Food and Drug Administration, HHS

§ 520.2380c

from 3 hours to 3 days following treatment against ova and larvae passed by sheep (good activity against *Trichostrongylus colubriformis* and *axei*, *Ostertagia* spp., *Bunostomum* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., and *Strongyloides* spp.; less effective against *Haemonchus contortus* and *Oesophagostomum* spp.).

(iii) Limitations. As a single oral dose; do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter; milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food; in severe infections in sheep, treatment should be repeated in 2 to 3 weeks.

(5) Goats. Orally, as a drench.

(i) Amount. 3 grams per 100 pounds of body weight.

(ii) Indications for use. Control of severe infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (genera *Trichostrongylus* spp., *Haemonchus* spp., *Ostertagia* spp., *Cooperia* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., *Bunostomum* spp., *Strongyloides* spp., *Chabertia* spp., and *Oesophagostomum* spp.); also active from 3 hours to 3 days following treatment against ova and larvae passed by sheep (good activity against *T. colubriformis* and *axei*, *Ostertagia* spp., *Bunostomum* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., and *Strongyloides* spp.; less effective against *Haemonchus contortus* and *Oesophagostomum* spp.).

(iii) Limitations. As a single oral dose; do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter; milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food; in severe infections in sheep, treatment should be repeated in 2 to 3 weeks.

(3) Goats. In a bolus.

(i) Amount. 3 grams per 100 pounds of body weight.

(ii) Indications for use. Control of infections of gastrointestinal roundworms in sheep and goats (genera *Trichostrongylus* spp., *Haemonchus* spp., *Ostertagia* spp., *Cooperia* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., *Bunostomum* spp., *Strongyloides* spp., *Chabertia* spp., and *Oesophagostomum* spp.); also active from 3 hours to 3 days following treatment against ova and larvae passed by sheep (good activity against *T. colubriformis* and *axei*, *Ostertagia* spp., *Bunostomum* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., and *Oesophagostomum* spp.).

(iv) Limitations. As a single oral dose; may repeat once in 2 to 3 weeks; do not treat animals within 3 days of slaughter; milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food.

(1) Amount. 5 grams per 100 pounds of body weight.

(a) Indications for use. Control of severe infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (genera *Trichostrongylus* spp., *Haemonchus* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., *Ostertagia* spp., and *Oesophagostomum radiatum*). Control of infections with *Cooperia* spp.

(b) Limitations. As a single oral dose; as a drench or bolus; may repeat once in 2 to 3 weeks; do not treat animals within 3 days of slaughter; milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food.

(2) Sheep and goats. In a bolus.

(i) Amount. 2 grams per 100 pounds of body weight.

(ii) Indications for use. Control of infections of gastrointestinal roundworms in sheep and goats (genera *Trichostrongylus* spp., *Haemonchus* spp., *Ostertagia* spp., *Cooperia* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., *Bunostomum* spp., *Strongyloides* spp., *Chabertia* spp., and *Oesophagostomum* spp.); also active from 3 hours to 3 days following treatment against ova and larvae passed by sheep (good activity against *T. colubriformis* and *axei*, *Ostertagia* spp., *Bunostomum* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., and *Oesophagostomum radiatum*).

(iii) Limitations. As a single oral dose; do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter; milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food; in severe infections in sheep, treatment should be repeated in 2 to 3 weeks.

\[40 \text{ FR } 13838, \text{ Mar. } 27, 1975, \text{ as amended at } 41 \text{ FR } 9149, \text{ Mar. } 3, 1976; 41 \text{ FR } 47424, \text{ Oct. } 29, 1976; 62 \text{ FR } 63271, \text{ Nov. } 28, 1997\]

§ 520.2380c Thiabendazole bolus.

(a) Chemical name. 2-(4-Thiazolyl) benzimidazole.

(b) Specifications. Conforms to N.F. XII.

(c) Sponsor. See No. 050604 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(d) Related tolerances. See §556.730 of this chapter.

(e) Conditions of use. It is used as follows:

(1) Cattle. In a bolus.

(i) Amount. 3 grams per 100 pounds of body weight.

(a) Indications for use. Control of infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (general *Trichostrongylus* spp., *Haemonchus* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., *Ostertagia* spp., and *Oesophagostomum radiatum*).

(b) Limitations. As a single oral dose; may repeat once in 2 to 3 weeks; do not treat animals within 3 days of slaughter; milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food.

(ii) Amount. 5 grams per 100 pounds of body weight.

(a) Indications for use. Control of severe infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (genera *Trichostrongylus* spp., *Haemonchus* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., *Ostertagia* spp., and *Oesophagostomum radiatum*). Control of infections with *Cooperia* spp.

(b) Limitations. As a single oral dose; as a drench or bolus; may repeat once in 2 to 3 weeks; do not treat animals within 3 days of slaughter; milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food.

(2) Sheep and goats. In a bolus.

(i) Amount. 2 grams per 100 pounds of body weight.

(ii) Indications for use. Control of infections of gastrointestinal roundworms in sheep and goats (genera *Trichostrongylus* spp., *Haemonchus* spp., *Ostertagia* spp., *Cooperia* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., *Bunostomum* spp., *Strongyloides* spp., *Chabertia* spp., and *Oesophagostomum* spp.); also active from 3 hours to 3 days following treatment against ova and larvae passed by sheep (good activity against *T. colubriformis* and *axei*, *Ostertagia* spp., *Bunostomum* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., and *Oesophagostomum radiatum*).

(iii) Limitations. As a single oral dose; do not treat animals within 30 days of slaughter; milk taken from treated animals within 96 hours (8 milkings) after the latest treatment must not be used for food; in severe infections in sheep, treatment should be repeated in 2 to 3 weeks.

(3) Goats. In a bolus.

(i) Amount. 3 grams per 100 pounds of body weight.

(ii) Indications for use. Control of severe infections of gastrointestinal roundworms (genera *Trichostrongylus* spp., *Haemonchus* spp., *Ostertagia* spp., *Cooperia* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., *Bunostomum* spp., *Strongyloides* spp., *Chaberia* spp., and *Oesophagostomum* spp.); also active from 3 hours to 3 days following treatment against ova and larvae passed by sheep (good activity against *T. colubriformis* and *axei*, *Ostertagia* spp., *Bunostomum* spp., *Nematodirus* spp., and *Oesophagostomum radiatum*).
§ 520.2380d Thiabendazole, piperazine citrate suspension.

(a) Specifications. Each fluid ounce of suspension contains 2 grams of thiabendazole and 2.5 grams of piperazine (from piperazine citrate).

(b) Sponsor. See No. 050604 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Conditions of use. (1) It is administered to horses by stomach tube or as a drench at the rate of 1 fluid ounce of suspension per 100 pounds of body weight for the control of large strongyles, small strongyles, pinworms, Strongyloides and ascarids (including members of the genera Strongylus spp., Cyathostomum spp., Cylicobrachytus spp. and related genera Craterostomum spp., Oesophagodontus spp., Poteriostomum spp., Strongyloides spp., and Parascaris spp.).

(2) Do not use in horses intended to be used for food purposes.

(3) For use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[40 FR 13838, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 62 FR 63271, Nov. 28, 1997]

§ 520.2380e Thiabendazole with trichlorfon.

(a) Specifications. The drug contains 5 grams of thiabendazole with 4.5 grams of trichlorfon, or 20 grams of thiabendazole with 18 grams of trichlorfon.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 017135 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Conditions of use. (1) Used for the treatment and control of bots (Gasterophilus spp.), large strongyles (Strongylus spp.), small strongyles (genera Cyathostomum, Cylicobrachytus, Craterostomum, Oesophagodontus, Poteriostomum), pinworms (Oxyuris spp., Strongyloides spp.), and ascarids (Parascaris spp.) in horses.

(2) Administer 2 grams of thiabendazole with 1.8 grams of trichlorfon per 100 pounds of body weight sprinkled on the animals’ usual daily ration of feed, or may be mixed in 5 to 10 fluid ounces of water and administered by stomach tube or drench.

(3) Do not re-treat more than once every 30 days, preferably every 6 to 8 weeks.

(4) Do not treat animals if sick or debilitated; less than 4 months of age; or mares in last month of pregnancy.

(5) Do not administer intravenous anesthetics, especially muscle relaxants, within 2 weeks of use.

(6) Not for animals intended for food use.

(7) Do not use within a few days before or after treatment with or exposure to cholinesterase-inhibiting drugs, pesticides, or chemicals.

(8) If the label bears directions for administration of the drug by stomach tube or drench it shall also bear the statement: Caution; Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.


§ 520.2380f Thiabendazole, piperazine phosphate powder.

(a) Specifications. Each ounce of water dispersible powder contains 6.67 grams of thiabendazole and 8.33 grams of piperazine (as piperazine phosphate).

(b) Sponsor. See No. 050604 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. 2 grams of thiabendazole and 2.5 grams of piperazine (0.3 ounce of powder) per 100 pounds of body weight.

(2) Indications for use. Treatment of infections of large strongyles (genus Strongylus), small strongyles (genera Cyathostomum, Cylicobrachytus, and related genera Craterostomum, Oesophagodontus, Poteriostomum), pinworms (Oxyuris), threadworms (Strongyloides), and ascarids (Parascaris) in horses.

(3) Limitations. Use a single oral dose. Administer as a drench or by stomach tube suspended in 1 pint of warm water; by dose syringe suspended in ½ ounce of water for each 100 pounds of body weight; or sprinkled over a small amount of daily feed. Not for animals...