§870.1380

§870.1380 Catheter stylet.

- (a) *Identification*. A catheter stylet is a wire that is run through a catheter or cannula to render it stiff.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§870.1390 Trocar.

- (a) *Identification*. A trocar is a sharp-pointed instrument used with a cannula for piercing a vessel or chamber to facilitate insertion of the cannula.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.1425 Programmable diagnostic computer.

- (a) Identification. A programmable diagnostic computer is a device that can be programmed to compute various physiologic or blood flow parameters based on the output from one or more electrodes, transducers, or measuring devices; this device includes any associated commercially supplied programs.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.1435 Single-function, preprogrammed diagnostic computer.

- (a) *Identification*. A single-function, preprogrammed diagnostic computer is a hard-wired computer that calculates a specific physiological or blood-flow parameter based on information obtained from one or more electrodes, transducers, or measuring devices.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§870.1450 Densitometer.

- (a) *Identification*. A densitometer is a device used to measure the transmission of light through an indicator in a sample of blood.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.1650 Angiographic injector and syringe.

(a) *Identification*. An angiographic injector and syringe is a device that consists of a syringe and a high-pressure injector which are used to inject contrast material into the heart, great vessels, and coronary arteries to study

the heart and vessels by x-ray photography.

(b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§870.1660 Indicator injector.

- (a) *Identification*. An indicator injector is an electrically or gas-powered device designed to inject accurately an indicator solution into the blood stream. This device may be used in conjuction with a densitometer or thermodilution device to determine cardiac output.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§870.1670 Syringe actuator for an injector.

- (a) *Identification*. A syringe actuator for an injector is an electrical device that controls the timing of an injection by an angiographic or indicator injector and synchronizes the injection with the electrocardiograph signal.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.1750 External programmable pacemaker pulse generator.

- (a) Identification. An external programmable pacemaker pulse generators is a device that can be programmed to produce one or more pulses at preselected intervals; this device is used in electrophysiological studies.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.1800 Withdrawal-infusion pump.

- (a) *Identification*. A withdrawal-infusion pump is a device designed to inject accurately drugs into the bloodstream and to withdraw blood samples for use in determining cardiac output.
- (b) Classification. Class II (performance standards).

§ 870.1875 Stethoscope.

- (a) Manual stethoscope—(1) Identification. A manual stethoscope is a mechanical device used to project the sounds associated with the heart, arteries, and veins and other internal organs.
- (2) Classification. Class I (general controls). The device is exempt from the premarket notification procedures in