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the MCO and PIHP contracts, and to individuals with special health care needs.

- (2) Identify the race, ethnicity, and primary language spoken of each Medicaid enrollee. States must provide this information to the MCO and PIHP for each Medicaid enrollee at the time of enrollment.
- (3) Regularly monitor and evaluate the MCO and PIHP compliance with the standards.
- (c) For MCOs and PIHPs, any national performance measures and levels that may be identified and developed by CMS in consultation with States and other relevant stakeholders.
- (d) Arrangements for annual, external independent reviews of the quality outcomes and timeliness of, and access to, the services covered under each MCO and PIHP contract.
- (e) For MCOs, appropriate use of intermediate sanctions that, at a minimum, meet the requirements of subpart I of this part.
- (f) An information system that supports initial and ongoing operation and review of the State's quality strategy.
- (g) Standards, at least as stringent as those in the following sections of this subpart, for access to care, structure and operations, and quality measurement and improvement.

ACCESS STANDARDS

§ 438.206 Availability of services.

- (a) Basic rule. Each State must ensure that all services covered under the State plan are available and accessible to enrollees of MCOs, PIHPs, and PAHPs.
- (b) *Delivery network*. The State must ensure, through its contracts, that each MCO, and each PIHP and PAHP consistent with the scope of the PIHP's or PAHP's contracted services, meets the following requirements:
- (1) Maintains and monitors a network of appropriate providers that is supported by written agreements and is sufficient to provide adequate access to all services covered under the contract. In establishing and maintaining the network, each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP must consider the following:
- (i) The anticipated Medicaid enrollment.

- (ii) The expected utilization of services, taking into consideration the characteristics and health care needs of specific Medicaid populations represented in the particular MCO, PIHP, and PAHP.
- (iii) The numbers and types (in terms of training, experience, and specialization) of providers required to furnish the contracted Medicaid services.
- (iv) The numbers of network providers who are not accepting new Medicaid patients.
- (v) The geographic location of providers and Medicaid enrollees, considering distance, travel time, the means of transportation ordinarily used by Medicaid enrollees, and whether the location provides physical access for Medicaid enrollees with disabilities.
- (2) Provides female enrollees with direct access to a women's health specialist within the network for covered care necessary to provide women's routine and preventive health care services. This is in addition to the enrollee's designated source of primary care if that source is not a women's health specialist.
- (3) Provides for a second opinion from a qualified health care professional within the network, or arranges for the enrollee to obtain one outside the network, at no cost to the enrollee.
- (4) If the network is unable to provide necessary services, covered under the contract, to a particular enrollee, the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP must adequately and timely cover these services out of network for the enrollee, for as long as the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP is unable to provide them.
- (5) Requires out-of-network providers to coordinate with the MCO or PIHP with respect to payment and ensures that cost to the enrollee is no greater than it would be if the services were furnished within the network.
- (6) Demonstrates that its providers are credentialed as required by §438.214.
- (c) Furnishing of services. The State must ensure that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP contract complies with the requirements of this paragraph.
- (1) *Timely access.* Each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP must do the following:
- (i) Meet and require its providers to meet State standards for timely access

to care and services, taking into account the urgency of the need for services.

- (ii) Ensure that the network providers offer hours of operation that are no less than the hours of operation offered to commercial enrollees or comparable to Medicaid fee-for-service, if the provider serves only Medicaid enrollees.
- (iii) Make services included in the contract available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, when medically necessary.
- (iv) Establish mechanisms to ensure compliance by providers.
- (v) Monitor providers regularly to determine compliance.
- (vi) Take corrective action if there is a failure to comply.
- (2) Cultural considerations. Each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP participates in the State's efforts to promote the delivery of services in a culturally competent manner to all enrollees, including those with limited English proficiency and diverse cultural and ethnic backgrounds.

§ 438.207 Assurances of adequate capacity and services.

- (a) Basic rule. The State must ensure, through its contracts, that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP gives assurances to the State and provides supporting documentation that demonstrates that it has the capacity to serve the expected enrollment in its service area in accordance with the State's standards for access to care under this subpart.
- (b) Nature of supporting documentation. Each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP must submit documentation to the State, in a format specified by the State to demonstrate that it complies with the following requirements:
- (1) Offers an appropriate range of preventive, primary care, and specialty services that is adequate for the anticipated number of enrollees for the service area.
- (2) Maintains a network of providers that is sufficient in number, mix, and geographic distribution to meet the needs of the anticipated number of enrollees in the service area.
- (c) *Timing of documentation.* Each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP must submit the documentation described in para-

- graph (b) of this section as specified by the State, but no less frequently than the following:
- (1) At the time it enters into a contract with the State.
- (2) At any time there has been a significant change (as defined by the State) in the MCO's, PIHP's, or PAHP's operations that would affect adequate capacity and services, including—
- (i) Changes in MCO, PIHP, or PAHP services, benefits, geographic service area or payments; or
- (ii) Enrollment of a new population in the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP.
- (d) State review and certification to CMS. After the State reviews the documentation submitted by the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP, the State must certify to CMS that the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP has complied with the State's requirements for availability of services, as set forth in §438.206.
- (e) CMS' right to inspect documentation. The State must make available to CMS, upon request, all documentation collected by the State from the MCO, PIHP, or PAHP.

§ 438.208 Coordination and continuity of care.

- (a) Basic requirement—(1) General rule. Except as specified in paragraphs (a)(2) and (a)(3) of this section, the State must ensure through its contracts, that each MCO, PIHP, and PAHP complies with the requirements of this section.
- (2) PIHP and PAHP exception. For PIHPs and PAHPs, the State determines, based on the scope of the entity's services, and on the way the State has organized the delivery of managed care services, whether a particular PIHP or PAHP is required to—
- (i) Meet the primary care requirement of paragraph (b)(1) of this section; and
- (ii) Implement mechanisms for identifying, assessing, and producing a treatment plan for an individual with special health care needs, as specified in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (3) Exception for MCOs that serve dually eligible enrollees. (i) For each MCO that serves enrollees who are also enrolled in and receive Medicare benefits from a Medicare+Choice plan, the State determines to what extent the