§ 725.238 Activities conducted outside a structure.

(a) Exemption. (1) Research and development activities involving intentional testing in the environment of certain microorganisms listed in §725.239 may be conducted without prior review by EPA if all of the conditions of this section and §725.239 are met.

(2) The research and development activity involving a microorganism listed in §725.239 must be conducted by, or directly under the supervision of, a technically qualified individual, as defined in §725.3.

(b) Certification. To be eligible for the exemption under this section, a manufacturer or importer must submit to EPA prior to initiation of the activity a document signed by an authorized official containing the following information:

(1) Name, address, and telephone number of the manufacturer or importer.

(2) Location, estimated duration, and planned start date of the test.

(3) Certification of the following:

(i) Compliance with the conditions of the exemption specified for the microorganism in §725.239.

(ii) If state and/or local authorities have been notified of the activity, evidence of notification.

(c) Recordkeeping. Persons who conduct research and development activities under this section must comply with the recordkeeping requirements of §725.65 and retain documentation that supports their compliance with the requirements of this section and the specific requirements for the microorganism listed in §725.239.

§ 725.239 Use of specific microorganisms in activities conducted outside a structure.

(a) Bradyrhizobium japonicum. To qualify for an exemption under this section, all of the following conditions must be met for a test involving *Bradyrhizobium japonicum*:

(1) Characteristics of recipient microorganism. The recipient microorganism is limited to strains of *Bradyrhizobium japonicum*.

(2) Modification of traits. (i) The introduced genetic material must meet the criteria for poorly mobilizable listed in §725.421(c).

(ii) The introduced genetic material must consist only of the following components:

(A) The structural gene(s) of interest, which have the following limitations:
For structural genes encoding marker sequences, the gene is limited to the \textit{aadH} gene, which confers resistance to the antibiotics streptomycin and spectinomycin.

For traits other than antibiotic resistance, the structural gene must be limited to the genera \textit{Bradyrhizobium} and \textit{Rhizobium}.

The regulatory sequences permitting the expression of solely the gene(s) of interest.

Associated nucleotide sequences needed to move genetic material, including linkers, homopolymers, adaptors, transposons, insertion sequences, and restriction enzyme sites.

The vector nucleotide sequences needed for vector transfer.

The vector nucleotide sequences needed for vector maintenance.

Limitations on exposure. (i) The test site area must be no more than 10 terrestrial acres.

(ii) The technically qualified individual must select appropriate methods to limit the dissemination of modified \textit{Bradyrhizobium japonicum}.

(b) \textit{Rhizobium meliloti}. To qualify for an exemption under this section, all of the following conditions must be met for a test involving \textit{Rhizobium meliloti}:

1. Characteristics of recipient microorganism. The recipient microorganism is limited to strains of \textit{Rhizobium meliloti}.

2. Modification of traits. (i) The introduced genetic material must meet the criteria for poorly mobilizable listed in §725.421(c) of this part.

(ii) The introduced genetic material must consist only of the following components:

   A. The structural gene(s) of interest, which have the following limitations:

   (i) For structural genes encoding marker sequences, the gene is limited to the \textit{aadH} gene, which confers resistance to the antibiotics streptomycin and spectinomycin.

   (ii) For traits other than antibiotic resistance, the structural gene must be limited to the genera \textit{Bradyrhizobium} and \textit{Rhizobium}.

   B. The regulatory sequences permitting the expression of solely the gene(s) of interest.

   C. Associated nucleotide sequences needed to move genetic material, including linkers, homopolymers, adaptors, transposons, insertion sequences, and restriction enzyme sites.

   D. The vector nucleotide sequences needed for vector transfer.

   E. The vector nucleotide sequences needed for vector maintenance.

(3) Limitations on exposure. (i) The test site area must be no more than 10 terrestrial acres.

(ii) The technically qualified individual must select appropriate methods to limit the dissemination of modified \textit{Rhizobium meliloti}.

§725.250 Procedural requirements for the TERA.

General requirements for all submissions under this part are contained in subparts A through C of this part. In addition, the following requirements apply to TERAs submitted under this subpart:

(a) When to submit the TERA. Each person who is eligible to submit a TERA under this subpart must submit the TERA at least 60 calendar days before the person intends to initiate the proposed research and development activity.

(b) Contents of the TERA. Each person who submits a TERA under this subpart must provide the information and test data described in §§725.255 and 725.260. In addition, the submitter must supply sufficient information to enable EPA to evaluate the effects of all activities for which approval is requested.

(c) A person may submit a TERA for one or more microorganisms and one or more research and development activities, including a research program.

(d) EPA will either approve the TERA, with or without conditions, or disapprove it under procedures established in this subpart.

(e) The manufacturer, importer, or processor who receives a TERA approval must comply with all terms of the approval, as well as conditions described in the TERA, and remains liable for compliance with all terms and conditions, regardless of who conducts the research and development activity. Any person conducting the research and development activity approved under the TERA must comply with all