may permit the State recipient to establish its own requirements to comply with this part.

- (ii) The State shall conduct such reviews and audit of its State recipients as may be necessary or appropriate to determine whether the State recipient has committed and expended the HOME funds in the United States Treasury account as required by \$92.500, and has met the requirements of this part, particularly eligible activities, income targeting, affordability, and matching contribution requirements.
- (4) A State and local participating jurisdiction may jointly fund a project within the boundaries of the local participating jurisdiction. The State may provide the HOME funds to the project or it may provide the HOME funds to the local participating jurisdiction to fund the project.
- (5) A State may fund projects on Indian reservations located within the State provided that the State includes Indian reservations in its consolidated plan.

## \$92.202 Site and neighborhood standards.

- (a) General. A participating jurisdiction must administer its HOME program in a manner that provides housing that is suitable from the standpoint of facilitating and furthering full compliance with the applicable provisions of title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. 2000d—2000d—4), the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601 et seq., E.O. 11063 (3 CFR, 1959–1963 Comp., p. 652), and HUD regulations issued pursuant thereto; and promotes greater choice of housing opportunities.
- (b) New rental housing. In carrying out the site and neighborhood requirements with respect to new construction of rental housing, a participating jurisdiction is responsible for making the determination that proposed sites for new construction meet the requirements in 24 CFR 983.6(b).

[61 FR 48750, Sept. 16, 1996, as amended at 62 FR 28928, May 28, 1997]

## § 92.203 Income determinations.

(a) The HOME program has income targeting requirements for the HOME program and for HOME projects. There-

- fore, the participating jurisdiction must determine each family is income eligible by determining the family's annual income.
- (1) For families who are tenants in HOME-assisted housing and not receiving HOME tenant-based rental assistance, the participating jurisdiction must initially determine annual income using the method in paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section. For subsequent income determinations during the period of affordability, the participating jurisdiction may use any one of the following methods in accordance with §92.252(h):
- (i) Examine the source documents evidencing annual income (e.g., wage statement, interest statement, unemployment compensation statement) for the family.
- (ii) Obtain from the family a written statement of the amount of the family's annual income and family size, along with a certification that the information is complete and accurate. The certification must state that the family will provide source documents upon request.
- (iii) Obtain a written statement from the administrator of a government program under which the family receives benefits and which examines each year the annual income of the family. The statement must indicate the tenant's family size and state the amount of the family's annual income; or alternatively, the statement must indicate the current dollar limit for very low-or low-income families for the family size of the tenant and state that the tenant's annual income does not exceed this limit.
- (2) For all other families, the participating jurisdiction must determine annual income by examining the source documents evidencing annual income (e.g., wage statement, interest statement, unemployment compensation statement) for the family.
- (b) When determining whether a family is income eligible, the participating jurisdiction must use one of the following three definitions of "annual income":
- (1) "Annual income" as defined at 24 CFR 5.609 (except when determining the income of a homeowner for an owner-occupied rehabilitation project,