Food and Drug Administration, HHS

§ 610.41

use into injectable products, you must include a statement on the container label indicating the exempted use specifically approved by FDA.

(E) Each blood or blood component with a reactive screening test and intended solely as a component of, or used to prepare a medical device, must be labeled with the following label, as appropriate:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Medical Device</th>
<th>Label</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>A medical device other than an in vitro diagnostic reagent</td>
<td>&quot;Caution: For Further Manufacturing Use as a Component of a Medical Device For Which There Are No Alternative Sources&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>An in vitro diagnostic reagent</td>
<td>&quot;Caution: For Further Manufacturing Into In Vitro Diagnostic Reagents For Which There Are No Alternative Sources&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(iii) The restrictions on shipment or use do not apply to samples of blood, blood components, plasma, or sera if used or distributed for clinical laboratory testing or research purposes, and not intended for administration in humans or in the manufacture of a product.

(iv) You may use human blood or blood components from a donor with a previous record of a reactive screening test(s) for evidence of infection due to a communicable disease agent(s) designated in paragraph (a) of this section, if:

(A) At the time of donation, the donor is shown or was previously shown to be suitable by a requalification method or process found acceptable for such purposes by FDA under §610.41(b); and

(B) tests performed under paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section are nonreactive.

(v) Anti-HBc reactive donations, otherwise nonreactive when tested as required under this section, may be used for further manufacturing into plasma derivatives without prior FDA approval or a "BIOHAZARD" legend as required under paragraphs (h)(2)(i)(A) and (h)(2)(i)(B) of this section.

(vi) You may use human blood or blood components, excluding Source Plasma, that test reactive by a screening test for syphilis as required under §610.40(i) of this chapter, if the donor meets the requirements of §640.65(b)(2) of this chapter.

(vii) You may use Source Plasma from a donor who tests reactive by a screening test for syphilis as required under §610.40(i) of this chapter, if the donor meets the requirements of §640.65(b)(2) of this chapter.

§ 610.41 Donor deferral.

(a) You, an establishment that collects human blood or blood components, must defer donors testing reactive by a screening test for evidence of infection due to a communicable disease agent(s) listed in §610.40(a) or reactive for a serological test for syphilis under §640.5(a), from future donations of human blood and blood components, except:

1. You are not required to defer a donor who tests reactive for anti-HBc or anti-HTLV, types I or II, on only one occasion. When a supplemental (additional, more specific) test for anti-HBc or anti-HTLV, types I and II, has been approved for use under §610.40(c) by FDA, such a donor must be deferred;

2. A deferred donor who tests reactive for evidence of infection due to a communicable disease agent(s) listed in §610.40(a) may serve as a donor for blood or blood components shipped or used under §610.40(h)(2)(i);

3. A deferred donor who showed evidence of infection due to hepatitis B surface antigen (HBsAg) when previously tested under §610.40(a), (b), and (e) subsequently may donate Source Plasma for use in the preparation of Hepatitis B Immune Globulin (Human) provided the current donation tests nonreactive for HBsAg and the donor is otherwise determined to be suitable;

4. A deferred donor, who otherwise is determined to be suitable for donation and tests reactive for anti-HBc or for evidence of infection due to HTLV, types I and II, may serve as a donor of Source Plasma;
(5) A deferred donor who tests reactive for a communicable disease agent(s) described under §610.40(a) or reactive with a serological test for syphilis under §610.40(i), may serve as an autologous donor under §610.40(d).

(b) A deferred donor subsequently may be found to be suitable as a donor of blood or blood components by a requalification method or process found acceptable for such purposes by FDA. Such a donor is considered no longer deferred.

(c) You must comply with the requirements under §§610.46 and 610.47 when a donor tests reactive by a screening test for HIV or HCV required under §610.40(a) and (b), or when you are aware of other reliable test results or information indicating evidence of HIV or HCV infection.


§ 610.44 Use of reference panels by manufacturers of test kits.

(a) When available and appropriate to verify acceptable sensitivity and specificity, you, a manufacturer of test kits, must use a reference panel you obtain from FDA or from an FDA designated source to test lots of the following products. You must test each lot of the following products, unless FDA informs you that less frequent testing is appropriate, based on your consistent prior production of products of acceptable sensitivity and specificity:

(1) A test kit approved for use in testing donations of human blood and blood components for evidence of infection due to communicable disease agents listed in §610.40(a); and

(2) Human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) test kit approved for use in the diagnosis, prognosis, or monitoring of this communicable disease agent.

(b) You must not distribute a lot that is found to be not acceptable for sensitivity and specificity under §610.44(a). FDA may approve an exception or alternative to this requirement. Applicants must submit such requests in writing. However, in limited circumstances, such requests may be made orally and permission may be given orally by FDA. Oral requests and approvals must be promptly followed by written requests and written approvals.

[66 FR 31164, June 11, 2001]