## Food and Drug Administration, HHS

and followed-up in accordance with this paragraph.

[43 FR 60013, Dec. 22, 1978, as amended at 52 FR 33780, Sept. 4, 1987; 67 FR 9585, Mar. 4, 2002]

# **Subpart C—Facilities**

#### §58.41 General.

Each testing facility shall be of suitable size and construction to facilitate the proper conduct of nonclinical laboratory studies. It shall be designed so that there is a degree of separation that will prevent any function or activity from having an adverse effect on the study.

[52 FR 33780, Sept. 4, 1987]

### §58.43 Animal care facilities.

- (a) A testing facility shall have a sufficient number of animal rooms or areas, as needed, to assure proper: (1) Separation of species or test systems, (2) isolation of individual projects, (3) quarantine of animals, and (4) routine or specialized housing of animals.
- (b) A testing facility shall have a number of animal rooms or areas separate from those described in paragraph (a) of this section to ensure isolation of studies being done with test systems or test and control articles known to be biohazardous, including volatile substances, aerosols, radioactive materials, and infectious agents.
- (c) Separate areas shall be provided, as appropriate, for the diagnosis, treatment, and control of laboratory animal diseases. These areas shall provide effective isolation for the housing of animals either known or suspected of being diseased, or of being carriers of disease, from other animals.
- (d) When animals are housed, facilities shall exist for the collection and disposal of all animal waste and refuse or for safe sanitary storage of waste before removal from the testing facility. Disposal facilities shall be so provided and operated as to minimize vermin infestation, odors, disease hazards, and environmental contamination.

 $[43\ FR\ 60013,\ Dec.\ 22,\ 1978,\ as\ amended\ at\ 52\ FR\ 33780,\ Sept.\ 4,\ 1987]$ 

#### § 58.45 Animal supply facilities.

There shall be storage areas, as needed, for feed, bedding, supplies, and equipment. Storage areas for feed and bedding shall be separated from areas housing the test systems and shall be protected against infestation or contamination. Perishable supplies shall be preserved by appropriate means.

[43 FR 60013, Dec. 22, 1978, as amended at 52 FR 33780, Sept. 4, 1987]

# § 58.47 Facilities for handling test and control articles.

- (a) As necessary to prevent contamination or mixups, there shall be separate areas for:
- (1) Receipt and storage of the test and control articles.
- (2) Mixing of the test and control articles with a carrier, e.g., feed.
- (3) Storage of the test and control article mixtures.
- (b) Storage areas for the test and/or control article and test and control mixtures shall be separate from areas housing the test systems and shall be adequate to preserve the identity, strength, purity, and stability of the articles and mixtures.

## §58.49 Laboratory operation areas.

Separate laboratory space shall be provided, as needed, for the performance of the routine and specialized procedures required by nonclinical laboratory studies.

[52 FR 33780, Sept. 4, 1987]

# § 58.51 Specimen and data storage facilities.

Space shall be provided for archives, limited to access by authorized personnel only, for the storage and retrieval of all raw data and specimens from completed studies.

### Subpart D—Equipment

## § 58.61 Equipment design.

Equipment used in the generation, measurement, or assessment of data and equipment used for facility environmental control shall be of appropriate design and adequate capacity to function according to the protocol and

#### §58.63

shall be suitably located for operation, inspection, cleaning, and maintenance. [52 FR 33780, Sept. 4, 1987]

# § 58.63 Maintenance and calibration of equipment.

- (a) Equipment shall be adequately inspected, cleaned, and maintained. Equipment used for the generation, measurement, or assessment of data shall be adequately tested, calibrated and/or standardized.
- (b) The written standard operating procedures required under §58.81(b)(11) shall set forth in sufficient detail the methods, materials, and schedules to be used in the routine inspection, cleaning, maintenance, testing, calibration, and/or standardization of equipment, and shall specify, when appropriate, remedial action to be taken in the event of failure or malfunction of equipment. The written standard operating procedures shall designate the person responsible for the performance of each operation.
- (c) Written records shall be maintained of all inspection, maintenance, testing, calibrating and/or standardizing operations. These records, containing the date of the operation, shall describe whether the maintenance operations were routine and followed the written standard operating procedures. Written records shall be kept of nonroutine repairs performed on equipment as a result of failure and malfunction. Such records shall document the nature of the defect, how and when the defect was discovered, and any remedial action taken in response to the defect.

 $[43\ {\rm FR}\ 60013,\ {\rm Dec.}\ 22,\ 1978,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 52\ {\rm FR}\ 33780,\ {\rm Sept.}\ 4,\ 1987;\ 67\ {\rm FR}\ 9585,\ {\rm Mar.}\ 4,\ 2002]$ 

# Subpart E—Testing Facilities Operation

#### §58.81 Standard operating procedures.

(a) A testing facility shall have standard operating procedures in writing setting forth nonclinical laboratory study methods that management is satisfied are adequate to insure the quality and integrity of the data generated in the course of a study. All deviations in a study from standard oper-

ating procedures shall be authorized by the study director and shall be documented in the raw data. Significant changes in established standard operating procedures shall be properly authorized in writing by management.

- (b) Standard operating procedures shall be established for, but not limited to, the following:
  - (1) Animal room preparation.
  - (2) Animal care.
- (3) Receipt, identification, storage, handling, mixing, and method of sampling of the test and control articles.
  - (4) Test system observations.
  - (5) Laboratory tests.
- (6) Handling of animals found moribund or dead during study.
- (7) Necropsy of animals or postmortem examination of animals.
- (8) Collection and identification of specimens.
  - (9) Histopathology.
- (10) Data handling, storage, and retrieval.
- (11) Maintenance and calibration of equipment.
- (12) Transfer, proper placement, and identification of animals.
- (c) Each laboratory area shall have immediately available laboratory manuals and standard operating procedures relative to the laboratory procedures being performed. Published literature may be used as a supplement to standard operating procedures.
- (d) A historical file of standard operating procedures, and all revisions thereof, including the dates of such revisions, shall be maintained.

 $[43\ FR\ 60013,\ Dec.\ 22,\ 1978,\ as\ amended\ at\ 52\ FR\ 33780,\ Sept.\ 4,\ 1987]$ 

### §58.83 Reagents and solutions.

All reagents and solutions in the laboratory areas shall be labeled to indicate identity, titer or concentration, storage requirements, and expiration date. Deteriorated or outdated reagents and solutions shall not be used.

#### § 58.90 Animal care.

- (a) There shall be standard operating procedures for the housing, feeding, handling, and care of animals.
- (b) All newly received animals from outside sources shall be isolated and their health status shall be evaluated