(see §141.11 of this chapter). When a release order is required, it will be made on any of the forms specified in §141.111 of this chapter, or by the following statement attached to CBP Form 214:

Authority is hereby given to release the merchandise described in this application to

Name of Carrier		
Signature and ti	itle of carrier	

- A blanket or qualified release order may be authorized for the transfer of merchandise to a zone as provided for in §141.111 of this chapter.
- (4) Application to unlade. For merchandise unladen in the zone directly from the importing carrier, the application on CBP Form 214 will be supported by an application to unlade on Customs Form 3171.
- (5) Other documentation. The port director may require additional information or documentation as needed to conduct an examination of merchandise under Customs selective entry processing criteria, or to determine whether the merchandise is admissible to the zone
- (c) Conditions for issuance of a permit. The port director will issue a permit for admission of merchandise to a zone when:
- (1) The application is properly executed and includes the zone status desired for the merchandise, as provided in subpart D of this part;
- (2) The operator's approval appears either on the application or in a separate specific or blanket approval;
- (3) The merchandise is retained for examination at the place of unlading, the zone, or other location designated by the port director, except for merchandise for direct delivery to a zone under §§146.39 and 146.40. The merchandise may be examined as if it were to be entered for consumption or warehouse; and
- (4) All requirements have been fulfilled.
- (d) Blanket application for admission of merchandise. Merchandise may be admitted to a zone under blanket application upon presentation of a CBP Form 214 covering more than one shipment of

merchandise. A blanket application for admission is for:

- (1) Shipments which arrive under one transportation entry as described in §141.55 of this chapter, or
- (2) Shipments which are destined to the same zone applicant on a single business day, in which case the applicant shall:
- (i) Present the examination invoices required by paragraph (b) of this section to the port director before the merchadise is admitted into the zone,
- (ii) Have been approved for the direct transmittal of statistical trade information to the Bureau of Census under an agreement with that agency; and
- (iii) Have examination invoices containing a unique identifier to trace the shipment to the manifest of the carrier that brought the merchandise to the port having jurisdiction over the zone, as well as to the inventory control and recordkeeping system of the operator as described in subpart B.

[T.D. 86–16, 51 FR 5049, Feb. 11, 1986, as amended by CBP Dec. 08–46, 73 FR 71782, Nov. 25, 2008]

# § 146.33 Temporary deposit for manipulation.

Imported merchandise for which an entry has been made and which has remained in continuous Customs custody may be brought temporarily to a zone for manipulation and return to Customs territory under Customs supervision, pursuant to section 562, Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1562), and §19.11 of this chapter. That merchandise will not be considered within the purview of the Act but will be treated as though remaining in Customs territory. No zone form or procedure will be considered applicable, but the merchandise will remain subject to any requirements necessary for the enforcement of section 562 and other Customs laws while in the zone.

# § 146.34 Merchandise transiting a zone.

The following procedure is applicable when merchandise is to be unladen from any carrier in the zone for immediate transfer to Customs territory, or if it is to be transferred from Customs territory through the zone for immediate lading on any carrier in the zone:

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- (a) Application. Application for permission to lade or unlade will be filed with the port director on Customs Form 3171 prior to transfer of the merchandise into the zone.
- (b) *Permit*. The port director shall permit the transfer unless he has reason to believe that the merchandise will not be moved promptly from the zone or will be made the subject of an application for admission in accordance with §146.32(a).
- (c) Treatment of merchandise. Upon the issuance of a permit to lade, or unlade, the merchandise will be treated as though the lading or unlading were in the Customs territory.
- (d) Delay in zone transit. Merchandise delayed while transiting a zone must be made the subject of an application for admission in accordance with \$146.32, or it must be removed from the zone.

### § 146.35 Temporary deposit in a zone; incomplete documentation.

- (a) General. Temporary deposit of merchandise in a zone is allowed in circumstances where the information or documentation necessary to complete the Customs Form 214 is not available at the time of arrival of merchandise within the jurisdiction of the port. The merchandise will be subject to examination as provided in §146.36.
- (b) Application. An application for temporary deposit will be made to the port director on a properly signed and uniquely numbered Customs Form 214, annotated clearly "Temporary Deposit in a Zone".
- (c) *Conditions*. Merchandise temporarily deposited under the provisions of this section has no zone status and is considered to be in the Customs territory. It will:
- (1) Be physically segregated from all other zone merchandise;
- (2) Be held under the bond and at the risk of the operator; and
- (3) Be manipulated only to the extent necessary to obtain sufficient information about the merchandise to file the appropriate admission or entry documentation.
- (d) Approval. The port director shall approve the application for temporary deposit of merchandise in a zone if the

provisions of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section are met.

(e) Submission of Customs Form 214. A complete and accurate Customs Form 214 will be submitted, as provided in §146.32, within 5 working days plus any extension granted by the port director, or the merchandise shall be placed in general order.

#### § 146.36 Examination of merchandise.

Except for direct delivery procedures provided for in §146.39, all merchandise covered by a Customs Form 214 may be retained for Customs examination at the place of unlading, the zone, or another location, as designated by the port director. The port director may authorize release of the merchandise without examination, as provided in §151.2 of this chapter. If a physical examination is conducted, the Customs officer shall note the results of the examination on the examination invoices

#### § 146.37 Operator admission responsibilities.

- (a) Maintenance of admission documentation. The operator shall maintain oithor:
- (1) Lot file. The operator shall open and maintain a lot file containing a copy of the Customs Form 214, the examination invoice, and all other documentation necessary to account for the merchandise covered by each Customs Form 214. The lot file will be maintained in sequential order by using the unique number assigned to each Customs Form 214 as the file reference number; or
- (2) Authorized inventory method. Where a Customs authorized inventory method other than a lot system (specific identification of merchandise) is used, e.g., First-In-First-Out (FIFO), no lot file is required but the operator shall maintain a file of all Customs Form's 214 in sequential order.
- (b) Examination invoice. The operator shall give a copy of the examination invoice to the person making entry to transfer the merchandise from the zone upon request of that person or the port director.
- (c) Liability for merchandise. The operator will be held liable under its bond