§44.200

the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986, or his or her designee.

[Order No. 1225-87, 52 FR 37409, Oct. 6, 1987, as amended by Order No. 1520-91, 56 FR 40249, Aug. 14, 1991; Order No. 1807-93, 58 FR 59948, Nov. 12, 1993]

Subpart B—Prohibited Practices

§ 44.200 Unfair immigration-related employment practices.

(a)(1) General. It is unfair immigration-related employment practice for a person or other entity to knowingly and intentionally discriminate or to engage in a pattern or practice of knowing and intentional discrimination against any individual (other than an unauthorized alien) with respect to the hiring, or recruitment or referral for a fee, of the individual for employment or the discharging of the individual from employment—

- (i) Because of such individual's national origin; or
- (ii) In the case of a protected individual, as defined in §44.101(c), because of such individual's citizenship status.
- (2) Intimidation or retaliation. It is an unfair immigration-related employment practice for a person or other entity to intimidate, threaten, coerce, or retaliate against any individual for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured under 8 U.S.C. 1324b or because the individual intends to file or has filed a charge or a complaint, testified, assisted, or participated in any manner in an investigation, proceeding, or hearing under that section.
- (3) Documentation abuses. A person's or other entity's request, for purposes of satisfying the requirements of 8 U.S.C. 1324a(b), for more or different documents than are required under such section or refusing to honor documents tendered that on their face resonably appear to be genuine and to relate to the individual shall be treated as an unfair immigration-related employment practice relating to the hiring of individuals.
- (b) Exceptions. (1) Paragraph (a) of this section shall not apply to—
- (i) A person or other entity that employs three or fewer employees;
- (ii) Discrimination because of an individual's national origin if the dis-

crimination with respect to that person or entity and that individual is covered under 42 U.S.C. 2000e-2; or

- (iii) Discrimination because of citizenship which—
- (A) Is otherwise required in order to comply with law, regulation, or Executive Order; or
- (B) Is required by Federal, State, or local government contract; or
- (C) Which the Attorney General determines to be essential for an employer to do business with an agency or department of the Federal, State, or local government.
- (2) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, it is not an unfair immigration-related employment practice for a person or other entity to prefer to hire, recruit or refer for a fee an individual who is a citizen or national of the United States over another individual who is an alien if the two individuals are equally qualified.

[Order No. 1225-87, 52 FR 37409, Oct. 6, 1987, as amended by Order No. 1520-91, 56 FR 40249, Aug. 14, 1991; Order No. 1807-93, 58 FR 59948, Nov. 12, 1993]

Subpart C—Enforcement Procedures

§44.300 Filing a charge.

- (a) Who may file. (1) Any individual who believes that he or she has been adversely affected directly by an unfair immigration-related employment practice, or any individual or private organization authorized to act on such person's behalf, may file a charge with the Special Counsel.
- (2) Any officer of the Immigration and Naturalization Service who believes that an unfair immigration-related employment practice has occurred or is occurring may file a charge with the Special Counsel.
- (b) When to file. Charges shall be filed within 180 days of the alleged occurrence of an unfair immigration-related employment practice. For purposes of determining when a charge is timely under this paragraph, a charge mailed to the Special Counsel shall be deemed filed on the date it is postmarked.
 - (c) How to file. Charges may be:
- (1) Mailed to: Office of Special Counsel for Immigration-Related Unfair

Employment Practices, P.O. Box 27728, Washington, DC 20038-7728 or

- (2) Delivered to the Office of Special Counsel at 1425 New York Avenue NW., suite 9000, Washington, DC 20005.
- (d) No overlap with EEOC complaints. No charge may be filed respecting an unfair immigration-related employment practice described in §44.200(a)(1) if a charge with respect to that practice based on the same set of facts has been filed with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission under title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, unless the charge is dismissed as being outside the scope of such title. No charge respecting an employment practice may be filed with the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission under such title if a charge with respect to such practice based on the same set of facts has been filed under this section, unless the charge is dismissed by the Special Counsel as being outside the scope of this part.

[Order No. 1225-87, 52 FR 37409, Oct. 6, 1987, as amended by Order No. 1807-93, 58 FR 59948, Nov. 12, 1993]

§44.301 Acceptance of charge.

- (a) The Special Counsel shall notify the charging party of receipt of a charge as defined in §44.101(a) or receipt of a submission deemed to be a charge under paragraph (c)(2) of this section.
- (b) The notice to the charging party shall specify the date on which the charge was received, state that the charging party, other than an officer of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, may file a complaint before an administrative law judge if the Special Counsel does not do so within 120 days of receipt of the charge, and state the last date on which such a complaint may be filed.
- (c)(1) Subject to paragraph (c)(2) of this section, if a charging party's submission is inadequate to constitute a charge as defined in §44.101(a), the Special Counsel shall notify the charging party that specified additional information is needed. As of the date that adequate information is received in writing by the Special Counsel, the charging party's submission shall be deemed a filed charge and the Special Counsel shall issue the notices required

by paragraphs (b) and (e) of this section.

- (2) In the Special Counsel's discretion, the Special Counsel may deem a submission to be a filed charge as of the date of its receipt even though it is inadequate to constitute a charge as defined in §44.101(a). The Special Counsel may then obtain the additional information specified in §44.101(a) in the course of investigating the charge.
- (d)(1) If the Special Counsel receives a charge after 180 days of the alleged occurrence of an unfair immigration-related employment practice, the Special Counsel shall dismiss the charge with prejudice.
- (2) Inadequate submissions that are later deemed charges under paragraph (c)(1) of this section are timely filed as long as—
- (i) The original submission is filed within 180 days of the alleged occurrence of an unfair immigration-related employment practice; and
- (ii) Any additional information requested by the Special Counsel pursuant to paragraph (c)(1) of this section is provided in writing to the Special Counsel within the 180-day period or within 45 days of the date on which the charging party received the Special Counsel's notification pursuant to paragraph (c) of this section, whichever is later.
- (e) The Special Counsel shall serve notice of the charge on the respondent by certified mail within 10 days of receipt of the charge. The notice shall include the date, place, and circumstances of the alleged unfair immigration-related employment practice.

[Order No. 1225–87, 52 FR 37409, Oct. 6, 1987, as amended by Order No. 1520–91, 57 FR 40249, Aug. 14, 1991; 57 FR 30397, July 9, 1992]

§ 44.302 Investigation.

- (a) The Special Counsel may propound interrogatories, requests for production of documents, and requests for admissions.
- (b) The Special Counsel shall have reasonable access to examine the evidence of any person or entity being investigated. The respondent shall permit access by the Special Counsel during normal business hours to such of its books, records, accounts, and other sources of information, as the Special