

Coast Guard, DHS

§ 7.15

- 7.135 Point Sur, CA to Cape Blanco, OR.
- 7.140 Cape Blanco, OR to Cape Flattery, WA.
- 7.145 Strait of Juan de Fuca, Haro Strait and Strait of Georgia, WA.

ALASKA

- 7.150 Canadian (BC) and United States (AK) Borders to Cape Spencer, AK.
- 7.155 Cape Spencer, AK to Cape St. Elias, AK.
- 7.160 Point Whitshed, AK to Aialik Cape, AK.
- 7.165 Kenai Peninsula, AK to Kodiak Island, AK.
- 7.170 Alaska Peninsula, AK to Aleutian Islands, AK.
- 7.175 Alaska Peninsula, AK to Nunivak, AK.
- 7.180 Kotzebue Sound, AK.

AUTHORITY: 14 U.S.C. 633; 33 U.S.C. 151, 1222; Department of Homeland Security Delegation No. 0170.1.

SOURCE: CGD 81-058, 50 FR 25230, June 18, 1985, unless otherwise noted.

GENERAL

§ 7.1 General purpose of boundary lines.

The lines in this part delineate the application of the following U.S. statutes: 33 U.S.C. 152 relating to the length of towing hawsers; 33 U.S.C. 1201 *et seq.*, the Vessel Bridge-to-Bridge Radiotelephone Act; 46 U.S.C. 5102(b)(6), which exempt from load line requirements certain vessels on domestic voyages; 46 U.S.C. 3301(6) requiring the inspection of seagoing barges which are defined in 46 U.S.C. 2101(32); 46 U.S.C. 3301(7) requiring the inspection of seagoing motor vessels which are defined in 46 U.S.C. 2101(33); 46 U.S.C. 3302(d) which exempts from inspection requirements certain vessels under 150 gross tons that operate within the waters of southeastern Alaska and the State of Washington; and 46 U.S.C. 8304, "Implementing the Officers' Competency Certificates Convention, 1936."

[CGD 81-058, 50 FR 25230, June 18, 1985, as amended by CGD 95-028, 62 FR 51195, Sept. 30, 1997; USCG-1998-4442, 63 FR 52188, Sept. 30, 1998]

§ 7.5 Rules for establishing boundary lines.

(a) For application of the Vessel Bridge-to-Bridge Radiotelephone Act, 33 U.S.C. 1201 *et seq.*, the line is 12 nautical miles seaward of the baseline

from which the territorial sea is measured.

(b) Barges of 100 gross tons and over operating on the sheltered waters of British Columbia as defined in the United States-Canada treaty of 1933 (49 Stat. 2685, TS 869) are not required to be inspected as seagoing barges under 46 U.S.C. 3301.

(c) Except as otherwise described in this part, Boundary Lines are lines drawn following the general trend of the seaward, highwater shorelines and lines continuing the general trend of the seaward, highwater shorelines across entrances to small bays, inlets and rivers.

[CGD 81-058, 50 FR 25230, June 18, 1985, as amended by USCG-2001-9044, 68 FR 42602, July 18, 2003]

ATLANTIC COAST

§ 7.10 Eastport, ME to Cape Ann, MA.

(a) A line drawn from the easternmost extremity of Kendall Head to latitude 44°54'45" N. longitude 66°58'30" W.; thence to the range marker located in approximate position latitude 44°51'45" N. longitude 66°59" W.

(b) A line drawn from West Quoddy Head Light to latitude 44°48.5' N. longitude 66°56.4' W. (Sail Rock Lighted Whistle Buoy "1"); thence to latitude 44°37.5' N. longitude 67°09.8' W. (Little River Lighted Whistle Buoy "2LR"); thence to latitude 44°14.5' N. longitude 67°57.2' W. (Frenchman Bay Approach Lighted Whistle Buoy "FB"); thence to Mount Desert Light; thence to Matinicus Rock Light; thence to Monhegan Island Light; thence to latitude 43°31.6' N. longitude 70°05.5' W. (Portland Lighted Horn Buoy "P"); thence to Boon Island Light; thence to latitude 42°37.9' N. longitude 70°31.2' W. (Cape Ann Lighted Whistle Buoy "2").

§ 7.15 Massachusetts Bay, MA.

A line drawn from latitude 42°37.9' N. longitude 70°31.2' W. (Cape Ann Lighted Whistle Buoy "2") to latitude 42°22.7' N. longitude 70°47.0' W. (Boston Lighted Horn Buoy "B"); thence to Race Point Light.