§ 6.88 Equipment and supplies.
   (a) General. The act by an industry member of selling equipment or supplies to a retailer does not constitute a means to induce within the meaning of section 105(b)(3) of the Act if the equipment or supplies are sold at a price not less than the cost to the industry member who initially purchased them, and if the price is collected within 30 days of the date of the sale. The act by an industry member of installing dispensing accessories at the retailer’s establishment does not constitute a means to induce within the meaning of the Act as long as the retailer bears the cost of initial installation. The act by an industry member of furnishing, giving, or selling coil cleaning service to a retailer of distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages does not constitute a means to induce within the meaning of section 105(b)(3) of the Act.

   (b) Definition. “Equipment and supplies” means glassware (or similar containers made of other material), dispensing accessories, carbon dioxide (and other gasses used in dispensing equipment) or ice. “Dispensing accessories” include items such as standards, faucets, cold plates, rods, vents, taps, tap standards, hoses, washers, couplings, gas gauges, vent tongues, shanks, and check valves.

§ 6.91 Samples.
   The act by an industry member of furnishing or giving a sample of distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages to a retailer who has not purchased the brand from that industry member within the last 12 months does not constitute a means to induce within the meaning of section 105(b)(3) of the Act. For each retail establishment the industry member may give not more than 3 gallons of any brand of malt beverages, not more than 3 liters of any brand of wine, and not more than 3 liters of distilled spirits. If a particular product is not available in a size within the quantity limitations of this section, an industry member may furnish to a retailer the next larger size.

§ 6.92 Newspaper cuts.
   Newspaper cuts, mats, or engraved blocks for use in retailers’ advertisements may be given or sold by an industry member to a retailer selling the industry member’s products.

§ 6.93 Combination packaging.
   The act by an industry member of packaging and distributing distilled spirits, wine, or malt beverages in combination with other (non-alcoholic) items for sale to consumers does not constitute a means to induce within the meaning of section 105(b)(3) of the Act.

§ 6.94 Educational seminars.
   An industry member may give or sponsor educational seminars for employees of retailers either at the industry member’s premises or at the retail establishment. Examples would be seminars dealing with use of a retailer’s equipment, training seminars for employees of retailers, or tours of industry member’s plant premises. This section does not authorize an industry member to pay a retailer’s expense in conjunction with an educational seminar (such as travel and lodging). This does not preclude providing nominal hospitality during the event.

§ 6.95 Consumer tasting or sampling at retail establishments.
   An industry member may conduct tasting or sampling activities at a retail establishment. The industry member may purchase the products to be used from the retailer, but may not purchase them from the retailer for more than the ordinary retail price.

§ 6.96 Consumer promotions.
   (a) Coupons. The act by an industry member of furnishing to consumers