option for a selected payment date may make a new election.

(4) *Manner of payment.* If an insured depository institution elects the doubled-payment option for a selected payment date, the Corporation will cause an amount equal to twice the amount stated in the applicable invoice to be directly debited on the selected payment date from the deposit account designated by the insured depository institution for that purpose.

[59 FR 67161, Dec. 29, 1994, as amended at 60 FR 50407, Sept. 29, 1995; 61 FR 67696, Dec. 24, 1996; 64 FR 70181, Dec. 16, 1999]

#### § 327.4 Annual assessment rate.

(a) *Assessment risk classification.* For the purpose of determining the annual assessment rate for insured depository institutions under § 327.9, each insured depository institution will be assigned an "assessment risk classification". Notice of the assessment risk classification applicable to a particular semiannual period will be provided to the institution with the first-quarterly invoice provided pursuant to § 327.3(c)(1). Each institution's assessment risk classification, which will be composed of a group and a subgroup assignment, will be based on the following capital and supervisory factors:

(1) *Capital factors.* Institutions will be assigned to one of the following three capital groups on the basis of data reported in the institution's Consolidated Reports of Condition and Income, Report of Assets and Liabilities of U.S. Branches and Agencies of Foreign Banks, or Thrift Financial Report dated as of March 31 for the assessment period beginning the following July and as of September 30 for the assessment period beginning the following January 1.

(i) *Well capitalized.* For assessment risk classification purposes, the short-form designation for this group is "1".

(A) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(1)(i)(B) of this section, this group consists of institutions satisfying each

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of the following capital ratio standards: Total risk-based ratio, 10.0 percent or greater; Tier 1 risk-based ratio, 6.0 percent or greater; and Tier 1 leverage ratio, 5.0 or greater. New insured depository institutions coming into existence after the report date specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section will be included in this group for the first semiannual period for which they are required to pay assessments. For the purpose of computing the ratios referred to in this paragraph (a)(1)(i)(A) for the second semiannual period of 1997, each such ratio shall be computed for an institution as if the institution had retained the funds that the institution disbursed in payment of the special assessment prescribed by § 329.41(a).

(B) For purposes of assessment risk classification, an insured branch of a foreign bank will be deemed to be "well capitalized" if the insured branch:

(1) Maintains the pledge of assets required under § 347.210 of this chapter; and

(2) Maintains the eligible assets prescribed under § 347.211 of this chapter at 108 percent or more of the average book value of the insured branch's third-party liabilities for the quarter ending on the report date specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section.

(i) *Adequately capitalized.* For assessment risk classification purposes, the short-form designation for this group is "2".

(A) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(B) of this section, this group consists of institutions that do not satisfy the standards of "well capitalized" under this paragraph but which satisfy each of the following capital ratio standards: Total risk-based ratio, 8.0 percent or greater; Tier 1 risk-based ratio, 4.0 percent or greater; and Tier 1 leverage ratio, 4.0 percent or greater. For the purpose of computing the ratios referred to in this paragraph (a)(1)(ii)(A) for the second semiannual period of 1997, each such ratio shall be computed for an institution as if the institution had retained the funds that the institution disbursed in payment of the special assessment prescribed by § 327.41(a).

(B) For purposes of assessment risk classification, an insured branch of a

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foreign bank will be deemed to be "adequately capitalized" if the insured branch:

(1) Maintains the pledge of assets required under § 347.210 of this chapter; and

(2) Maintains the eligible assets prescribed under § 347.211 of this chapter at 106 percent or more of the average book value of the insured branch's third-party liabilities for the quarter ending on the report date specified in paragraph (a)(1) of this section; and

(3) Does not meet the definition of a well capitalized insured branch of a foreign bank.

(iii) *Undercapitalized.* For assessment risk classification purposes, the short-form designation for this group is "3". This group consists of institutions that do not qualify as either "well capitalized" or "adequately capitalized" under paragraphs (a)(1) (i) and (ii) of this section.

(2) *Supervisory risk factors.* Within its capital group, each institution will be assigned to one of three subgroups based on the Corporation's consideration of supervisory evaluations provided by the institution's primary federal regulator. The supervisory evaluations include the results of examination findings by the primary federal regulator, as well as other information the primary federal regulator determines to be relevant. In addition, the Corporation will take into consideration such other information (such as state examination findings, if appropriate) as it determines to be relevant to the institution's financial condition and the risk posed to the BIF or SAIF. Authority to set dates applicable to the determination of supervisory subgroup assignments is delegated to the Corporation's Director of the Division of Supervision and Consumer Protection (DSC) (or his or her designee). The three supervisory subgroups are:

(i) *Subgroup "A".* This subgroup consists of financially sound institutions with only a few minor weaknesses;

(ii) *Subgroup "B".* This subgroup consists of institutions that demonstrate weaknesses which, if not corrected, could result in significant deterioration of the institution and increased risk of loss to the BIF or SAIF; and

(iii) *Subgroup “C”*. This subgroup consists of institutions that pose a substantial probability of loss to the BIF or SAIF unless effective corrective action is taken.

(b) *Payment of assessment at rate assigned*. Institutions shall make timely payment of assessments based on the assessment risk classification assigned in the notice provided to the institution pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section. Timely payment is required notwithstanding any request for review filed pursuant to paragraph (d) of this section. An institution for which the assessment risk classification cannot be determined prior to an invoice date specified in §327.3(c)(1) or (d)(1) shall preliminarily pay on that invoice at the assessment rate applicable to the classification designated “2A” in the appropriate rate schedule set forth in §327.9. If such institution is subsequently assigned for that semiannual period an assessment risk classification other than that designated as “2A”, or if the classification assigned to an institution in the notice is subsequently changed, any excess assessment paid by the institution will be credited by the Corporation, with interest, and any additional assessment owed shall be paid by the institution, with interest, in the next quarterly assessment payment after such subsequent assignment or change. Interest payable under this paragraph shall be determined in accordance with §327.7.

(c) *Classification for certain types of institutions*. The annual assessment rate applicable to institutions that are bridge banks under 12 U.S.C. 1821(n) and to institutions for which the Corporation has been appointed or serves as conservator shall in all cases be the rate applicable to the classification designated as “2A” in the appropriate assessment schedule prescribed pursuant to §327.9.

(d) *Requests for review*. An institution may submit a written request for review of its assessment risk classification. Any such request must be submitted within 90 days of the date of the assessment risk classification notice provided by the Corporation pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section. The request shall be submitted to the Corporation’s Director of the Division of

Insurance and Research in Washington, D.C., and shall include documentation sufficient to support the reclassification sought by the institution. If additional information is requested by the Corporation, such information shall be provided by the institution within 21 days of the date of the request for additional information. Any institution submitting a timely request for review will receive written notice from the Corporation regarding the outcome of its request. Upon completion of a review, the Director of the Division of Insurance and Research (or designee) or the Director of the Division of Supervision and Consumer Protection (DSC) (or designee), as appropriate, shall promptly notify the institution in writing of his or her determination of whether reclassification is warranted. Notice of the procedures applicable to reviews will be included with the assessment risk classification notice to be provided pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section.

(e) *Disclosure restrictions*. The supervisory subgroup to which an institution is assigned by the Corporation pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section is deemed to be exempt information within the scope of §309.5(g)(8) of this chapter and, accordingly, is governed by the disclosure restrictions set out at §309.6 of this chapter.

(f) *Limited use of assessment risk classification*. The assignment of a particular assessment risk classification to a depository institution under this part 327 is for purposes of implementing and operating a risk-based assessment system. Unless permitted by the Corporation or otherwise required by law, no institution may state in any advertisement or promotional material the assessment risk classification assigned to it pursuant to this part.

(g) *Lifeline accounts*. Notwithstanding any other provision of this part 327, the portion of an institution’s assessment base that is attributable to deposits in lifeline accounts pursuant to the Bank Enterprise Act, 12 U.S.C. 1834, will be assessed at such rate as may be established by the Corporation pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 1834 and section 7(b)(2)(H) of

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the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, as amended, 12 U.S.C. 1817(b)(2)(H).

[59 FR 67162, Dec. 29, 1994, as amended at 61 FR 67696, Dec. 24, 1996; 63 FR 17075, Apr. 8, 1998; 64 FR 70181, Dec. 16, 1999]

**§ 327.5 Assessment base.**

(a) *Computation of assessment base.* Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, the assessment base of an insured depository institution for any date on which the institution is required to file a quarterly report of condition shall be computed by:

(1) Adding—

(i) All demand deposits—

(A) That the institution reported as such in the quarterly report of condition for that date;

(B) That belong to subsidiaries of the institution and were eliminated in consolidation;

(C) That are held in any insured branches of the institution that are located in the territories and possessions of the United States;

(D) That represent any uninvested trust funds required to be separately stated in the quarterly report for that date;

(E) That represent any unposted credits to demand deposits, as determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b)(1) of this section; and

(ii) All time and savings deposits, together with all interest accrued and unpaid thereon—

(A) That the institution reported as such in the quarterly report of condition for that date;

(B) That belong to subsidiaries of the institution and were eliminated in consolidation;

(C) That are held in any insured branches of the institution that are located in the territories and possessions of the United States;

(D) That represent any unposted credits to time and savings deposits, as determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b)(1) of this section; then

(2) Subtracting, in the case of any institution that maintains such records as will readily permit verification of the correctness of its assessment base—

(i) Any unposted debits;

(ii) Any pass-through reserve balances;

(iii) 16 $\frac{2}{3}$  percent of the amount computed by subtracting, from the amount specified in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section, the sum of:

(A) Unposted debits allocated to demand deposits pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (b)(2) of this section; plus

(B) Pass-through reserve balances representing demand deposits;

(iv) 1 percent of the amount computed by subtracting, from the amount specified in paragraph (a)(1)(ii) of this section, the sum of:

(A) Unposted debits allocated to time and savings deposits pursuant to the provisions of paragraph (b)(2) of this section; plus

(B) Pass-through reserve balances representing time and savings deposits;

(v) Liabilities arising from a depository institution investment contract that are not treated as insured deposits under section 11(a)(8) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1821(a)(8)).

(b) *Methods of reporting unposted credits and unposted debits*—(1) *Unposted credits.* Each insured depository institution shall report unposted credits in quarterly reports of condition for addition to the assessment base in the following manner:

(i) If the institution's records show the total actual amount of unposted credits segregated into demand deposits and time and savings deposits, the institution must report the segregated amounts for addition to demand deposits and time and savings deposits, respectively.

(ii) If the institution's records show the total actual amount of unposted credits but do not segregate the amount as stated in paragraph (b)(1)(i) of this section, the institution must report the total actual amount of the unposted credits for addition to time and savings deposits.

(2) *Unposted debits.* Unposted debits may be reported in the same manner as stated in paragraph (b)(1) of this section for deduction from the assessment base, except that unsegregated amounts may be reported for deduction only from demand deposits.

(c) *Newly insured institutions.* In the case of a newly insured institution, the assessment base for the last date for which insured depository institutions are required to file quarterly reports of condition within the semiannual period in which the newly insured institution became an insured institution shall be deemed to be its assessment base for that semiannual period. If the institution has not filed such a report by the due date for such reports from insured depository institutions, it shall promptly provide to the Corporation such information as the Corporation may require to prepare the certified statement form for the institution for the current semiannual period.

[59 FR 67163, Dec. 29, 1994]

**§ 327.6 Terminating transfers; other terminations of insurance.**

(a) *Terminating transfer*—(1) *Assessment base computation.* If a terminating transfer occurs at any time in the second half of a semiannual period, each surviving institution's assessment base (as computed pursuant to § 327.5) for the first half of that semiannual period shall be increased by an amount equal to such institution's pro rata share of the terminating institution's assessment base for such first half.

(2) *Pro rata share.* For purposes of paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the phrase *pro rata share* means a fraction the numerator of which is the deposits assumed by the surviving institution from the terminating institution during the second half of the semiannual period during which the terminating transfer occurs, and the denominator of which is the total deposits of the terminating institution as required to be reported in the quarterly report of condition for the first half of that semiannual period.

(3) *Other assessment-base adjustments.* The Corporation may in its discretion make such adjustments to the assessment base of an institution participating in a terminating transfer, or in a related transaction, as may be necessary properly to reflect the likely amount of the loss presented by the institution to its insurance fund.

(4) *Limitation on aggregate adjustments.* The total amount by which the Corporation may increase the assess-

ment bases of surviving or other institutions under this paragraph (a) shall not exceed, in the aggregate, the terminating institution's assessment base as reported in its quarterly report of condition for the first half of the semiannual period during which the terminating transfer occurs.

(b) *Other terminations.* When the insured status of an institution is terminated, and the deposit liabilities of such institution are not assumed by another insured depository institution—

(1) *Payment of assessments; certified statements.* The terminating depository institution shall continue to file certified statements and pay assessments for the period its deposits are insured. Such terminating institution shall not be required to file further certified statements or to pay further assessments after the depository institution has paid in full its deposit liabilities and the assessment to the Corporation required to be paid for the semiannual period in which its deposit liabilities are paid in full, and after it, under applicable law, has ceased to have authority to transact a banking business and to have existence, except for the purpose of, and to the extent permitted by law for, winding up its affairs.

(2) *Payment of deposits; certification to Corporation.* When the deposit liabilities of the depository institution have been paid in full, the depository institution shall certify to the Corporation that the deposit liabilities have been paid in full and give the date of the final payment. When the depository institution has unclaimed deposits, the certification shall further state the amount of the unclaimed deposits and the disposition made of the funds to be held to meet the claims. For assessment purposes, the following will be considered as payment of the unclaimed deposits:

(i) The transfer of cash funds in an amount sufficient to pay the unclaimed and unpaid deposits to the public official authorized by law to receive the same; or

(ii) If no law provides for the transfer of funds to a public official, the transfer of cash funds or compensatory assets to an insured depository institution in an amount sufficient to pay the

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unclaimed and unpaid deposits in consideration for the assumption of the deposit obligations by the insured depository institution.

(3) *Notice to depositors.* (i) The terminating depository institution shall give sufficient advance notice of the intended transfer to the owners of the unclaimed deposits to enable the depositors to obtain their deposits prior to the transfer. The notice shall be mailed to each depositor and shall be published in a local newspaper of general circulation. The notice shall advise the depositors of the liquidation of the depository institution, request them to call for and accept payment of their deposits, and state the disposition to be made of their deposits if they fail to promptly claim the deposits.

(ii) If the unclaimed and unpaid deposits are disposed of as provided in paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this section, a certified copy of the public official's receipt issued for the funds shall be furnished to the Corporation.

(iii) If the unclaimed and unpaid deposits are disposed of as provided in paragraph (b)(2)(ii) of this section, an affidavit of the publication and of the mailing of the notice to the depositors, together with a copy of the notice and a certified copy of the contract of assumption, shall be furnished to the Corporation.

(4) *Notice to Corporation.* The terminating depository institution shall advise the Corporation of the date on which the authority or right of the depository institution to do a banking business has terminated and the method whereby the termination has been effected (*i.e.*, whether the termination has been effected by the surrender of the charter, the cancellation of its authority or license to do a banking business by the supervisory authority, or otherwise).

(c) *Resumption of insured status before insurance of deposits ceases.* If a depository institution whose insured status has been terminated is permitted by the Corporation to continue or resume its status as an insured depository institution before the insurance of its deposits has ceased, the institution will be deemed, for assessment purposes, to continue as an insured depository in-

stitution and must thereafter furnish certified statements and pay assessments as though its insured status had not been terminated. The procedure for applying for the continuance or resumption of insured status is set forth in § 303.5 of this chapter.

[54 FR 51374, Dec. 15, 1989, as amended at 59 FR 67164, Dec. 29, 1994; 61 FR 64983, Dec. 10, 1996]

### § 327.7 Payment of interest on assessment underpayments and overpayments.

(a) *Payment of interest—(1) Payment by institutions.* Each insured depository institution shall pay interest to the Corporation on any underpayment of the institution's assessment.

(2) *Payment by Corporation.* (i) The Corporation will pay interest on any overpayment by the institution of its assessment.

(ii) When an institution elects the alternate payment date pursuant to § 327.3(c)(3), or otherwise pays an amount due on a regular payment date before that date, the payment of the invoiced amount prior to the regular payment date shall not be regarded as an overpayment of an assessment.

(iii) When an institution elects the doubled-payment option pursuant to § 327.3(j), the payment of any amount in excess of the invoiced amount shall not be regarded as an overpayment of an assessment.

(3) *Accrual of interest.* (i) Interest on an amount owed to or by the Corporation for the underpayment or overpayment of an assessment shall accrue interest at the relevant interest rate.

(ii) Interest on an amount specified in paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section shall begin to accrue on the day following the regular payment date, as provided for in § 327.3(c)(2) and (d)(2), for the amount so overpaid or underpaid, provided, however, that interest shall not begin to accrue on any overpayment until the day following the date such overpayment was received by the Corporation. Interest shall continue to accrue through the date on which the overpayment or underpayment (together with any interest thereon) is discharged.

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(iii) The relevant interest rate shall be redetermined for each quarterly assessment interval. A quarterly assessment interval begins on the day following a regular payment date, as specified in §327.3(c)(2) and (d)(2), and ends on the immediately following regular payment date.

(b) *Rates after the first payment date in 1996.* (1) On and after January 3, 1996, the relevant interest rate for a quarterly assessment interval that includes the month of January, April, July, and October, respectively, is the coupon equivalent yield of the average discount rate set on the 3-month Treasury bill at the last auction held by the United States Treasury Department during the preceding December, March, June, and September, respectively.

(2) The relevant interest rate for a quarterly assessment interval will apply to any amounts overpaid or underpaid on the payment date (whether regular or alternate) immediately prior to the beginning of the quarterly assessment interval. The relevant interest rate will also apply to any amounts owed for previous overpayments or underpayments (including any interest thereon) that remain outstanding, after any adjustments to such overpayments or underpayments have been made thereon, at the end of the regular payment date immediately prior to the beginning of the quarterly assessment interval.

(c) *Rates prior to the first payment date in 1996.* Through January 3, 1996:

(1) The interest rate will be the United States Treasury Department's current value of funds rate which is issued under the Treasury Fiscal Requirements Manual (TFRM rate) and published in the FEDERAL REGISTER;

(2) The interest will be calculated based on the rate issued under the TFRM for each applicable period and compounded annually;

(3) For the initial year, the rate will be applied to the gross amount of the underpayment or overpayment; and

(4) For each additional year or portion thereof, the rate will be applied to the net amount of the underpayment or overpayment after that amount has

been reduced by the assessment credit, if any, for the year.

[54 FR 51374, Dec. 15, 1989, as amended at 57 FR 45286, Oct. 1, 1992; 58 FR 3069, Jan. 7, 1993; 59 FR 67164, Dec. 29, 1994; 60 FR 50409, Sept. 29, 1995]

### § 327.8 Definitions.

For the purposes of this part 327:

(a) *Unposted credits and debits*—(1) *Unposted credit.* The term *unposted credit* means any deposit received in any office of a depository institution for deposit in any other office of the depository institution located in any State of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Marianas Islands, or the Virgin Islands, except those which have been:

(i) Included in the total deposits in the quarterly report of condition; or

(ii) Offset in the quarterly report of condition by an equal amount of cash items in the institution's possession drawn on itself (on the same type of deposits as those offset) and not charged against deposit liabilities at the close of business on the date of the quarterly report of condition.

(2) *Unposted debit.* The term *unposted debit* means a cash item in the reporting institution's possession that is drawn on the institution and immediately chargeable, but not yet charged, against the institution's deposit liabilities at the close of business on the date of the quarterly report of condition. The following items are excluded:

(i) Cash items drawn on other depository institutions,

(ii) Overdrafts and nonsufficient fund (NSF) items,

(iii) Cash items returned unpaid to the last endorser for any reason, and

(iv) Drafts and warrants that are *payable at* or *payable through* the reporting institution for which there is no written authorization on file at the institution or State statute allowing the institution at its discretion to charge the items against the deposit accounts of the drawees.

(3) *Exclusion.* The above terms *unposted credit* and *unposted debit* do not include items which have been reflected in deposit accounts on the general ledger and in the quarterly report

of condition, even though they have not been credited or debited to individual deposit accounts.

(b) *Deposits*—(1) *Deposit*. The term *deposit* has the meaning specified in section 3(I) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act. In particular, the term *deposit* includes any liability—without regard for whether the liability is a liability of an insured bank or of an insured savings association—that is of a kind which, had the liability been a liability of an insured bank immediately prior to the effective date of the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989, would have constituted a deposit in such bank within the meaning of section 3(I) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act as such section 3(I) was then in effect.

(2) *Demand deposits*. The term *demand deposits* refers to deposits specified in § 329.1(b) of this chapter, except that any reference to *bank* in such section shall be deemed to refer to *depository institution*.

(3) *Time and savings deposits*. The term *time and savings deposits* refers to any deposits other than demand deposits.

(4) *Exception*. (i) Deposits accumulated for the payment of personal loans, which represent actual loan payments received by the depository institution from borrowers and accumulated by the depository institution in hypothecated deposit accounts for payment of the loans at maturity, shall not be reported as deposits on the quarterly report of condition. The deposit amounts covered by the exception are to be deducted from the loan amounts for which these deposits have been accumulated and assigned or pledged to effectuate payment.

(ii) Time and savings deposits that are pledged as collateral to secure loans are not *deposits accumulated for the payment of personal loans* and are to be reported in the same manner as if they were not securing a loan.

(c) *Quarterly report of condition*. The term *quarterly report of condition* means a report required to be filed pursuant to section 7(a)(3) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

(d) *Semiannual period*—(1) *In general*. The term *semiannual period* means a period beginning on January 1 of any cal-

endar year and ending on June 30 of the same year, or a period beginning on July 1 of any calendar year and ending on December 31 of the same year.

(2) *Current semiannual period*. The term *current semiannual period* means, with respect to a certified statement or an assessment, the semiannual period within which such certified statement is required to be filed or for which such assessment is required to be paid.

(3) *Prior semiannual period*. The term *prior semiannual period* means, with respect to a certified statement or an assessment, the semiannual period immediately prior to the current semiannual period.

(e) *Newly insured institution*. The term *newly insured institution* means an institution that became an insured depository institution during the semiannual period immediately prior to the period for which the certified statement is required: *Provided*, That the term *newly insured institution* does not include any institution that became an insured depository institution as a result of the operation of section 4(a)(2) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

(f) *BIF; BIF member*—(1) *BIF*. The term *BIF* means the Bank Insurance Fund.

(2) *BIF member*. The term *BIF member* means a depository institution that is a member of the BIF.

(g) *SAIF; SAIF member*—(1) *SAIF*. The term *SAIF* means the Savings Association Insurance Fund.

(2) *SAIF member*. The term *SAIF member* means a depository institution that is a member of the SAIF.

(h) As used in § 327.6(a), the following terms are given the following meanings:

(1) *Surviving institution*. The term *surviving institution* means an insured depository institution that assumes some or all of the deposits of another insured depository institution in a terminating transfer.

(2) *Terminating institution*. The term *terminating institution* means an insured depository institution some or all of the deposits of which are assumed by another insured depository institution in a terminating transfer.

(3) *Terminating transfer*. The term *terminating transfer* means the assumption by one insured depository institution

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of another insured depository institution's liability for deposits, whether by way of merger, consolidation, or other statutory assumption, or pursuant to contract, when the terminating institution goes out of business or transfers all or substantially all its assets and liabilities to other institutions or otherwise ceases to be obliged to pay subsequent assessments by or at the end of the semiannual period during which such assumption of liability for deposits occurs. The term *terminating transfer* does not refer to the assumption of liability for deposits from the estate of a failed institution, or to a transaction in which the FDIC contributes its own resources in order to induce a surviving institution to assume liabilities of a terminating institution.

(i) [Reserved]

(j) *Primary fund.* The *primary fund* of an insured depository institution is the insurance fund of which the institution is a member.

(k) *Secondary fund.* The *secondary fund* of an insured depository institution is the insurance fund that is not the primary fund of the institution.

[54 FR 51374, Dec. 15, 1989, as amended at 59 FR 67164, Dec. 29, 1994; 60 FR 42741, Aug. 16, 1995; 61 FR 64983, Dec. 10, 1996; 61 FR 67696, Dec. 24, 1996; 62 FR 27176, May 19, 1997]

**§ 327.9 Assessment schedules.**

(a) *Base assessment schedules*—(1) *In general.* Subject to § 327.4(c) and subpart B of this part, the base annual assessment rate for an insured depository institution shall be the rate prescribed in the appropriate base assessment schedule set forth in paragraph (a)(2) of this section applicable to the assessment risk classification assigned by the Corporation under § 327.4(a) to that institution. Each base assessment schedule utilizes the group and subgroup designations specified in § 327.4(a). An institution shall pay assessments at the rate specified in the appropriate base assessment schedule except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

(2) *Assessment schedules*—(i) *Base rates for BIF members.* The following base assessment schedule applies with respect to assessments paid to the BIF by BIF members and by other institutions that are required to make payments to

the BIF pursuant to subpart B of this part:

**BIF BASE ASSESSMENT SCHEDULE**

Capital group	Supervisory subgroup		
	A	B	C
1 .....	4	7	21
2 .....	7	14	28
3 .....	14	28	31

(ii) *Base rates for SAIF members.* The following base assessment schedule applies with respect to assessments paid to the SAIF by SAIF members and by other institutions that are required to make payments to the SAIF pursuant to subpart B of this part:

**SAIF BASE ASSESSMENT SCHEDULE**

Capital group	Supervisory subgroup		
	A	B	C
1 .....	4	7	21
2 .....	7	14	28
3 .....	14	28	31

(b) *Adjusted assessment schedules*—(1) *In general.* Except as provided in paragraph (b)(3)(i) of this section, institutions shall pay semiannual assessments at the rates specified in this paragraph (b) whenever such rates have been prescribed by the Board.

(2) *Adjusted rates for BIF members.* The Board has adjusted the BIF Base Assessment Schedule by reducing each rate therein by 4 basis points for the first semiannual period of 1997 and thereafter. Accordingly, the following adjusted assessment schedule applies to BIF members:

**BIF ADJUSTED ASSESSMENT SCHEDULE**

Capital group	Supervisory subgroup		
	A	B	C
1 .....	0	3	17
2 .....	3	10	24
3 .....	10	24	27

(3) *Adjusted rates for SAIF members*—(i) *In general.* The Board has adjusted the SAIF Base Assessment Schedule by reducing each rate therein by 4 basis points for the first semiannual period of 1997 and thereafter. Accordingly, except as provided in paragraph (b)(3)(ii) of this section, the following adjusted

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assessment schedule applies to SAIF members:

SAIF ADJUSTED ASSESSMENT SCHEDULE

Capital group	Supervisory subgroup		
	A	B	C
1 .....	0	3	17
2 .....	3	10	24
3 .....	10	24	27

(ii) *Institutions exempt from the special assessment*—(A) *Rate schedule*. An institution that, pursuant to former § 327.43 (a) or (b) as in effect on November 27, 1996 (See 12 CFR 327.43 as revised January 1, 1997.), was exempt from the special assessment prescribed by 12 U.S.C. 1817 Note shall pay regular semiannual assessments to the SAIF from the first semiannual period of 1996 through the second semiannual period of 1999 according to the schedule of rates specified in former § 327.9(d)(1) as in effect for SAIF members on June 30, 1995 (See 12 CFR 327.9 as revised January 1, 1996.), as follows:

Capital group	Supervisory subgroup		
	A	B	C
1 .....	23	26	29
2 .....	26	29	30
3 .....	29	30	31

(B) *Termination of special rate schedule*. An institution that makes a pro-rata payment of the special assessment shall cease to be subject to paragraph (b)(3)(ii)(A) of this section. The pro-rata payment must be equal to the following product: 16.7 percent of the amount the institution would have owed for the special assessment, multiplied by the number of full semiannual periods remaining between the date of the payment and December 31, 1999.

(c) *Rate adjustments; procedures*—(1) *Semiannual adjustments*. The Board may increase or decrease the BIF Base Assessment Schedule set forth in paragraph (a)(2)(i) of this section or the SAIF Base Assessment Schedule set forth in paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of this section up to a maximum increase of 5 basis points or a fraction thereof or a maximum decrease of 5 basis points or a fraction thereof (after aggregating increases and decreases), as the Board deems necessary to maintain the reserve ratio of an insurance fund at the

designated reserve ratio for that fund. Any such adjustment shall apply uniformly to each rate in the base assessment schedule. In no case may such adjustments result in an assessment rate that is mathematically less than zero or in a rate schedule for an insurance fund that, at any time, is more than 5 basis points above or below the base assessment schedule for that fund, nor may any one such adjustment constitute an increase or decrease of more than 5 basis points. The adjustment for any semiannual period for a fund shall be determined by:

(i) The amount of assessment revenue necessary to maintain the reserve ratio at the designated reserve ratio; and

(ii) The assessment schedule that would generate the amount of revenue in paragraph (c)(1)(i) of this section considering the risk profile of the institutions required to pay assessments to the fund.

(2) *Amount of revenue*. In determining the amount of assessment revenue in paragraph (c)(1)(i) of this section, the Board shall take into consideration the following:

(i) Expected operating expenses of the insurance fund;

(ii) Case resolution expenditures and income of the insurance fund;

(iii) The effect of assessments on the earnings and capital of the institutions paying assessments to the insurance fund; and

(iv) Any other factors the Board may deem appropriate.

(3) *Adjustment procedure*. Any adjustment adopted by the Board pursuant to this paragraph (c) will be adopted by rulemaking. Nevertheless, because the Corporation is generally required by statute to set assessment rates as necessary (and only to the extent necessary) to maintain or attain the target designated reserve ratio, and because the Corporation must do so in the face of constantly changing conditions, and because the purpose of the adjustment procedure is to permit the Corporation to act expeditiously and frequently to maintain or attain the designated reserve ratio in an environment of constant change, but within set parameters not exceeding 5 basis points, without the delays associated

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with full notice-and-comment rulemaking, the Corporation has determined that it is ordinarily impracticable, unnecessary and not in the public interest to follow the procedure for notice and public comment in such a rulemaking, and that accordingly notice and public procedure thereon are not required as provided in 5 U.S.C. 553(b). For the same reasons, the Corporation has determined that the requirement of a 30-day delayed effective date is not required under 5 U.S.C. 553(d). Any adjustment adopted by the Board pursuant to a rulemaking specified in this paragraph (c) will be reflected in an adjusted assessment schedule set forth in paragraph (b)(2) or (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate.

(4) *Announcement.* Except with respect to assessments for the first semiannual period of 1997, the Board shall announce the semiannual assessment schedule and the amount and basis for any adjustment thereto not later than 30 days before the invoice date specified in § 327.3(c) for the first quarter of the semiannual period for which the adjustment shall be effective.

(d) *Refunds or credits of certain assessments.* If the amount paid by an institution for the regular semiannual assessment for the second semiannual period of 1996 exceeds, as a result of the reduction in the rate schedule for a portion of that semiannual period, the amount due from the institution for that semiannual period, the Corporation will refund or credit any such excess payment and will provide interest on the excess payment in accordance with the provisions of § 327.7. Notwithstanding § 327.7(a)(3)(ii), such interest will accrue beginning as of October 1, 1996.

[61 FR 67696, Dec. 24, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 27176, May 19, 1997; 64 FR 70181, Dec. 16, 1999]

### § 327.10 Interpretive rule: Section 7(b)(2)(A)(v).

This interpretive rule explains certain phrases used in section 7(b)(2)(A)(v) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. 1817(b)(2)(A)(v).

(a) An institution classified in supervisory subgroup B or C pursuant to § 327.4(a)(2) exhibits “financial, operational, or compliance weaknesses ranging from moderately severe to un-

satisfactory” within the meaning of such section 7(b)(2)(A)(v).

(b) An institution classified in capital group 2 or 3 pursuant to § 327.4(a)(1) is “not well capitalized” within the meaning of such section 7(b)(2)(A)(v).

[61 FR 67698, Dec. 24, 1996]

## Subpart B—Insured Depository Institutions Participating in Section 5(d)(3) Transactions

### § 327.31 Scope.

(a) *Affected institutions.* This subpart B applies to any insured depository institution that:

(1) Is either a BIF or SAIF member; and

(2) Is the assuming, surviving, or resulting institution in a transaction undertaken pursuant to section 5(d)(3) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.

(b) *Duration.* This subpart B shall cease to apply to an insured depository institution if:

(1) On or after August 9, 1994, the Corporation approves an application by an insured depository institution to treat the transaction described in paragraph (a) of this section as a conversion transaction; and

(2) The insured depository institution pays the amount of any exit and entrance fee assessed by the Corporation with respect to such transaction.

[57 FR 45286, Oct. 1, 1992, as amended at 59 FR 67165, Dec. 29, 1994]

### § 327.32 Computation and payment of assessment.

(a) *Rate of assessment—*(1) *BIF and SAIF member rates.* (i) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2) of this section, and consistent with the provisions of § 327.4, the assessment to be paid by an institution that is subject to this subpart B shall be computed at the rate applicable to institutions that are members of the primary fund of such institution. (ii) Such applicable rate shall be applied to the institution's assessment base less that portion of the assessment base which is equal to the institution's adjusted attributable deposit amount.

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(2) *Rate applicable to the adjusted attributable deposit amount.* Notwithstanding paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section, that portion of the assessment base of any acquiring, assuming, or resulting institution which is equal to the adjusted attributable deposit amount of such institution shall:

(i) Be subject to assessment at the assessment rate applicable to members of the secondary fund of such institution pursuant to subpart A of this part; and

(ii) Not be taken into account in computing the amount of any assessment to be allocated to the primary fund of such institution.

(3) *Adjusted attributable deposit amount.* An insured depository institution's "adjusted attributable deposit amount" for any semiannual period is equal to the sum of:

(i) The amount of any deposits acquired by the institution in connection with the transaction (as determined at the time of such transaction) described in § 327.31(a), but subject to the adjustment specified in paragraph (c) of this section;

(ii) The total of the amounts determined under paragraph (a)(3)(iii) of this section for semiannual periods preceding the semiannual period for which the determination is being made under this section; and

(iii) The amount by which the sum of the amounts described in paragraphs (a)(3)(i) and (a)(3)(ii) of this section would have increased during the preceding semiannual period (other than any semiannual period beginning before the date of such transaction) if such increase occurred at a rate equal to the annual rate of growth of deposits of the acquiring, assuming, or resulting depository institution minus the amount of any deposits acquired through the acquisition, in whole or in part, of another insured depository institution.

(4) *Deposits acquired by the institution.* As used in paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section, the term "deposits acquired by the institution" means all deposits that are held in the institution acquired by such institution on the date of such transaction; provided, that if on or before June 30, 1997, the Corporation has been appointed or serves as

conservator or receiver for the acquired institution, such term:

(i) Does not include any deposit held in the acquired institution on the date of such transaction which the acquired institution has obtained, directly or indirectly, by or through any deposit broker;

(ii) Does not include that part of any remaining deposit held in the acquired institution on the date of such transaction that is in excess of \$80,000; and

(iii) Is limited to 80 per centum of the remaining portion of the aggregate of the deposits specified in paragraph (a)(4)(ii) of this section.

(5) *Deposit broker.* As used in paragraph (a)(4) of this section, the term "deposit broker" has the meaning specified in section 29 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1831f).

(b) *Procedures for computation and payment.* An insured depository institution subject to this subpart B shall follow the payment procedure that is set forth in subpart A of this part.

(c) *Reduction of deposits acquired by certain institutions.* In the case of a transaction occurring on or before March 31, 1995, the amount determined under paragraph (a)(3)(i) of this section shall be reduced by 20 percent for the purpose of computing the adjusted attributable deposit amount for any semiannual period beginning after December 31, 1996, of a BIF member bank that, as of June 30, 1995:

(1) Had an adjusted attributable deposit amount the value of which was less than 50 percent of the amount of its total deposits; or

(2)(i) Had an adjusted attributable deposit amount the value of which was less than 75 percent of the value of its total deposits;

(ii) Had total deposits greater than \$5,000,000,000; and

(iii) Was owned or controlled by a bank holding company that owned or controlled insured depository institutions having an aggregate amount of deposits insured or treated as insured by the BIF greater than the aggregate amount of deposits insured or treated as insured by the SAIF.

[59 FR 67165, Dec. 29, 1994, as amended at 61 FR 53839, Oct. 16, 1996; 61 FR 64983, Dec. 10, 1996]

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### § 327.33 “Acquired” deposits.

This section interprets the phrase “deposits acquired by the institution” as used in § 327.32(a)(3)(i).

(a) *In general*—(1) *Secondary-fund deposits*. The phrase “deposits acquired by the institution” refers to deposits that are insured by the secondary fund of the acquiring institution, and does not include deposits that are insured by the acquiring institution’s primary fund.

(2) *Nominal dollar amount*. Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section, an acquiring institution is deemed to acquire the entire nominal dollar amount of any deposits that the transferring institution holds on the date of the transaction and transfers to the acquiring institution.

(b) *Conduit deposits*—(1) *Defined*. As used in this paragraph (b), the term “conduit deposits” refers to deposits that an acquiring institution has assumed from another institution (original transferor) in the course of a transaction described in § 327.31(a), and that are treated as insured by the secondary fund of the acquiring institution, but which the acquiring institution has been explicitly and specifically ordered by the Corporation, or by the appropriate federal banking agency for the institution, or by the Department of Justice to commit to re-transfer to another insured depository institution (re-transferee institution) as a condition of approval of the transaction. The commitment must be enforceable, and the divestiture must be required to occur and must occur within 6 months after the date of the initial transaction.

(2) *Treatment with respect to acquiring institution*. Conduit deposits are not considered to be acquired by the acquiring institution within the meaning of § 327.32(a)(3)(i) for the purpose of computing the acquiring institution’s adjusted attributable deposit amount for a current semiannual period that begins after the end of the semiannual period following the semiannual period in which the acquiring institution re-transfers the deposits.

(3) *Treatment with respect to re-transferee institution*. Conduit deposits are treated as insured by the same insurance fund after having been acquired

by the re-transferee institution as when held by the original transferor.

[61 FR 64983, Dec. 10, 1996]

### § 327.34 Application of AADAs.

This section interprets the meaning of the phrase “an insured depository institution’s ‘adjusted attributable deposit amount’ for any semiannual period” as used in the introductory text of § 327.32(a)(3).

(a) *In general*. The phrase “for any semiannual period” refers to the current semiannual period; that is, the period for which the assessment is due, and for which an institution’s adjusted attributable deposit amount (AADA) is computed.

(b) *Quarterly components of AADAs*. An AADA for a current semiannual period consists of 2 quarterly AADA components. The first quarterly AADA component for the current period is determined with respect to the first quarter of the prior semiannual period, and the second quarterly AADA component for the current period is determined with respect to the second quarter of the prior period.

(c) *Application of AADAs*. The value of an AADA that is to be applied to a quarterly assessment base in accordance with § 327.32(a)(2) is the value of the quarterly AADA component for the corresponding quarter.

(d) *Initial AADAs*. If an AADA for a current semiannual period has been generated in a transaction that has occurred in the second calendar quarter of the prior semiannual period, the first quarterly AADA component for the current period is deemed to have a value of zero.

(e) *Transition rule*. Paragraphs (b), (c) and (d) of this section shall apply to any AADA for any semiannual period beginning on or after July 1, 1997.

[61 FR 64984, Dec. 10, 1996]

### § 327.35 Grandfathered AADA elements.

This section explains the meaning of the phrase “total of the amounts determined under paragraph (a)(3)(iii)” in § 327.32(a)(3)(ii). The phrase “total of

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the amounts determined under paragraph (a)(3)(iii)'' refers to the aggregate of the increments of growth determined in accordance with § 327.32(a)(3)(iii). Each such increment is deemed to be computed in accordance with the contemporaneous provisions and interpretations of such section. Accordingly, any increment of growth that is computed with respect to a semiannual period has the value appropriate to the proper calculation of the institution's assessment for the semiannual period immediately following such semiannual period.

[61 FR 64984, Dec. 10, 1996]

### § 327.36 Growth computation.

This section interprets various phrases used in the computation of growth as prescribed in § 327.32(a)(3)(iii).

(a) *Annual rate.* The annual rate of growth of deposits refers to the rate, which may be expressed as an annual percentage rate, of growth of an institution's deposits over any relevant interval. A relevant interval may be less than a year.

(b) *Growth; increase; increases.* Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, references to "growth", "increase", and "increases" may generally include negative values as well as positive ones.

(c) *Growth of deposits.* "Growth of deposits" does not include any decrease in an institution's deposits representing deposits transferred to another insured depository institution, if the transfer occurs on or after July 1, 1996.

(d) *Quarterly determination of growth.* For the purpose of computing assessments for semiannual periods beginning on July 1, 1997, and thereafter, the rate of growth of deposits for a semiannual period, and the amount by which the sum of the amounts specified in § 327.32(a)(3)(i) and (ii) would have grown during a semiannual period, is to be determined by computing such rate of growth and such sum of amounts for each calendar quarter within the semiannual period.

[61 FR 64984, Dec. 10, 1996]

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### § 327.37 Attribution of transferred deposits.

This section explains the attribution of deposits to the BIF and the SAIF when one insured depository institution (acquiring institution) acquires deposits from another insured depository institution (transferring institution). For the purpose of determining whether the assumption of deposits (assumption transaction) constitutes a transaction undertaken pursuant to section 5(d)(3) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1815(d)(3)), and for the purpose of computing the adjusted attributable deposit amounts, if any, of the acquiring and the transferring institutions after the transaction:

(a) *Transferring institution—(1) Transfer of primary-fund deposits.* To the extent that the aggregate volume of deposits that is transferred by a transferring institution in a transaction, or in a related series of transactions, does not exceed the volume of deposits that is insured by its primary fund (primary-fund deposits) immediately prior to the transaction (or, in the case of a related series of transactions, immediately prior to the initial transaction in the series), the transferred deposits shall be deemed to be insured by the institution's primary fund. The primary institution's volume of primary-fund deposits shall be reduced by the aggregate amount so transferred.

(2) *Transfer of secondary-fund deposits.* To the extent that the aggregate volume of deposits that is transferred by the transferring institution in a transaction, or in a related series of transactions, exceeds the volume of deposits that is insured by its primary fund immediately prior to the transaction (or, in the case of a related series of transactions, immediately prior to the initial transaction in the series), the following volume of the deposits so transferred shall be deemed to be insured by the institution's secondary fund (secondary-fund deposits): the aggregate amount of the transferred deposits minus that portion thereof that is equal to the institution's primary-fund deposits. The transferring institution's volume of secondary-fund deposits shall be reduced by the volume of the secondary-fund deposits so transferred.

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(b) *Acquiring institution.* The deposits shall be deemed, upon assumption by the acquiring institution, to be insured by the same fund or funds in the same amount or amounts as the deposits were so insured immediately prior to the transaction.

[61 FR 64984, Dec. 10, 1996]

**PART 328—ADVERTISEMENT OF MEMBERSHIP**

Sec.

328.0 Scope.

328.1 Official signs.

328.2 Mandatory requirements with regard to the official sign and its display by banks.

328.3 Mandatory requirements with regard to the official advertising statement and manner of use by banks.

328.4 Mandatory requirements with regard to the display of the official savings association sign by insured savings associations.

AUTHORITY: 12 U.S.C. 1819; 12 U.S.C. 1828(a), as amended by sec. 221, Pub. L. 101-73, 103 Stat. 183.

**§ 328.0 Scope.**

The regulation contained in this part describes the official signs of the FDIC and prescribes their use by insured depository institutions. It also prescribes the official advertising statement insured banks must include in their advertisements. Insured banks which maintain offices that are not insured in foreign countries are not required to include the advertising statement in advertisements published in foreign countries. For purposes of this part 328, the term *insured bank* includes a foreign bank having an insured branch.

[54 FR 33670, Aug. 16, 1989]

**§ 328.1 Official signs.**

(a) *Official bank sign.* The official sign referred to in this paragraph (*bank sign*) shall be 7" by 3" in size and of the following design:

