§ 9.26 Guenoc Valley.
(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Guenoc Valley.”
(b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundaries of the Guenoc Valley viticultural area are four USGS maps. They are titled:
(1) “Middletown Quadrangle, California-Lake Co.,” 7.5 minute series;
(2) “Jericho Valley Quadrangle, California,” 7.5 minute series;
(3) “Detert Reservoir Quadrangle, California,” 7.5 minute series; and
(4) “Aetna Springs Quadrangle, California,” 7.5 minute series.
(c) Boundaries. The Guenoc Valley viticultural area is located within Lake County, California. The beginning point of the boundary is Station 20 of Denton’s Survey of Guenoc Rancho, presently marked by a 1½ inch galvanized pipe located atop Jim Davis Peak. On the approved maps, Jim Davis Peak is the unnamed peak (elevation 1,455 feet) located on the western boundary of Section 35, Township 11 North, Range 6 West. From this beginning point the boundary runs:
(1) South 07°49′34″ East, 9,822.57 feet to the USGS triangulation station “Guenoc;”
(2) Then, South 29°14′31″ West, 10,325.08 feet;
(3) Then, South 00°00′ West, 2,100.00 feet;
(4) Then, North 90°00′ West, 4,150.00 feet;
(5) Then, North 24°23′11″ West, 16,469.36 feet;
(6) Then, North 75°47′20″ East, 7,943.08 feet; and
(7) Then, North 60°47′00″ East, 7,970.24 feet to the beginning point.
[T.D. ATF–95, 46 FR 56786, Nov. 19, 1981]

§ 9.27 Lime Kiln Valley.
(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Lime Kiln Valley.”
(b) Approved Map. The approved maps for the Santa Maria Valley are two U.S.G.S. maps entitled:
(1) “Santa Maria”, N.I. 10–6, 9, series V 502, scale 1: 250,000; and
(c) Boundaries. The boundaries of the Santa Maria Valley viticultural area are located in portions of Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo Counties, California, and are as follows:
(1) Beginning at a point east of Orcutt where Highway U.S. 101 and the unnamed road (known locally as Clark Road) intersects; Thence northerly along U.S. 101 to a point where it intersects with Highway 166;
(2) Thence along Highway 166 in a general easterly direction to a point where Highway 166 intersects with the section line at the southwest section of Chimney Canyon;
(3) Thence in a straight line to the Cienega School Building along Cienega Road;
(4) Thence along Cienega Road to the point of beginning.

§ 9.28 Santa Maria Valley.
(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is “Santa Maria Valley.”
(b) Approved maps. The approved maps for the Santa Maria Valley are two U.S.G.S. maps entitled:
(1) “Santa Maria”, N.I. 10–6, 9, series V 502, scale 1: 250,000; and
(c) Boundaries. The boundaries of the Santa Maria Valley viticultural area are located in portions of Santa Barbara and San Luis Obispo Counties, California, and are as follows:
(1) Beginning at a point east of Orcutt where Highway U.S. 101 and the unnamed road (known locally as Clark Road) intersects; Thence northerly along U.S. 101 to a point where it intersects with Highway 166;
(2) Thence along Highway 166 in a general easterly direction to a point where Highway 166 intersects with the section line at the southwest section of Chimney Canyon;
§ 9.29 Sonoma Valley.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "Sonoma Valley."

(b) Approved maps. The maps showing the boundaries of the Sonoma Valley viticultural area are entitled:

1. "Cuttings Wharf, Calif.", 1949 (photorevised 1968 and photoinspected 1973), 7.5 minute quadrangle;
2. "Petaluma Point, Calif.", 1959 (photorevised 1968 and photoinspected 1973), 7.5 minute quadrangle;
3. "Sears Point, Calif.", 1951 (photorevised 1968), 7.5 minute quadrangle;
5. "Glen Ellen, Calif.", 1954 (photorevised 1968 and photoinspected 1973), 7.5 minute quadrangle;
7. "Santa Rosa, Calif.", 1954 (photorevised 1968 and 1973), 7.5 minute quadrangle;

Appropriate Sonoma County tax assessor’s maps showing the Sonoma County-Napa County line.

(c) Boundaries. The Sonoma Valley viticultural area is located within Sonoma County, California. From the beginning point at the junction of Tolay Creek and San Pablo Bay, the boundary runs:

1. Northerly along Tolay Creek to Highway 37;
2. Westerly along Highway 37 to its junction with Highway 121;
3. Northwesterly in a straight line to the peak of Wildcat Mountain;
4. Northwesterly in a straight line to Sonoma Mountain to the horizontal control station at elevation 2,271 feet;
5. Northwesterly in a straight line to the peak of Taylor Mountain;
6. Northeastery in a straight line to the point at which Los Alamos Road joins Highway 12;
7. Easterly in a straight line to the peak of Buzard Peak;
8. Easterly in a straight line to the peak of Mount Hood;
9. Easterly in a straight line to an unnamed peak located on the Sonoma County-Napa County line and identified as having an elevation of 2,530 feet (This unnamed peak is located in the northeast quarter of Section 9, Township 7 North, Range 6 West, Mt. Diablo Base and Meridian);
10. Southerly along the Sonoma County-Napa County line to the point at which Sonoma Creek enters San Pablo Bay; and
11. Southwesterly along the shore of San Pablo Bay to the beginning point.

§ 9.30 North Coast.

(a) Name. The name of the viticultural area described in this section is "North Coast."

(b) Approved maps. The appropriate maps for determining the boundaries of the North Coast viticultural area are three U.S.G.S. maps. They are entitled:

2. "Santa Rosa, Cal.", scaled 1:250,000, edition of 1958, revised 1970; and

(c) Boundaries. The North Coast viticultural area is located in Lake, Marin, Mendocino, Napa, Solano, and...