§ 866.5200

Calprotectin Immunological Test Systems. For the availability of this guidance document, see §866.1(e).
[71 FR 42598, July 27, 2006]

§ 866.5200 Carbonic anhydrase B and C immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A carbonic anhydrase B and C immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques specific carbonic anhydrase protein molecules in serum and other body fluids. Measurements of carbonic anhydrase B and C aid in the diagnosis of abnormal hemoglobin metabolism.

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §866.9.
[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 65 FR 2312, Jan. 14, 2000]

§ 866.5210 Ceruloplasmin immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A ceruloplasmin immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques the ceruloplasmin (copper-transporting serum protein) in serum, other body fluids, or tissues. Measurements of ceruloplasmin aid in the diagnosis of copper metabolism disorders.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 866.5220 Cohn fraction II immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A Cohn fraction II immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents that contain or are used to measure that fraction of plasma containing protein gamma globulins, predominantly of the IgG class. The device may be used as a coprecipitant in radioimmunoassay methods, as raw material for the purification of IgG subclasses, and to reduce nonspecific adsorption of plasma proteins in immunoassay techniques. Measurement of these proteins aids in the diagnosis of any disease concerned with abnormal levels of IgG gamma globulins such as agammaglobulinemia or multiple myeloma.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 866.5230 Colostrum immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A colostrum immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochromical techniques the specific proteins in colostrum. Colostrum is a substance excreted by the mammary glands during pregnancy and until production of breast milk begins 1 to 5 days after childbirth.

(b) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in subpart E of part 807 of this chapter subject to the limitations in §866.9.

§ 866.5240 Complement components immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A complement components immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by immunochemical techniques complement components C1q, C1r, C1s, C2, C3, C4, C5, C6, C7, C8, and C9, in serum, other body fluids, and tissues. Complement is a group of serum proteins which destroy infectious agents. Measurements of these proteins aids in the diagnosis of immunologic disorders, especially those associated with deficiencies of complement components.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).
[47 FR 50823, Nov. 9, 1982, as amended at 53 FR 11253, Apr. 6, 1988]

§ 866.5250 Complement C2 inhibitor (inactivator) immunological test system.

(a) Identification. A complement C2 inhibitor (inactivator) immunological test system is a device that consists of the reagents used to measure by