

behalf of the Attorney General and shall be on Form I-775, Visa Waiver Pilot Program Agreement.

(b) *Termination of agreements.* The Commissioner, on behalf of the Attorney General, may terminate any carrier agreement under this part, with 5 days notice to a carrier, for the carrier's failure to meet the terms of such agreement. As a matter of discretion, the Commissioner may notify a carrier of the existence of a basis for termination of a carrier agreement under this part and allow the carrier a period not to exceed 15 days within which the carrier may bring itself into compliance with the terms of the carrier agreement. The agreement shall be subject to cancellation by either party for any reason upon 15 days' written notice to the other party.

[62 FR 10352, Mar. 6, 1997]

§217.7 Electronic data transmission requirement.

(a) *No waivers granted.* An alien who applies for admission under the provisions of the Visa Waiver Program pursuant to section 217 of the Act after arriving via sea or air at a port of entry will not be granted a waiver of the visa requirement of section 212(a)(7)(B)(i)(II) of the Act unless the carrier transporting such an alien is electronically transmitting the data required in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section.

(b)(1) *Passenger arrival data.* Each carrier shall transmit the data elements set forth in paragraph (c) of this section for each passenger transported by the carrier under section 217 of the Act. The information must be transmitted to the Service via the U.S. Customs Data Center, U.S. Customs Service Headquarters, by means of an electronic data interchange system that is approved by the U.S. Customs Service in conjunction with the Service. The Service must receive the information for each passenger no later than 15 minutes after the flight or the vessel has departed from the last foreign port or place.

(2) *Passenger departure data.* Each carrier shall transmit the data elements set forth in paragraph (c) of this section for each passenger departing the United States aboard the carrier after having been admitted under section 217

of the act. The information must be transmitted to the Service via the U.S. Customs Data Center, U.S. Customs Service Headquarters by means of an electronic data interchange system that is approved by the U.S. Customs Service in conjunction with the Service. The Service must receive the information for each passenger no later than 15 minutes before the flight or vessel has departed from the United States. If additional passengers board after the original manifest has been submitted, or if passengers exit after boarding but prior to departure, carriers will also be required to submit amended or updated passenger manifest information electronically to the Service no later than 15 minutes after the flight or vessel has departed from the United States.

(c) *Required passenger and flight or vessel data elements.*

- (1) Last name.
- (2) First name.
- (3) Middle name or middle initial.
- (4) Date of birth.
- (5) Gender or sex (F=Female; M=Male).
- (6) Nationality.
- (7) Document number.
- (8) Country of document issuance.
- (9) Document type (*e.g.*, P=Passport, V=Visa, A=Alien registration card).
- (10) Airline International Air Transport Association (IATA) carrier code or vessel name.
- (11) Airline flight number, or tail number for private or corporate aircraft;
- (12) Date and time of scheduled flight or vessel arrival into the United States.
- (13) Date and time of scheduled flight or vessel departure from the United States.
- (14) Port of arrival.
- (15) Port of departure.
- (16) Contact name and number.
- (17) Traveler status (*e.g.*, P=Passenger, C=Crewmember).

[67 FR 63249, Oct. 11, 2002]

PART 221—ADMISSION OF VISITORS OR STUDENTS

AUTHORITY: 8 U.S.C. 1101, 1103, 1201; 8 CFR part 2.

§ 221.1

8 CFR Ch. I (1–1–05 Edition)

§ 221.1 Admission under bond.

The district director having jurisdiction over the intended place of residence of an alien may accept a bond on behalf of an alien defined in section 101(a)(15)(B) or (F) of the Act prior to the issuance of a visa to the alien or upon receipt of a request directly from a U.S. consular officer or upon presentation by an interested person of a notification from the consular officer requiring such a bond; such a bond also may be accepted by the district director with jurisdiction over the port of entry or preinspection station where inspection of the alien takes place. Upon acceptance of such a bond, the district director shall notify the United States consular officer who requested the bond, giving the date and place of acceptance and amount of the bond. All bonds given as a condition of admission of an alien under section 221(g) of the Act shall be executed on Form I-352. For procedures relating to bond riders, acceptable sureties, cancellation, or breaching of bonds, see § 103.6 of this chapter.

[32 FR 9626, July 4, 1967, as amended at 34 FR 1008, Jan. 23, 1969; 62 FR 10352, Mar. 6, 1997]

PART 223—REENTRY PERMITS, REFUGEE TRAVEL DOCUMENTS, AND ADVANCE PAROLE DOCUMENTS

Sec.

223.1 Purpose of documents.

223.2 Processing.

223.3 Validity and effect on admissibility.

AUTHORITY: 8 U.S.C. 1103, 1181, 1182, 1186a, 1203, 1225, 1226, 1227, 1251; Protocol Relating to the Status of Refugees, November 1, 1968, 19 U.S.T. 6223 (TIAS) 6577; 8 CFR part 2.

SOURCE: 59 FR 1464, Jan. 11, 1994, unless otherwise noted.

§ 223.1 Purpose of documents.

(a) *Reentry permit.* A reentry permit allows a permanent resident to apply for admission to the United States upon return from abroad during the period of the permit's validity without the necessity of obtaining a returning resident visa.

(b) *Refugee travel document.* A refugee travel document is issued pursuant to this part and article 28 of the United Nations Convention of July 29, 1951, for

the purpose of travel. Except as provided in § 223.3(d)(2)(i), a person who holds refugee status pursuant to section 207 of the Act, or asylum status pursuant to section 208 of the Act, must have a refugee travel document to return to the United States after temporary travel abroad unless he or she is in possession of a valid advance parole document.

[59 FR 1464, Jan. 11, 1994, as amended at 62 FR 10352, Mar. 6, 1997]

§ 223.2 Processing.

(a) *General.* An application for a reentry permit, refugee travel document, or advance parole document must be filed on Form I-131, with the fee required in § 103.7 of this chapter and with the initial evidence required on the application form.

(b) *Eligibility*—(1) *Reentry permit.* Except as otherwise provided in this section, an application may be approved if filed by a person who is in the United States at the time of application and is a lawful permanent resident or conditional permanent resident.

(2) *Refugee travel document*—(i) *General.* Except as otherwise provided in this section, an application may be approved if filed by a person who is in the United States at the time of application, and either holds valid refugee status under section 207 of the Act, valid asylum status under section 208 of the Act, or is a permanent resident and received such status as a direct result of his or her asylum or refugee status.

(ii) *Discretionary authority to adjudicate an application from an alien not within the United States.* As a matter of discretion, a district director having jurisdiction over a port-of-entry or a preinspection station where an alien is an applicant for admission, or an overseas district director having jurisdiction over the place where an alien is physically present, may accept and adjudicate an application for a refugee travel document from an alien who previously had been admitted to the United States as a refugee, or who previously had been granted asylum status in the United States, and who had departed from the United States without having applied for such refugee travel document, provided: