§ 370.8

An entity’s Risk Category is determined in accordance with the FDIC’s risk-based premium system described in 12 CFR Part 327. The amount of the fee for each such entity is equal to the annualized, TAG assessment rate for the entity multiplied by the amount of the deposits held in noninterest-bearing transaction accounts (as defined in §370.2(h) and including any amounts swept from a noninterest bearing transaction account into an non-interest bearing savings deposit account as provided in §370.4(c)) that exceed the existing deposit insurance limit of $250,000, as reported on the entity’s most recent quarterly Call Report. The annualized TAG assessment rates are as follows:

(i) 15 basis points, for the portion of each quarter in which the entity is assigned to Risk Category I;
(ii) 20 basis points, for the portion of each quarter in which the entity is assigned to Risk Category II; and
(iii) 25 basis points, for the portion of each quarter in which the entity is assigned to either Risk Category III or Risk Category IV.

(3) The assessments provided in this paragraph (c) shall be in addition to an institution’s risk-based assessment imposed under Part 327.

(d) Collection of assessment. Assessments for the transaction account guarantee program shall be collected along with a participating entity’s quarterly deposit insurance payment as provided in §327.3, and subject to penalties for failure to timely pay assessments as referenced in §308.132(c)(3)(v).


§ 370.9

Systemic risk emergency special assessment to recover loss.

To the extent that the assessments provided under §370.6 or §370.7, other than the surcharges provided in §370.6(h), are insufficient to cover any loss or expenses arising from the temporary liquidity guarantee program, the Corporation shall impose an emergency special assessment on insured depository institutions as provided under 12 U.S.C. 1823(c)(4)(G)(ii) of the FDI Act.

[74 FR 12085, Mar. 23, 2009]

§ 370.10

Oversight.

(a) Participating entities are subject to the FDIC’s oversight regarding compliance with the terms of the temporary liquidity guarantee program.

(b) A participating entity’s default in the payment of any debt may be considered an unsafe or unsound practice and may result in enforcement action as described in §370.11.

(c) In general, with respect to a participating entity that is an insured depository institution, the FDIC shall consider the existence of conditions which rise to an obligation to pay on its guarantee as providing grounds for the appointment of the FDIC as conservator or receiver under Section 11(c)(5)(C) and (F) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, 12 U.S.C. 1821(c)(5)(C) and (F).

(d) By issuing guaranteed debt, all participating entities agree, for the duration of the temporary liquidity guarantee program, to be subject to the FDIC’s authority to determine compliance with the provisions and requirements of the program.