## **General Services Administration**

## PART 105-57—ADMINISTRATION WAGE GARNISHMENT

Sec.	
105-57.001	Purpose, authority and scope.
105-57.002	Definitions.
105-57.003	General rule.
105-57.004	Notice requirements.
105-57.005	Hearing.
105-57.006	Wage garnishment order.
105-57.007	Certification by employer.
105-57.008	Amounts withheld.
105-57.009	Exclusions from garnishment.
105-57.010	Financial hardship.
105-57.011	Ending garnishment.
105-57.012	Actions prohibited by the em-
ployer	•
105-57.013	Refunds.
105-57.014	Right of action.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. \$552-553, 31 U.S.C. \$3720D, 31 CFR part 285.11.

Source: 68 FR 68761, Dec. 10, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

## \$105-57.001 Purpose, authority and scope.

- (a) This part provides standards and procedures for GSA to collect money from a debtor's disposable pay by means of administrative wage garnishment to satisfy delinquent non-tax debt owed to the United States.
- (b) These standards and procedures are authorized under the wage garnishment provisions of the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, codified at 31 U.S.C. 3720D, and Department of the Treasury Wage Garnishment Regulations at 31 CFR 285.11.
- (c) Scope. (1) This part applies to any GSA program that gives rise to a delinquent non-tax debt owed to the United States and that pursues recovery of such debt.
- (2) This part will apply notwithstanding any provision of State law.
- (3) Nothing in this part precludes the compromise of a debt or the suspension or termination of collection action in accordance with applicable law. See, for example, the Federal Claims Collection Standards (FCCS), 31 CFR parts 900 through 904.
- (4) The receipt of payments pursuant to this part does not preclude GSA from pursuing other debt collection remedies, including the offset of Federal payments to satisfy delinquent non-tax debt owed to the United States.

GSA may pursue such debt collection remedies separately or in conjunction with administrative wage garnishment.

- (5) This part does not apply to the collection of delinquent non-tax debt owed to the United States from the wages of Federal employees from their Federal employment. Federal pay is subject to the Federal salary offset procedures set forth in 5 U.S.C. 5514 and other applicable laws. GSA standards and procedures for offsetting Federal wage payments are stated in 41 CFR part 105-56.
- (6) Nothing in this part requires GSA to duplicate notices or administrative proceedings required by contract or other laws or regulations.

## § 105-57.002 Definitions.

- (a) Administrative offset, as defined in 31 U.S.C. 3701(a)(1), means withholding funds payable by the United States (including funds payable by the United States on behalf of a State government) to, or held by the United States for, a person to satisfy a claim.
- (b) Business day means Monday through Friday, excluding Federal legal holidays. For purposes of computation, the last day of the period will be included unless it is a Federal legal holiday.
- (c) Day means calendar day. For purposes of computation, the last day of the period will be included unless it is a Saturday, a Sunday, or a Federal legal holiday.
- (d) *Debtor* means an individual who owes a delinquent non-tax debt to the United States.
- (e) "Delinquent" or "past-due" non-tax debt means any non-tax debt that has not been paid by the date specified in GSA's initial written demand for payment or applicable agreement or instrument (including a post-delinquency payment agreement), unless other satisfactory payment arrangements have been made.
- (f) Disposable pay means that part of the debtor's compensation (including, but not limited to, salary, bonuses, commissions, and vacation pay) from an employer remaining after the deduction of health insurance premiums and any amounts required by law to be withheld. For purposes of this part,