#### § 187.309

COO or remains from the vessel owner. This information must be declared under penalty of perjury or similar penalties as prescribed by State law. The term "REDUNDANT" must be clearly and permanently marked on the face of a redundant COO.

(e) Dealers or manufacturers must be required to maintain for at least 3 years a record of any vessel bought, sold, exchanged, or received for sale or exchange, and open such records for inspection by the State.

### § 187.309 What are the requirements for transfer of title?

To complete the sale, assignment, or transfer of a titled vessel, a State must require that a manufacturer, dealer, or individual must deliver the vessel's certificate of title to the new owner or new owner's designee, except for transfers by operation of law or order of court.

# § 187.311 What are the application requirements for a certificate of title because of a transfer by operation of law or order of court?

A State must require a new owner to apply for a certificate of title within a specified period of time, not to exceed 60 days, after ownership of a vessel is transferred by operation of law or order of court. This application must include an original or authenticated copy of the legal transfer document.

## §187.313 Must a State honor a prior State title, Coast Guard documentation, and foreign registry?

- (a) A State must honor a title issued by another State as proof of ownership for transfer or sale of a vessel and for applying for a certificate of number or title in the new State of principal operation.
- (b) A State must honor a Coast Guard-issued Certificate of Ownership or a Certificate of Deletion as proof of ownership and deletion from documentation.
- (c) A State must honor an authenticated copy of a foreign registry, or evidence of deletion from the foreign registry, as proof of ownership and deletion from the foreign registry.

### § 187.315 What happens when a title is surrendered for the purposes of documentation?

A State title is invalid when it is surrendered to the Coast Guard in exchange for a Certificate of Documentation. Upon notification from the Coast Guard of the surrender of a title, a State must process the cancellation of the title.

#### § 187.317 What information must be on a certificate of title?

- (a) A certificate of title must contain the following information concerning the vessel:
- (1) Names of all owners (individuals, businesses, and organizations).
- (2) Address of one individual, business, or organization owning the vessel.
  - (3) Title number.
  - (4) Date of issuance of title.
  - (5) Vessel identifier under §187.9.
- (6) Name of manufacturer, builder, or make.
- (7) Model year, manufacture year, or year built.
  - (8) Overall length.
- (9) Vessel type. Authorized terms are "open motorboat", "cabin motorboat", "auxiliary sail", "sail only", "personal watercraft", "pontoon", "houseboat", "rowboat", "canoe/kayak", or "other".
- (10) Hull material. Authorized terms are "wood", "aluminum", "steel", "fiberglass", "rigid hull inflatable", "rubber/vinyl/canvas", or "other".
- (11) Propulsion type. Authorized terms are "propeller", "sail", "water jet", "air thrust", or "manual".
- (12) Engine drive type. Authorized terms are "outboard", "inboard", or "inboard/stern drive".
  - (13) Name of each secured party.
- (14) Address (city and State) of each secured party.
- (15) Recording or perfection date of new security interest and original recording or perfection date of any security interest outstanding.
- (b) Space must be provided on the title form for assignment of interests in the vessel, with a signed certification that the statements made are true and correct to the best of the owner's knowledge, information, and belief, under penalty of perjury or similar penalties as prescribed by State law.