

§ 3.28 Written agreements to repay debt as alternative to administrative offset.

The debtor may, in response to Notice of Intent to Collect by Administrative Offset, propose to the creditor agency a written agreement to repay the debt as an alternative to administrative offset. Any debtor who wishes to do this must submit a written proposal for repayment of the debt, which must be received by the creditor agency within 20 calendar days of the date the notice was delivered to the debtor. In response, the creditor agency must notify the debtor in writing whether the proposed agreement is acceptable. In exercising its discretion, the creditor agency must balance the Government's interest in collecting the debt against fairness to the debtor.

§ 3.29 Hearings and reviews.

(a) A debtor who receives a Notice of Intent to Collect by Administrative Offset may request a hearing or documentary review of the agency's determination that the debt exists and the propriety of administrative offset. Any debtor who wishes to do this must submit a written explanation of why the debtor disagrees and seeks review. The request must be received by the creditor agency within 20 calendar days of the date the notice was delivered to the debtor.

(b) In response, the creditor agency must notify the debtor in writing whether the review will be by documentary review or by hearing. If the debtor requests a hearing, and the creditor agency decides to conduct a documentary review, the agency must notify the debtor of the reason why a hearing will not be granted. The agency must also advise the debtor of the procedures to be used in reviewing the documentary record, or of the date, location and procedures to be used if review is by a hearing.

(c) Unless otherwise arranged by mutual agreement between the debtor and the agency, evidenced in writing, any documentary review or hearing will be conducted not less than 10 calendar days and no more than 45 calendar days after receipt of the request for review.

(d) Unless otherwise arranged by mutual agreement between the debtor and

the agency, evidenced in writing, a documentary review or hearing will be based on agency records plus other relevant documentary evidence which may be submitted by the debtor within 10 calendar days after the request for review is received.

(e)(1) Hearings will be as informal as possible, and will be conducted by a reviewing officer in a fair and expeditious manner. The reviewing officer need not use the formal rules of evidence with regard to the admissibility of evidence or the use of evidence once admitted. However, clearly irrelevant material should not be admitted, whether or not any party objects. Any party to the hearing may offer exhibits, such as copies of financial records, telephone memoranda, or agreements, provided the opposing party is notified at least 5 days before the hearing.

(2) Debtors may represent themselves or may be represented at their own expense by an attorney or other person.

(3) The substance of all significant matters discussed at the hearing must be recorded. No official record or transcript of the hearing need be created, but if a debtor requested that a transcript be made, it will be at the debtor's expense.

(f)(1) Within no more than 30 calendar days after the hearing or the documentary review, the reviewing officer will issue a written decision to the debtor and the agency, including the supporting rationale for the decision. The deadline for issuance of the decision may be extended by the reviewing officer for good cause for no more than 30 calendar days, and beyond the 30 calendar days extension only with the consent of the debtor. The decision need not be lengthy or formal in style, but must address the substantive issues. The decision should address any significant procedural matter which was in dispute before or during the hearing or documentary review.

(2) The reviewing officer's decision constitutes final agency action as to the following issues:

(i) All issues of fact relating to the basis of the debt (including the existence of the debt and the propriety of administrative offset), in cases where

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the debtor previously had not been afforded due process; and

(ii) The existence of the debt and the propriety of administrative offset, in cases where the debtor previously had been afforded due process as to issues of fact relating to the basis of the debt.

(g) The reviewing officer will promptly distribute copies of the decision to the Assistant Secretary for Administration, USDA and to the debtor and the debtor's representative.

[50 FR 7722, Feb. 26, 1985, as amended at 55 FR 38662, Sept. 20, 1990]

§ 3.30 Stay of offset.

(a)(1) Unless otherwise arranged by mutual agreement between the debtor and the agency, evidenced in writing, when an agency receives a debtor's request for inspection of agency records, the offset is stayed for no longer than 10 calendar days beyond the date set by the creditor agency for the record inspection.

(2) When an agency receives a debtor's proposal for a repayment agreement, the offset is stayed until the debtor is notified as to whether the proposed agreement is acceptable.

(3) When a review is conducted, the offset is stayed until the creditor agency issues a final written decision.

(b) When administrative offset is stayed, the amount of the debt and interest will be withheld from payments to the debtor, but not applied against the debt until the stay expires. If withheld funds are later determined not to be subject to offset, they will be promptly refunded to the debtor.

(c) When administrative offset is stayed, the creditor agency will immediately notify an offsetting agency to withhold the payment pending termination of the stay.

[50 FR 7722, Feb. 26, 1985, as amended at 55 FR 38663, Sept. 20, 1990]

§ 3.31 Agency procedures.

(a) Any USDA agency may publish in the FEDERAL REGISTER, by rule or notice, a listing by category of the order in which any funds it holds for or intends to pay to a person may be reached by administrative offset.

(b) For principal debts of \$600 or more, an agency head may direct that

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no compromise be made, or no collection action suspended or terminated without advice from the USDA General Counsel.

§ 3.32 Offset against amounts payable from Civil Service retirement and disability fund.

An agency may request that monies payable to a debtor from the Civil Service Retirement and Disability Fund be administratively offset to collect debts owed to the agency by the debtor. The creditor agency must certify that the debtor owes the debt, the amount of the debt, and that the creditor agency has complied with 4 CFR 102.4 and Office of Personnel Management regulations. The request must be submitted to the official designated in Office of Personnel Management regulations.

[50 FR 7722, Feb. 26, 1985, as amended at 55 FR 38663, Sept. 20, 1990]

§ 3.33 Offset of debtor's judgment against the United States.

Collection by offset against a judgment obtained by a debtor against the United States must be effected in accordance with 31 U.S.C. 3728.

§ 3.34 Interest, penalties and administrative costs.

(a) USDA creditor agencies must attempt to collect interest, penalties and administrative costs on any delinquent debts owed to the United States in accordance with 4 CFR 102.13 and 102.14, or according to written documentation constituting the basis of the debt, or under any guidelines issued by the Assistant Secretary for Administration or by the creditor agency's fiscal officer.

(1) Interest will not be assessed on interest, penalties or administrative costs. However, if a debtor defaults on a repayment agreement, interest which has accrued but was not collected under the defaulted agreement will be added to the principal to be paid under a new repayment agreement.

(2) Agencies will assess a penalty of six percent a year on any unpaid debt balance delinquent for more than 90 days. This charge accrues from the date the debt becomes delinquent.