#### United States International Trade Commission

Pt. 210, App. A

under this section or as soon as possible thereafter, in order to give the alleged violator and other interested parties a full opportunity to present information and views regarding the continuation, modification, or revocation of Commission action taken under this section.

# §210.78 Notice of enforcement action to Government agencies.

(a) *Consultation*. The Commission may consult with or seek information from any Government agency when taking any action under this subpart.

(b) Notification of Treasury. The Commission shall notify the Secretary of the Treasury of any action under this subpart that results in a permanent or temporary exclusion of articles from entry, or the revocation of an order to such effect, or the issuance of an order compelling seizure and forfeiture of imported articles.

#### §210.79 Advisory opinions.

(a) Advisory opinions. Upon request of any person, the Commission may, upon such investigation as it deems necessary, issue an advisory opinion as to whether any person's proposed course of action or conduct would violate a Commission exclusion order, cease and desist order, or consent order. The Commission will consider whether the issuance of such an advisory opinion would facilitate the enforcement of section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, would be in the public interest, and would benefit consumers and competitive conditions in the United States, and whether the person has a compelling business need for the advice and has framed his request as fully and accurately as possible. Advisory opinion proceedings are not subject to sections 554, 555, 556, 557, and 702 of title 5 of the United States Code.

(b) Revocation. The Commission may at any time reconsider any advice given under this section and, where the public interest requires, revoke its prior advice. In such event the person will be given notice of the Commission's intent to revoke as well as an opportunity to submit its views to the Commission. The Commission will not proceed against a person for violation of an exclusion order, cease and desist order, or consent order with respect to any action that was taken in good faith reliance upon the Commission's advice under this section, if all relevant facts were accurately presented to the Commission and such action was promptly discontinued upon notification of revocation of the Commission's advice.

[59 FR 39039, Aug. 1, 1994, as amended at 73 FR 38327, July 7, 2008]

APPENDIX A TO PART 210—ADJUDICATION			
AND ENFORCEMENT			

Initial determination con- cerning:	Petitions for review due:	Response to petitions due:	Commission deadline for determining whether to review the initial determination:
1. Violation §210.42(a)(1)	12 days from service of the initial determination.	8 days from service of any petition.	60 days from service of the initial determination.
<ol> <li>Forfeiture of respondent's bond §210.50(d)(3).</li> </ol>	10 days from service of the initial determination.	5 business days from service of any petition.	45 days from service of the initial determination.
<ol> <li>Forfeiture of complainant's temporary relief bond §210.70(c).</li> </ol>	10 days from service of the initial determination.	5 business days from service of any petition.	45 days from service of the initial determination.
<ol> <li>Summary initial determina- tion that would terminate the investigation if it became the Commission's final deter- mination § 210.42(c).</li> </ol>	10 days from service of the initial determination.	5 business days from service of any petition.	45 days from service of the initial determination.
5. Other matters § 210.42(c)	5 business days from service of the initial determination.	5 business days from service of any petition.	30 days from service of the initial determination on pri- vate parties.
<ol> <li>Formal enforcement pro- ceedings §210.75(b).</li> </ol>	By order of the Commission	By order of the Commission	90 days from service of the initial determination on private parties.

# Pt. 212

[73 FR 38327, July 7, 2008]

# PART 212—IMPLEMENTATION OF THE EQUAL ACCESS TO JUSTICE ACT

#### Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec.

- 212.01 Purpose.
- When the Act applies. 212 02
- 212.03 Proceedings covered.
- 212.04 Eligibility of applicants.
- 212.05Standards for awards.
- 212.06 Allowable fees and expenses.
- 212.07 Rulemaking on maximum rates for attorney fees.

#### Subpart B—Information Required From **Applicants**

- 212.10 Contents of application.
- 212.11 Net worth exhibit.
- Documentation of fees and expenses. 212.12
- 212.13 When an application may be filed.

#### Subpart C—Procedures for Considering Applications

- 212.20 Filing and service of documents.
- 212.21Answer to application.
- 212.22 Reply.
- 212.23Comments by other parties.
- 212.24Settlement. Further proceedings.
- 212.25212.26
- Determination
- 212.27Agency review.
- 212.28Judicial review.
- 212 29 Payment of award.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 203(a)(1), Pub. L. 96-481, 94 Stat. 2325 (5 U.S.C. 504(c)(1)).

SOURCE: 47 FR 9391, Mar. 5, 1982, unless otherwise noted.

# Subpart A—General Provisions

#### §212.01 Purpose.

(a) The Equal Access to Justice Act, 5 U.S.C. 504 (called "the Act" in this part), provides for the award of attorney fees and other expenses to eligible individuals and entities who are parties to certain administrative proceedings (called "adversary adjudications") before an agency. Under the Act an eligible party may receive an award when it prevails over an agency, unless the agency's position in the proceeding was substantially justified or special circumstances make an award unjust. The rules in this part describe the parties eligible for awards and the Commission

# 19 CFR Ch. II (4-1-10 Edition)

proceedings that are covered. They also explain how to apply for awards, and the procedures and standards that the Commission will use to make them.

### §212.02 When the Act applies.

The Act applies to any adversary adjudication pending before the Commission at any time between October 1, 1981 and September 30, 1984. This includes proceedings begun before October 1, 1981 if final Commission action has not been taken before that date. and proceedings pending on September 30, 1984, regardless of when they were initiated or when final Commission action occurs.

#### §212.03 Proceedings covered.

(a) The Act applies to adversary adjudications conducted by the Commission. These are adjudications under 5 U.S.C. 554 in which the position of the Commission is presented by an attorney or other representative who enters an appearance and participates in the proceeding. The Commission proceedings covered are those conducted under section 337 of the Tariff Act of 1930, 19 U.S.C. 1337. No award shall be made, however, for fees and expenses related to those portions of the proceedings conducted for the consideration of relief, the public interest, and bonding pursuant to subsections 337 (d), (e), and (f) of the Tariff Act of 1930 and 19 CFR 210.14.

(b) An award may be made against the Commission only in connection with a proceeding brought by the Commission upon its own complaint.

(c) If a proceeding includes both matters covered by the Act and matters specifically excluded from coverage, any award made will include only fees and expenses related to covered issues.

#### §212.04 Eligibility of applicants.

(a) To be eligible for an award of attorney fees and other expenses under the Act, the applicant must be a party to the adversary adjudication for which it seeks an award. The term party is defined in 5 U.S.C. 551(3) and 19 CFR 210.04. The applicant must show that it meets all conditions of eligibility set out in this subpart and in subpart B.

(b) The types of eligible applicants are as follows: