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whose behalf the statement is being filed, or a proper party to execute a claim on behalf of a claimant as determined by §410.222; and

- (3) Except as specified in §410.230, a prescribed application form (see §410.221) is executed and filed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) (1) or (2) of this section.
- (c) Period within which prescribed application form must be filed. After the Administration has received from an individual a written statement as described in paragraph (a) or (b) of this section:
- (1) Notice in writing shall be sent to the claimant or to the individual who submitted the written statement on his behalf, stating that an initial determination will be made with respect to such written statement if a prescribed application form executed by the claimant or by a proper party on his behalf (see §410.222), is filed with the Administration within 6 months from the date of such notice: or
- (2) If the Administration is notified that the death of such claimant occurred before the mailing of the notice described in paragraph (c)(1) of this section, or within the 6-month period following the mailing of such notice but before the filing of a prescribed application form by or on behalf of such individual, notification in writing shall be sent to a person acting on behalf of his estate, or to the deceased's last known address. Such notification will include information that an initial determination with respect to such written statement will be made only if a prescribed application form is filed within 6 months from the date of such notification.
- (3) If, after the notice as described in this paragraph (c) has been sent, a prescribed application form is not filed (in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) or (b) of this section) within the applicable period prescribed in paragraph (c)(1) or (c)(2) of this section, it will be deemed that the filing of the written statement to which such notice refers is not to be considered the filing of a claim for the purposes set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section.

[36 FR 23752, Dec. 14, 1971, as amended at 39 FR 41525, Nov. 29, 1974]

§410.230 Written statement filed by or for a miner on behalf of a member of his family.

Notwithstanding the provisions of §410.229, the Social Security Administration will take no action with respect to a written statement filed by or for a miner on behalf of a member of his family until such miner's death. At such time, the provisions of §410.229 shall apply as if such miner's claim on behalf of a member of his family had been filed on the day of the miner's death. However, for purposes of paying benefits to an otherwise entitled survivor of a miner, such written statement will be considered to be a valid claim for benefits (see §§410.210(c) and 410.212(a)(2)) where such member of his family qualified as a dependent for purposes of augmentation of the miner's benefits prior to his death. In such case the member of his family is not required to file a prescribed application form (see §410.221) with the Social Security Administration (see §410.229(b)). Nevertheless, the survivor beneficiary may be required to furnish supplemental information within 6 months of notification to do so. If such beneficiary fails to furnish the information requested within 6 months of notice to do so, benefits may be suspended, after notice of such proposed action and opportunity to be heard is provided the beneficiary. A subsequent determination to suspend benefits shall be an initial determination (see §410.610).

[39 FR 41525, Nov. 29, 1974]

§410.231 Time limits for filing claims.

- (a) A claim by or on behalf of a miner must be filed on or before December 31, 1973, and when so filed, is a claim for benefits under part B of title IV of the Act. (See §410.227 for when a claim is considered to have been filed. See also §410.202(c) for the duration of entitlement to benefits of a miner based on a claim for such benefits which is filed after June 30, 1973, and before January 1, 1974.)
- (b) In the case of a miner who was entitled to benefits for the month before the month of his death, or died in the first month for which he met all the requirements for entitlement (see § 410.226), a claim for benefits by or on

behalf of the widow, child, parent, brother, or sister of a miner must be filed by December 31, 1973, or within 6 months after the miner's death, whichever is later. When so filed, it constitutes a claim for benefits under part B of title IV of the Act.

- (c) In the case of a miner who was not entitled to benefits for the month before the month of his death, and whose death occurred prior to January 1, 1974, a claim for benefits by or on behalf of the widow, child, parent, brother, or sister of a miner must be filed by December 31, 1973, or, in the case of the death of a miner occurring after June 30, 1973, and before January 1, 1974, within 6 months of such miner's death. When so filed, it constitutes a claim for benefits under part B of title IV of the Act.
- (d) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, if a widow established entitlement to benefits under this part (see §410.210), a claim by or on behalf of a surviving child of a miner or of such widow, must be filed within 6 months after the death of such miner or of such widow, or by December 31, 1973, whichever is the later.

[37 FR 20637, Sept. 30, 1972]

§410.232 Withdrawal of a claim.

- (a) Before adjudication of claim. A claimant (or an individual who is authorized to execute a claim on his behalf under §410.222), may withdraw his previously filed claim provided that:
- (1) He files a written request for withdrawal.
- (2) The claimant is alive at the time the request for withdrawal is filed,
- (3) The Administration approves the request for withdrawal, and
- (4) The request for withdrawal is filed on or before the date the Administration makes a determination on the claim.
- (b) After adjudication of claim. A claim for benefits may be withdrawn by a written request filed after the date the Administration makes a determination on the claim provided that:
- (1) The conditions enumerated in paragraphs (a) (1) through (3) of this section are met; and
- (2) There is repayment of the amount of benefits previously paid because of

the claim that is being withdrawn or it can be established to the satisfaction of the Administration that repayment of any such amount is assured.

(c) Effect of withdrawal of claim. Where a request for withdrawal of a claim is filed and such request for withdrawal is approved by the Administration, such claim will be deemed not to have been filed. After the withdrawal (whether made before or after the date the Administration makes a determination) further action will be taken by the Administration only upon the filing of a new claim, except as provided in §410.233.

§410.233 Cancellation of a request for withdrawal.

Before or after a written request for withdrawal has been approved by the Administration, the claimant (or a person who is authorized under §410.222 to execute a claim on his behalf) may request that the "request for withdrawal" be canceled and that the withdrawn claim be reinstated. Such request for cancellation must be in writing and must be filed, in a case where the requested withdrawal was approved by the Administration, no later than 60 days after such approval. The claimant must be alive at the time the request for cancellation of the "request for withdrawal" is filed with the Administration.

§410.234 Interim provisions.

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subpart, a written request for benefits which is filed before January 31, 1972, and which meets the requirements of this subpart except for the filing of a prescribed application form, shall be considered a claim for benefits. Nevertheless, where a prescribed application form has not been filed, the Administration may require that such a form be completed and filed before adjudicating the claim. (See §410.240(a).)
- (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, where (1) a request has been made before the effective date of this regulation that a claim for benefits be withdrawn and (2) such request has been approved (see §410.232), such claim may nevertheless be reinstated and adjudicated under the provisions of