Food and Drug Administration, HHS

§ 522.1451 Moxidectin for suspension.

(a) Specifications. The drug product consists of two separate vials. One contains 10 percent moxidectin microspheres, and the other contains a vehicle for constitution of the moxidectin microspheres. Each milliliter of constituted, sustained-release suspension contains 3.4 milligrams (mg) of moxidectin.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 000856 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

§ 522.1452 Nalorphine hydrochloride injection.

(a) Specifications. Each milliliter of aqueous solution contains 5 milligrams of nalorphine hydrochloride.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 050604 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Conditions of use—(1) Amount. One milligram per 5 pounds; intravenously, intramuscularly, or subcutaneously.

(2) Indications for use. Respiratory and circulatory depression in dogs resulting from overdosage of, or unusual sensitivity to, morphine and certain other narcotics. Not for depression due to any other cause.

(3) Limitations. Successive doses of the drug gradually lose their analeptic effect and eventually induce respiratory depression equal to that of opiates. Therefore, do not exceed therapeutic dosage. Do not mix drug with meperidine solutions because the buffer will cause precipitation. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.


§ 522.1455 Naltrexone hydrochloride injection.

(a) Specifications. Each milliliter of sterile aqueous solution contains 50 milligrams of naltrexone hydrochloride.

(b) Sponsor. See No. 053923 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) Conditions of use in elk and moose—(1) Amount. 100 milligrams of naltrexone hydrochloride for each milligram of carfentanil citrate administered. One-quarter of the dose should be administered intravenously and three-quarters of the dose should be administered subcutaneously.

(2) Indications for use. As an antagonist to carfentanil citrate immobilization in free-ranging or confined elk and moose (Cervidae).

(3) Limitations. Available data are inadequate to recommend use in pregnant animals. Avoid using during breeding season. Do not use in domestic food-producing animals. Do not use in free-ranging animals for 45 days before or during hunting season. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.