Off. of Spec. Educ. and Rehab. Services, Education

(4) Special Projects and Demonstrations for Providing Transitional Rehabilitation Services to Youths with Disabilities (34 CFR part 376).

(5) Projects for Initiating Special Recreation Programs for Individuals with Disabilities.

(6) Projects with Industry (34 CFR part 379).

(Authority: Secs. 112, 130, 305, 308, 311a, 311(a)(3), 311(a)(4), 312, 316, and 621 of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 732, 750, 775, 776, 777(a)(1), 777(a)(3), 777(a)(4), 777(b), 777f, and 795g)

[46 FR 5417, Jan. 19, 1981, as amended at 50
FR 9962, Mar. 12, 1985; 51 FR 3895, Jan. 30, 1986; 53 FR 17142, 17143, May 13, 1988; 59 FR
8335, Feb. 18, 1994; 62 FR 10403, Mar. 6, 1997]

§ 369.2 Who is eligible for assistance under these programs?

(a) Vocational rehabilitation service projects for American Indians with disabilities. Governing bodies of Indian tribes and consortia of those governing bodies located on Federal and State reservations are eligible for assistance to support projects for providing vocational rehabilitation services to American Indians with disabilities.

(Authority: Sec. 130 of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 750)

(b) Special projects and demonstrations for providing vocational rehabilitation services to individuals with disabilities. States and public and other nonprofit agencies and organizations are eligible for expanding or otherwise improving vocational rehabilitation services to individuals with disabilities.

(Authority: Sec. 311(a)(1) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 777(a)(1))

(c) Vocational rehabilitation service projects for migratory agricultural workers and seasonal farmworkers with disabilities. State vocational rehabilitation agencies, local agencies administering vocational rehabilitation programs under written agreements with State agencies, and nonprofit agencies working in collaboration with State vocational rehabilitation agencies are eligible for assistance to support projects for providing vocational rehabilitation services to migratory agricultural workers or seasonal farmworkers with disabilities.

§ 369.3

(Authority: Sec. 312 of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 777(b))

(d) Projects for initiating special recreation programs for individuals with disabilities. State and other public agencies and private nonprofit agencies and organizations are eligible for assistance to support projects for initiating special recreation programs for individuals with disabilities.

(Authority: Sec. 316 of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 777(f))

(e) *Projects with industry*. Any designated State unit, labor union, community rehabilitation program provider, Indian tribe or tribal organization employer, trade association, or other agency or organization with the capacity to create and expand job and career opportunities for individuals with disabilities is eligible for assistance to support a project with industry.

(Authority: Sec. 621 of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 795(g))

(f) Special projects and demonstrations for providing transitional rehabilitation services to youths with disabilities. State and other public and nonprofit agencies and organizations are eligible for assistance under this program.

(Authority: Sec. 311(c) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 777a(c))

[46 FR 5417, Jan. 19, 1981, as amended at 50
FR 9962, Mar. 12, 1985; 51 FR 3895, Jan. 30, 1986; 53 FR 17142, 17143, May 13, 1988; 59 FR 8335, Feb. 18, 1994; 62 FR 10403, Mar. 6, 1997]

§ 369.3 What regulations apply to these programs?

The following regulations apply to the programs listed in §369.1(b):

(a) The Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR) as follows:

(1) 34 CFR part 74 (Administration of Grants to Institutions of Higher Education, Hospitals, and Nonprofit Organizations).

(2) 34 CFR part 75 (Direct Grant Programs).

(3) 34 CFR part 77 (Definitions that Apply to Department Regulations).

§ 369.4

(4) 34 CFR part 79 (Intergovernmental Review of Department of Education Programs and Activities); except the part 79 does not apply to the Vocational Rehabilitation Service Program for American Indians with Disabilities.

(5) 34 CFR part 80 (Uniform Administrative Requirements for Grants and Cooperative Agreements to State and Local Governments).

(6) 34 CFR part 81 (General Education Provisions Act—Enforcement).

(7) 34 CFR part 82 (New Restrictions on Lobbying).

(8) 34 CFR part 85 (Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement) and Governmentwide Requirements for Drug-Free Workplace (Grants)).

(9) 34 CFR part 86 (Drug-Free Schools and Campuses).

(b) The regulations in this part 369.

(c) The regulations in 34 CFR parts 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 378, and 379, as appropriate.

(Authority: Sec. 12(c) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. $711(\mathrm{c}))$

[51 FR 3895, Jan. 30, 1986, as amended at 55 FR 21714, May 25, 1990; 59 FR 8335, Feb. 18, 1994]

§ 369.4 What definitions apply to these programs?

(a) The following definitions in 34 CFR part 77 apply to the programs under Vocational Rehabilitation Service Projects—

Applicant Application Award Budget Period Department EDGAR Nonprofit Profit Project Period Public Secretary Work of Art

(Authority: Sec. 12(c) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 711(c))

(b) The following definitions also apply to programs under Vocational Rehabilitation Service Projects:

Act means the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 701 et seq.), as amended.

Community rehabilitation program means a program that provides directly or facilitates the provision of voca34 CFR Ch. III (7–1–10 Edition)

tional rehabilitation services to individuals with disabilities, and that provides, singly or in combination, for an individual with a disability to enable the individual to maximize opportunities for employment, including career advancement—

(1) Medical, psychiatric, psychological, social, and vocational services that are provided under one management;

(2) Testing, fitting, or training in the use of prosthetic and orthotic devices;(3) Recreational therapy;

(4) Physical and occupational therapy;

(5) Speech, language and hearing therapy;

(6) Psychiatric, psychological and social services, including positive behavior management;

(7) Assessment for determining eligibility and vocational rehabilitation needs;

(8) Rehabilitation technology;

(9) Job development, placement, and retention services;

(10) Evaluation or control of specific disabilities;

(11) Orientation and mobility services for individuals who are blind;

(12) Extended employment;

(13) Psychosocial rehabilitation services;

(14) Supported employment services and extended services;

(15) Services to family members when necessary to the vocational rehabilitation of the individual;

(16) Personal assistance services; or

(17) Services similar to the services described in paragraphs (1) through (16) of this definition.

(Authority: Sec. 7(25) of the Act; 29 U.S.C. 706(25))

Employment outcome means entering or retaining full-time or, if appropriate, part-time competitive employment in the integrated labor market, the practice of a profession, self-employment, homemaking, farm or family work (including work for which payment is in kind rather than cash), extended employment in a community