methods of analysis set forth in 40 CFR part 401 shall apply to this subpart.

(b) The term \textit{product} shall mean boric acid.

\section*{§ 415.282 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT).}

(a) Except as provided in 40 CFR 125.30 through 125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart and using borax produced by the Trona process must achieve the following effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT): There shall be no discharge of process wastewater pollutants to navigable waters, except that residual brine and depleted liquor may be returned to the body of water from which the process brine solution was originally withdrawn.

(b) Except as provided in 40 CFR 125.30 through 125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart and using remined borax must achieve the following effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT):

\begin{table}[h]
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline
\textbf{Pollutant or pollutant property} & \textbf{BPT limitations} & \\
& \textbf{Maximum for any 1 day} & \textbf{Average of daily values for 30 consecutive days} \\
\hline
Arsenic & 0.0028 & 0.0014 \\
TSS & 0.14 & 0.07 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\end{table}

*Within the range 6.0 to 9.0.*

\section*{Subpart AC—Bromine Production Subcategory}

\section*{§ 415.290 Applicability; description of the bromine production subcategory.}

The provisions of this subpart are applicable to discharges resulting from the production of bromine by the brine-mining process and by the Trona process.

\section*{§ 415.291 Specialized definitions. [Reserved]}

\section*{§ 415.292 Effluent limitations guidelines representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT).}

Except as provided in 40 CFR 125.30 through 125.32, any existing point source subject to this subpart must achieve the following effluent limitations representing the degree of effluent reduction attainable by the application of the best practicable control technology currently available (BPT): There shall be no discharge of process wastewater pollutants to navigable waters, except that residual brine and depleted liquor may be returned to the body of water from which the process brine solution was originally withdrawn.

\section*{§§ 415.293–415.295 [Reserved]}

\section*{§ 415.296 Pretreatment standards for new sources (PSNS).}

Except as provided in 40 CFR 403.7, any new source subject to this subpart which introduces pollutants into a publicly owned treatment works must comply with 40 CFR part 403 and achieve the following pretreatment standards for new sources (PSNS): The limitations are the same as specified in §415.292.

[40 FR 33421, Aug. 22, 1984]

\section*{Subpart AD—Calcium Carbonate Production Subcategory}

\section*{§ 415.300 Applicability; description of the calcium carbonate production subcategory.}

The provisions of this subpart are applicable to discharges resulting from the production of calcium carbonate by the milk of lime process and by the recovery process from Solvay process wastes.