

## CONTRACTOR-PURCHASED PROPERTY

**§ 900.91 Who takes title to property purchased with funds under a self-determination contract or grant agreement pursuant to section 105(f)(2)(A) of the Act?**

The contractor takes title to such property, unless the contractor chooses to have the United States take title. In that event, the contractor must inform the Secretary of the purchase and identify the property and its location in such manner as the contractor and the Secretary deem necessary. A request for the United States to take title to any item of contractor-purchased property may be made at any time. A request for the Secretary to take fee title to real property shall be expeditiously processed in accordance with applicable Federal law and regulation.

**§ 900.92 What should the Indian tribe or tribal organization do if it wants contractor-purchased real property to be taken into trust?**

The contractor shall submit a resolution of support from the governing body of the Indian tribe in which the beneficial ownership is to be registered. If the request to take contractor-purchased real property into trust is submitted to the Secretary of Health and Human Services, that Secretary shall transfer the request to the Secretary of the Interior. The Secretary of the Interior shall expeditiously process all requests in accord with applicable Federal law and regulation.

**§ 900.93 When may the Secretary elect to acquire title to contractor-purchased property?**

(a) Except as provided in paragraph (b) of this section when a self-determination contract or grant agreement, or portion thereof, is retroceded, re-assumed, terminated, or expires, the Secretary shall have the option to take title to any item of government-furnished property:

- (1) Whose title has been transferred to an Indian tribe or tribal organization;
- (2) That is still in use in the program; and
- (3) That has a current fair market value, less the cost of improvements

borne by the Indian tribe or tribal organization, in excess of \$5,000.

(b) If property referred to in paragraph (a) of this section is shared between one or more ongoing contracts or grant agreements and a contract or grant agreement that is retroceded, re-assumed, terminated or expires and the Secretary wishes to use such property in the retroceded or re-assumed program, the Secretary and the contractor or grantee using such property shall negotiate an acceptable arrangement for continued sharing of such property and for the retention or transfer of title.

**§ 900.94 Is contractor-purchased real property to which an Indian tribe or tribal organization holds title eligible for facilities operation and maintenance funding from the Secretary?**

Yes.

## BIA AND IHS EXCESS PROPERTY

**§ 900.95 What is BIA or IHS excess property?**

BIA or IHS excess property means property under the jurisdiction of the BIA or IHS that is excess to the agency's needs and the discharge of its responsibilities.

**§ 900.96 How can Indian tribes or tribal organizations learn about BIA and IHS excess property?**

The Secretary shall not less than annually send to Indian tribes and tribal organizations a listing of all excess BIA or IHS personal property before reporting the property to GSA or to any other Federal agency as excess. The listing shall identify the agency official to whom a request for donation shall be submitted.

**§ 900.97 How can an Indian tribe or tribal organization acquire excess BIA or IHS property?**

(a) The Indian tribe or tribal organization shall submit to the appropriate Secretary a request for specific property that includes a statement of how the property is intended for use in connection with a self-determination contract or grant. The Secretary shall expeditiously process the request and shall exercise discretion in a way that