#### Food and Drug Administration, HHS

## §558.430

#### §558.415 Novobiocin.

(a) *Approvals.* Type A medicated articles: 25 grams of activity per pound to 000009 in §510.600(c) of this chapter. Type B medicated feeds: 17.5 grams per pound to 000009 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(b) *Related tolerances*. See §556.460 of this chapter.

(c) *Conditions of use*. It is used in animal feeds as follows:

Chickens—(i) Amount. Novobiocin,
 6–7 mgs. per lb. body weight per day.

(a) Indications for use. Aid in the treatment of breast blisters associated with staphylococcal infections susceptible to novobiocin.

(b) Limitations. Administer, as sole ration, feed which contains not less than 200 grams of novobiocin activity per ton of feed; not for laying chickens; feed 5 to 7 days; withdraw 4 days before slaughter.

(ii) *Amount*. Novobiocin, 10–14 mgs. per lb. body weight per day.

(a) Indications for use. Treatment of staphylococcal synovitis and generalized staphylococcal infections susceptible to novobiocin.

(b) Limitations. Administer, as sole ration, feed which contains not less than 350 grams of novobiocin activity per ton of feed; not for laying chickens; feed 5 to 7 days; withdraw 4 days before slaughter.

(2) Turkeys—(i) Amount. Novobiocin,4-5 mgs. per lb. body weight per day.

(a) Indications for use. Aid in the treatment of breast blisters associated with staphylococcal infections susceptible to novobiocin.

(b) Limitations. Administer, as sole ration, feed which contains not less than 200 grams of novobiocin activity per ton of feed; not for laying turkeys; feed 5 to 7 days; withdraw 4 days before slaughter.

(ii) *Amount*. Novobiocin, 5–8 mgs. per lb. body weight per day.

(a) Indications for use. Aid in the control of recurring outbreaks of fowl cholera caused by strains of *Pasteurella multocida* susceptible to novobiocin following initial treatment with 7–8 mgs. per pound body weight per day.

(b) Limitations. Administer, as sole ration, feed which contains not less than 200 grams of novobiocin activity per ton of feed; feed 5 to 7 days; not for laying turkeys; withdraw 4 days before slaughter.

(iii) *Amount*. Novobiocin, 7–8 mgs. per lb. body weight per day.

(a) Indications for use. Treatment of staphylococcal synovitis and generalized staphylococcal infection susceptible to novobiocin; treatment of acute outbreaks of fowl cholera caused by strains of *Pasteurella multocida* susceptible to novobiocin.

(b) Limitations. Administer, as sole ration, feed which contains not less than 350 grams of novobiocin activity per ton of feed; feed 5 to 7 days; not for laying turkeys; withdraw 4 days before slaughter.

(3) *Mink*—(i) *Amount*. 20 mgs. per lb. body weight per day.

(ii) *Indications for use*. For treatment of generalized infections, abscesses, or urinary infections caused by staphylococcal or other novobiocin sensitive organisms.

(iii) *Limitations*. Administer, as sole ration, feed which contains not less than 200 grams of novobiocin activity per ton of feed; feed for 7 days.

(4) *Ducks*—(i) *Amount*. Novobiocin, 350 grams per ton.

(ii) Indications for use. Control of infectious serositis and fowl cholera in ducks caused by *Pasteurella* anatipestifer and *P. multocida*, susceptible to novobiocin.

(iii) *Limitations*. Administer, as sole ration, for 5 to 7 days, continue medication for 14 days if necessary, repeat if reinfection occurs; discontinue use at least 3 days before slaughter; not for use in laying ducks.

[40 FR 13959, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 45
 FR 42263, June 24, 1980; 51 FR 7399, Mar. 3, 1986; 52 FR 36402, Sept. 29, 1987]

#### §558.430 Nystatin.

(a) *Approvals.* Type A medicated articles: 20 grams of activity per pound to 046573 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(b) *Related tolerances*. See §556.470 of this chapter.

(c) *Conditions of use*. It is used for chickens and turkeys as follows:

(1) Amount. 50 grams per ton.

(i) Indications for use. Chickens and turkeys; aid in control of crop mycosis and mycotic diarrhea (Candida albicans).

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(ii) *Limitations*. Growing and laying chickens; growing turkeys.

(2) Amount. 100 grams per ton.

(i) Indications for use. Chickens and turkeys; treatment of crop mycosis and mycotic diarrhea (Candida albicans).

(ii) *Limitations*. Growing and laying chickens; growing turkeys; to be fed for 7 to 10 days.

[41 FR 11002, Mar. 15, 1976, as amended at 51
FR 7399, Mar. 3, 1986; 52 FR 2686, Jan. 26, 1987;
53 FR 40729, Oct. 18, 1988; 55 FR 8461, Mar. 8, 1990; 57 FR 8578, Mar. 11, 1992]

#### §558.435 Oleandomycin.

(a) *Approvals.* Type A medicated articles: 5 grams of activity per pound to 066104 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(b) *Related tolerances*. See §556.480 of this chapter.

(c) *Special considerations*. Do not use bentonite in Type B or Type C medicated feeds containing oleandomycin. Oleandomycin refers to oleandomycin or feed-grade oleandomycin.

(d) *Conditions of use*. It is used in animal feed as follows:

(1) Chickens and turkeys—(i) Amount per ton. Oleandomycin, 1 to 2 grams.

(ii) *Indications for use*. For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency for broiler chickens and growing turkeys.

(2) Swine—(i) Amount per ton. Oleandomycin, 5 to 11.25 grams.

(ii) *Indications for use*. For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency in growing-finishing swine.

[40 FR 13959, Mar. 27, 1975, as amended at 44
FR 40283, July 10, 1979; 51 FR 7399, Mar. 3, 1986; 52 FR 2686, Jan. 26, 1987; 66 FR 47963, Sept. 17, 2001]

### §558.450 Oxytetracycline.

(a) *Approvals*. Type A medicated articles:

(1) 10, 20, 30, 50, 100, and 200 grams per pound to No. 066104 in 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(2) 50, 100, and 200 grams per pound to No. 048164 in §510.600(c) of this chapter.

(b) Special considerations. (1) In accordance with §558.5 labeling shall bear the statement: "FOR USE IN DRY ANIMAL FEED ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN LIQUID FEED SUPPLEMENTS."

(2) The articles in paragraph (a)(1) of this section contain an amount of mono-alkyl ( $C_8-C_{18}$ ) trimethylammonium oxytetracycline expressed in terms of an equivalent amount of oxytetracycline hydrochloride or an amount of oxytetracycline dihydrate base expressed in terms of an equivalent amount of oxytetracycline hydrochloride.

(3) 50-, 100-, and 200-gram per pound articles in paragraph (a)(2) of this section contain oxytetracycline dihydrate expressed in terms of an equivalent amount of oxytetracycline hydrochloride. Another 100-gram per pound article in paragraph (a)(2) of this section contains oxytetracycline hydrochloride.

(c) *Related tolerances*. See §556.500 of this chapter.

(d) Conditions of use-(1) Chickens-

Oxytetracycline amount	Indications for use	Limitations	Sponsor
(i) 10 to 50 grams per ton (g/ton).	Chickens: For increased rate of weight gain and improved feed efficiency	Feed continuously; do not feed to chickens producing eggs for human consumption	066104, 048164
(ii) 100 to 200 g/ton	Chickens: For control of infectious synovitis caused by <i>Mycoplasma synoviae</i> and control of fowl cholera caused by <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> susceptible to oxy- tetracycline	Feed continuously for 7 to 14 days (d); do not feed to chickens producing eggs for human consumption; in low calcium feeds, withdraw 3 d before slaughter	066104, 048164
(iii) 400 g/ton	Chickens: For control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infection caused by <i>Mycoplasma gallisepticum</i> and <i>Escherichia coli</i> susceptible to oxytetra- cycline	Feed continuously for 7 to 14 d; do not feed to chickens producing eggs for human consumption; in low calcium feeds, withdraw 3 d before slaughter	066104, 048164

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