separately filed when keywords are not used. In extremely small local offices where the limited applicant load and file size does not require completion of secondary cards, additional O*NET-SOC codes shall be noted on the primary application card.

(e) If an MSFW wishes any JS service, and does not wish or is unable to file a full application, the interviewer shall try to obtain as much information as possible for a partial application. The interviewer shall enter the information on the partial application. The interviewer shall offer to refer the applicant to any available jobs for which the MSFW may be qualified, and any JS services permitted by the limited information available. He/she shall advise the MSFW that he/she may file a full application at any time.

(f) Partial applications shall be completed according to ETA instructions.

(g) Partial applications for MSFWs shall be filed in accordance with local office procedures for filing other partial applications.

(h) To minimize the need for additional applications in other offices, States shall issue JS cards to MSFWs at the initial visit under the following conditions:

(1) When automated data retrieval systems are available in the State. In this instance, JS staff shall advise the MSFW that the JS card may be presented at any other JS office in the State and that services will be provided without completion of an additional application unless the services requested require additional information for adequate service delivery.

(2) When an MSFW is referred on an interstate or intrastate order. In this instance, when it is known to the order-holding local office (through the presentation of an JS card or otherwise) that the MSFW has completed a full application or partial application in the applicant holding office or elsewhere, an additional application shall not be taken by the order-holding office unless the MSFW requests JS services in addition to referral on the clearance order.

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[45 FR 39459, June 10, 1980, as amended at 46 FR 7772, Jan. 23, 1981; 47 FR 145, Jan. 5, 1982; 71 FR 35517, June 21, 2006]

§ **653.104 Services to MSFW family members, farm labor contractors, and crew members.**

(a) In addition to other requirements in this subpart, the following special requirements are established for services to MSFW family members, farm labor contractors and crew members. Except as provided at §§ 653.103(e) and 653.105, no local office shall refer an MSFW family or crew unless each working member of the family or crew being referred, has filed either a full or partial application pursuant to § 653.103(b) at a local office or has been issued a JS card in instances set forth in § 653.103(h). Local offices may, upon request, provide general information, e.g., the types of crops in other areas, to farm labor contractors and family heads prior to the registration of all working members.

(b) No local office shall accept an application from an individual for employment as a farm labor contractor or fill an agricultural job order submitted by a farm labor contractor (''FLC'') or farm labor contractor employee (''FLCE'') unless the FLC or FLCE shows or obtains a valid FLC certificate, or FLCE identification card where required by Federal law, and a valid State certification where required by State law. If a FLC or FLCE is temporarily without his or her valid FLC certificate or FLCE identification card the local office shall try to verify the existence of the valid certificate or identification card by telephoning the State central office and/or the Department of Labor's Employment Standards Administration regional office. The local office, however, shall not serve the FLC or FLCE until the existence of the valid certificate or identification card is verified.

(c) Local offices may refer workers to registered farm labor contractors who are employers provided that a valid job

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order has been placed with the local office which clearly specifies all the terms and conditions of employment with the farm labor contractor shown as employer of record. Before a local office may refer workers to a farm labor contractor offering employment in another area of the State or in another State, one of two requirements must be met: Either a valid interstate clearance order from another State agency is on file in the office, or an intrastate order has been received from an office in another area of the State which is not within commuting distance of the office where the farm labor contractor is recruiting workers. Unless one of these conditions exists, the local office may only refer workers to a registered farm labor contractor who is an employer placing a local job order. Whenever the job order includes the provision of transportation, a FLC certificate authorizing transportation must be shown before workers are referred on the order.

§ 653.105　Job applications at day-haul facilities.

If the State agency is operating a day-haul facility under the exceptional circumstances provisions described in § 653.106(a), a list of JS services shall be distributed and a full application shall be completed whenever an MSFW requests the opportunity to file a full application unless this is impractical at that time. In such cases, a full application shall be taken at the earliest practical time. In all other cases, a list of JS services shall be distributed.

§ 653.106　JS day-haul responsibilities.

(a) State agencies shall not establish, operate, or supervise any agricultural day-haul facilities unless exceptional circumstances warrant such action and prior approval of the Regional Administrator is obtained.

(b) No JS applicants shall be referred to non-JS operated day-haul facilities, unless the applicant is referred on a specific job order and is provided with a checklist summarizing wages, working conditions, and other material specifications on the job order. Such checklists, where necessary, shall be in English and Spanish. State agencies shall use a standard checklist format

provided by ETA unless a variance has been approved by the Regional Administrator. However, general labor market information on the availability of jobs, the level of activity of agricultural and nonagricultural employment, and crop conditions shall be provided, upon request, to applicants where specific referrals to employment cannot be made.

(c) JS outreach workers shall visit all JS and non-JS operated day-haul facilities with substantial activity during their operation for purposes of providing MSFWs with information and assistance pursuant to § 653.107(j). Monitoring of such activity shall be conducted pursuant to § 653.108(p).

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[45 FR 39459, June 10, 1980, as amended at 47 FR 145, Jan. 5, 1982]

§ 653.107　Outreach.

(a) Each State agency shall operate an outreach program in order to locate and to contact MSFWs who are not being reached by the normal intake activities conducted by the local offices. Upon receipt of planning instructions and resource guidance from ETA, each State agency shall develop an annual outreach plan, setting forth numerical goals, policies and objectives. This plan shall be subject to the approval of the Regional Administrator as part of the program budget plan (PBP) process. Wherever feasible, State agencies shall coordinate their outreach efforts with those of public and private community service agencies and MSFW groups.

(b) In determining the extent of their outreach program, States shall be guided by the following statement of ETA policy:

(1) State agencies should make sufficient penetration in the farmworker community so that a large number of MSFWs are aware of the full range of JS services.

(2) Signficant MSFW Local offices should conduct especially vigorous outreach in their service areas.

(3) State agencies in supply States should conduct particularly thorough outreach efforts with extensive follow-