(2) Such requests shall be in writing and supported by documentation that the requested action is justified by:
(i) Reversal of the conviction or civil judgment upon which the suspension and/or exclusion was based;
(ii) Newly discovered material evidence;
(iii) Bona fide change in ownership or management;
(iv) Elimination of other causes for which the suspension and/or exclusion was imposed; or
(v) Other reasons the FDIC Ethics Counselor deems appropriate.
(3) A request for reconsideration based on the reversal of the conviction or civil judgment may be filed at any time.
(4) Requests for reconsideration based on other grounds may only be filed during the period commencing 60 days after the Ethics Counselor's decision imposing the suspension and/or exclusion. Only one such request may be filed in any twelve month period.
(5) The Ethics Counselor's decision on a request for reconsideration is subject to the review procedure set forth in paragraph (a) of this section.

PART 368—GOVERNMENT SECURITIES SALES PRACTICES

§ 368.1 Scope.
This part is applicable to state non-member banks and insured state branches of foreign banks that have filed notice as, or are required to file notice as, government securities brokers or dealers pursuant to section 15C of the Securities Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. 78o–5) and Department of the Treasury rules under section 15C (17 CFR 400.1(d) and part 401).

§ 368.2 Definitions.
(a) Bank that is a government securities broker or dealer means a state non-member bank or an insured state branch of a foreign bank that has filed notice, or is required to file notice, as a government securities broker or dealer pursuant to section 15C of the Securities Exchange Act (15 U.S.C. 78o–5) and Department of the Treasury rules under section 15C (17 CFR 400.1(d) and part 401).
(b) Customer does not include a broker or dealer or a government securities broker or dealer.
(c) Government security has the same meaning as this term has in section 3(a)(42) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c(a)(42)).
(d) Non-institutional customer means any customer other than:
(1) A bank, savings association, insurance company, or registered investment company;
(2) An investment adviser registered under section 203 of the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b–3); or
(3) Any entity (whether a natural person, corporation, partnership, trust, or otherwise) with total assets of at least $50 million.

§ 368.3 Business conduct.
A bank that is a government securities broker or dealer shall observe high standards of commercial honor and just and equitable principles of trade in the conduct of its business as a government securities broker or dealer.

§ 368.4 Recommendations to customers.
In recommending to a customer the purchase, sale or exchange of a government security, a bank that is a government securities broker or dealer shall have reasonable grounds for believing that the recommendation is suitable for the customer upon the basis of the facts, if any, disclosed by the customer as to the customer's other security holdings and as to the customer's financial situation and needs.

§ 368.5 Customer information.
Prior to the execution of a transaction recommended to a non-institutional customer, a bank that is a government securities broker or dealer