§ 183.560

pipe, or fitting by more than the distance shown in Table 8.

TABLE 8

If minor outside diameter of	
the connecting spud, pipe,	
or fitting is—	
•	

The inside diameter of the hose must not exceed the minor outside diameter of the connecting spud, pipe, or hose fitting by more than the following distance

Less than % in	0.020 in.
% in. to 1 in	0.035 in.
Greater than 1 in	0.065 in.

[CGD 74-209, 42 FR 5950, Jan. 31, 1977, as amended by CGD 85-098, 52 FR 19728, May 27, 1987]

§ 183.560 Hose clamps: Installation.

Each hose clamp on a hose from the fuel tank to the fuel inlet connection on the engine, a hose between the fuel pump and the carburetor, or a vent line must:

- (a) Be used with hose designed for clamps;
 - (b) [Reserved]
- (c) Be beyond the bead, flare, or over the serrations of the mating spud, pipe, or hose fitting; and
- (d) Not depend solely on the spring tension of the clamp for compressive force

[CGD 74-209, 42 FR 5950, Jan. 31, 1977, as amended by CGD 81-092, 48 FR 55737, Dec. 15, 1983]

§ 183.562 Metallic fuel lines.

- (a) Each metallic fuel line that is mounted to the boat structure must be connected to the engine by a flexible fuel line.
- (b) Each metallic fuel line must be attached to the boat's structure within four inches of its connection to a flexible fuel line.

$\S 183.564$ Fuel tank fill system.

- (a) Each fuel fill opening must be located so that a gasoline overflow of up to five gallons per minute for at least five seconds will not enter the boat when the boat is in its static floating position.
- (b) Each hose in the tank fill system must be secured to a pipe, spud, or hose fitting by:
 - (1) A swaged sleeve;
- (2) A sleeve and threaded insert; or
- (3) Two adjacent metallic hose clamps that do not depend solely on

the spring tension of the clamps for compressive force.

- (c) Each hose clamp in the tank fill system must be used with a hose designed for clamps.
- (d) Hose clamps used in the tank fill system must:
- (1) Have a minimum nominal band width of at least one-half inch; and
- (2) Be over the hose and the spud, pipe, or hose fitting.

[CGD 74-209, 42 FR 5950, Jan. 31, 1977, as amended by CGD 81-092, 48 FR 55737, Dec. 15, 1983]

§ 183.566 Fuel pumps: Placement.

Each fuel pump must be on the engine it serves or within 12 inches of the engine, unless it is a fuel pump used to transfer fuel between tanks.

§ 183.568 Anti-siphon protection.

Each fuel line from the fuel tank to the fuel inlet connection on the carburetor must:

- (a) Be above the level of the tank top; or
- (b) Have an anti-siphon device or an electrically operated fuel stop valve:
- (1) At the tank withdrawal fitting; or (2) Installed so the line from the fuel tank is above the top of the tank; or
- (c) Provided that the fuel tank top is below the level of the carburetor inlet, be metallic fuel lines meeting the construction requirements of \$183.538 or "USCG Type A1" hose, with one or two manual shutoff valves installed as follows:
- (1) Directly at the fuel tank connection arranged to be readily accessible for operation from outside of the compartment, and
- (2) If the length of fuel line from the tank outlet to the engine inlet is greater than 12 feet, a manual shutoff valve shall be installed at the fuel inlet connection to the engine.

[CGD 74–209, 42 FR 5950, Jan. 31, 1977, as amended by CGD 81–092, 48 FR 55737, Dec. 15, 1983; CGD 85–098, 52 FR 19729, May 27, 1987]

§ 183.570 Fuel filters and strainers: Installation.

Each fuel filter and strainer must be supported on the engine or boat structure independent from its fuel line connections, unless the fuel filter or strainer is inside a fuel tank.