§ 2.18

issues, which shall include their prima facie case, unless filed previously.

- (e) The burden of proof (i.e. the risk of nonpersuasion) to rebut the allegations of price squeeze and to justify the proposed rates are on the utility proposing the rates under section 205(e) of the Federal Power Act.
- (f) In proceedings where price squeeze is an issue, the Secretary shall include the state commission, agency or body which is responsible for regulation of retail rates in the state affected in the service list maintained under § 385.2010(c) of this chapter.

[Order 563, 42 FR 16132, Mar. 25, 1977, as amended by Order 225, 47 FR 19054, May 3, 1982]

§ 2.18 Phased electric rate increase filings.

- (a) In general, when a public utility files a phased rate increase, the Commission will determine the appropriate suspension period based on the total increase requested in all phases. If a utility files a rate increase within sixty days after filing another rate increase, the Commission will consider the filings together to be a phased rate increase request.
- (b) This policy will not be applied if the increase is phased:
- (1) To coordinate with new facilities coming on line;
- (2) To implement a rate moderation plan:
- (3) To avoid price squeeze;
- (4) To comply with a settlement approved by the Commission; or
- (5) If the utility makes a convincing showing that application of the policy would be harsh and inequitable and that, therefore, good cause has been shown not to apply the policy in the case.

[52 FR 11, Jan. 11, 1987]

§ 2.19 State and Federal comprehensive plans.

(a) In determining whether the proposed hydroelectric project is best adapted to a comprehensive plan under section (10)(a)(1) of the Federal Power Act for improving or developing a waterway, the Commission will consider the extent to which the project is consistent with a comprehensive plan (where one exists) for improving, devel-

oping, or conserving a waterway or waterways affected by the project that is prepared by:

- (1) An agency established pursuant to Federal law that has the authority to prepare such a plan, or
- (2) A state agency, of the state in which the facility is or will be located, authorized to conduct such planning pursuant to state law.
- (b) The Commission will treat as a state or Federal comprehensive plan a plan that:
- (1) Is a comprehensive study of one or more of the beneficial uses of a waterway or waterways;
- (2) Includes a description of the standards applied, the data relied upon, and the methodology used in preparing the plan; and
- (3) Is filed with the Secretary of the Commission.

[Order 481-A, 53 FR 15804, May 4, 1988]

§2.20 Good faith requests for transmission services and good faith responses by transmitting utilities.

- (a) General Policy. (1) This Statement of Policy is adopted in furtherance of the goals of sections 211(a) and 213(a) of the Federal Power Act, as amended and added by the Energy Policy Act of 1992.
- (2) Under section 211(a), the Commission may issue an order requiring a transmitting utility to provide transmission services (including any enlargement of transmission capacity necessary to provide such services) only if an applicant has made a request for transmission services to the transmitting utility that would be the subject of such order at least 60 days prior to its filing of an application for such order. The requirement in section 211(a) that an applicant make such a request will be met if such an applicant has, pursuant to section 213(a) of the FPA, made a good faith request to a transmitting utility to provide wholesale transmission services and requests specific rates and charges, and other terms and conditions.
- (3) It is the Commission's intention to apply the standards of this Statement of Policy when determining whether and when a valid "good faith" request for service was made.