§ 206.10

State

(b) Definitions in the grants administration regulations. The following terms used in this part are defined in 34 CFR part 74 (Administration of Grants):

Budget

Equipment

Grant

Grantee

Supplies

- (c) Program definitions. The following additional definitions apply specifically to HEP and CAMP:
- (1) Act means the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended.
 - (2) Agricultural activity means:
- (i) Any activity directly related to the production of crops, dairy products, poultry, or livestock;
- (ii) Any activity directly related to the cultivation or harvesting of trees; or
- (iii) Any activity directly related to fish farms.
- (3) Farmwork means any agricultural activity, performed for either wages or personal subsistence, on a farm, ranch, or similar establishment.
- (4) Full-time, with respect to an individual, means a student who is carrying a full-time academic workload, as defined in 34 CFR part 690 (regulations for the Pell Grant Program).
- (5) Institution of higher education means an educational institution that:
- (i) Is in a State;
- (ii) Is authorized by that State to provide a program of education beyond secondary school;
- (iii) Is a public or nonprofit institu-
- (iv) Admits as a regular student only a person who:
 - (A) Has a secondary school diploma;
- (B) Has the recognized equivalent of a secondary school diploma; or
- (C) Is beyond the age of compulsory school attendance in that State and has the ability to benefit from the training offered by the institution;
 - (v) Provides:
- (A) An educational program for which it awards a bachelor's degree; or
- (B) At least a two-year program that is acceptable for full credit toward a bachelor's degree;
- (vi)(A) Is accredited by a nationally recognized accrediting agency or association:

- (B) Has satisfactorily assured the Secretary that it will meet the accreditation standards of a nationally recognized accrediting agency or association within a reasonable time considering the resources available to the institution, the period of time, if any, it has operated, and its effort to meet accreditation standards; or
- (C) Has its credits accepted on transfer by at least three accredited institutions on the same basis as those institutions accept transfer credits from fully accredited institutions.
- (6) Migrant farmworker means a seasonal farmworker—as defined in paragraph (c)(7) of this section—whose employment required travel that precluded the farmworker from returning to his or her domicile (permanent place of residence) within the same day.
- (7) Seasonal farmworker means a person who, within the past 24 months, was employed for at least 75 days in farmwork, and whose primary employment was in farmwork on a temporary or seasonal basis (that is, not a constant year-round activity).
- (d) Other definitions. For purposes of determining program eligibility under §206.3(a)(2), the definitions in 34 CFR 201.3 (Chapter 1—Migrant Education Program) and 20 CFR 633.104 (Employment and Training Administration, Department of Labor—Migrant and Seasonal Farmworker Programs) apply.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070d-2(a))

[46 FR 35075, July 6, 1981, as amended at 52 FR 24920, July 1, 1987; 57 FR 60407, Dec. 18, 1992]

Subpart B—What Kinds of Activities Does the Secretary Assist Under These Programs?

§ 206.10 What types of services may be provided?

- (a) General. A grantee may use funds under HEP or CAMP to support approved projects designed to provide academic and supporting services and financial assistance to eligible participants as described in § 206.3.
- (b) Types of services—(1) HEP projects. A HEP project may provide the following types of services to assist participants in obtaining the equivalent of a secondary school diploma, and as

needed, to assure the success of the participants in meeting the project's objectives and in succeeding at the secondary school level and beyond:

- (i) Recruitment services to reach persons who are eligible under §206.3 (a) and (b).
- (ii) Educational services that provide instruction designed to help students pass an examination and obtain a certificate that meets the guidelines for high school equivalency established by the State in which the project is located.
- (iii) Supportive services that include the following:
- (A) Personal, vocational, and academic counseling;
- (B) Placement services designed to place students in a university, college, or junior college program, or in military services or career positions; and
 - (C) Health services.
- (iv) Information concerning and assistance in obtaining available student financial aid.
- (v) Weekly stipends for high school equivalency program participants.
- (vi) Housing for those enrolled in residential programs.
- (vii) Exposure to cultural events, academic programs, and other educational and cultural activities usually not available to migrant youth.
- (viii) Other essential supportive services, as needed, to ensure the success of eligible students.
- (2) CAMP projects. A CAMP project may provide the following types of services to assist the participants in meeting the project's objectives and in succeeding in an academic program of study at the IHE:
- (i) Outreach and recruitment services to reach persons who are eligible under §206.3 (a) and (c).
- (ii) Supportive and instructional services, including:
- (A) Personal, academic, and career counseling as an ongoing part of the program;
- (B) Tutoring and academicskillbuilding instruction and assistance:
- (C) Assistance with special admissions;
 - (D) Health services; and

- (E) Other services as necessary to assist students in completing program requirements.
- (iii) Assistance in obtaining student financial aid that includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (A) Stipends.
 - (B) Scholarships.
 - (C) Student travel.
 - (D) Career-oriented work-study.
 - (E) Books and supplies.
 - (F) Tuition and fees.
 - (G) Room and board.
- (H) Other assistance necessary to assist students in completing their first year of college or university.
- (iv) Housing support for student living in institutional facilities and commuting students.
- (v) Exposure to cultural events, academic programs, and other activities not usually available to migrant youth.
- (vi) Other support services as necessary to ensure the success of eligible students.
- (c) The health services, and other financial support services provided to participating students must:
- (1) Be necessary to ensure their participation in the HEP or CAMP; and
- (2) Not detract, because of the amount, from the basic educational services provided under those programs.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 1070d-2(b) and (c))

[46 FR 35075, July 6, 1981, as amended at 52 FR 24920, July 1, 1987; 57 FR 60407, Dec. 18, 1992]

§ 206.11 What types of CAMP services must be provided?

- (a) In addition to the services provided in \$206.10(b)(2), CAMP projects must provide follow-up services for project participants after they have completed their first year of college.
- (b) Follow-up services may include-
- (1) Monitoring and reporting the academic progress of students who participated in the project during their first year of college and their subsequent years in college; and
- (2) Referring these students to on- or off-campus providers of counseling services, academic assistance, or financial aid.