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by employees as officers or crew members, or as employees of concessionaires, of the vessel.

- (7) On or in connection with refers to work performed on the vessel or aircraft and to work which concerns the vessel or aircraft but not actually performed on it. For example, shore services in connection with repairing, loading, unloading, or provisioning a vessel performed by employees as officers or crew members, or as employees of concessionaires, of the vessel are included, since this work concerns the vessel though not performed on it.
- (8) State refers to the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.
- (9) United States when used in a geographical sense means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands.

[45 FR 20075, Mar. 27, 1980, as amended at 50 FR 36573, Sept. 9, 1985; 55 FR 51687, Dec. 17, 1990; 61 FR 38365, July 24, 1996; 69 FR 51555, Aug. 20, 2004]

§ 404.1005 Who is an employee.

You must be an employee for your work to be covered as employment for social security purposes. You are an employee if you are—

- (\bar{a}) A corporation officer as described in §404.1006;
- (b) A common-law employee as described in §404.1007 (unless you are, after December 31, 1982, a qualified real estate agent or direct seller as described in §404.1069); or
- (c) An agent-driver or commission-driver, a full-time life insurance salesman, a home worker, or a traveling or city salesman as described in § 404.1008.

 $[45\ {\rm FR}\ 20075,\ {\rm Mar.}\ 27,\ 1980,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 48\ {\rm FR}\ 40515,\ {\rm Sept.}\ 8,\ 1983]$

§ 404.1006 Corporation officer.

If you are an officer of a corporation, you are an employee of the corporation if you are paid or you are entitled to be paid for holding office or performing services. However, if you are a director of a corporation, we consider you to be

self-employed when you work as a director.

§ 404.1007 Common-law employee.

- (a) General. The common-law rules on employer-employee status are the basic test for determining whether you and the person or firm you work for have the relationship of employee and employer. Even though you are considered self-employed under the commonlaw rules, you may still be an employee for social security purposes under §404.1006 (relating to corporation officers) or §404.1008 (relating to workers in four specific jobs). In general, you are a common-law employee if the person you work for may tell you what to do and how, when, and where to do it. The person or firm you work for does not have to give these orders, but needs only the right to do so. Whether or not you are a common-law employee is not always clear. Several aspects of your job arrangement are considered in determining whether you are an employee or are self-employed under the common-law rules.
- (b) Factors that show employee status. Some aspects of a job arrangement that may show you are an employee are as follows:
- (1) The person you work for may fire you.
- (2) The person you work for furnishes you with tools or equipment and a place to work.
- (3) You receive training from the person you work for or are required to follow that person's instructions.
 - (4) You must do the work yourself.
- (5) You do not hire, supervise, or pay assistants (unless you are employed as a foreman, manager, or supervisor).
- (6) The person you work for sets your hours of work, requires you to work full-time, or restricts you from doing work for others.
- (7) The person you work for pays your business or traveling expenses.
- (8) You are paid by the hour, week or month.
- (c) Factors that show self-employed status. Some aspects of a job arrangement or business venture that may show you are self-employed are as follows:
- (1) You make a profit or suffer a loss.
- (2) You are hired to complete a certain job and if you quit before the job