§ 38.1

AUTHORITY: Sec. 413, Pub. L. 93–288. The Disaster Relief Act of 1974, 88 Stat. 157, 42 U.S.C. 5183, EO 11795, 39 FR 25939, as amended by EO 11910, 41 FR 15681.

Source: 41 FR 52052, Nov. 26, 1976, unless otherwise noted.

§38.1 Purpose; coordination.

- (a) Purpose. This part establishes standards and procedures for the implementation of section 413 of Pub. L. 93–288, the Disaster Relief Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5183) which authorizes the provision, either directly or through financial assistance to State or local agencies or private mental health organizations, of:
- (1) Professional counseling services to victims of a major disaster in order to relieve mental health problems caused or aggravated by such a major disaster or its aftermath; and
- (2) Training of disaster workers to provide or assist in providing those professional counseling services.
- (b) Coordination. The Secretary, acting through the National Institute of Mental Health, will, as provided in 24 CFR 2205.51, carry out section 413 of the Act and this part in coordination with and under the general policy guidance of, the Administrator of the Federal Disaster Assistance Administration. Contracts and grants awarded under this part are subject to all applicable provisions of the Act and the implementing regulations promulgated by the Administrator (24 CFR part 2205).

§ 38.2 Definitions.

- All terms not defined herein shall have the same meaning as given them in the Act. As used in this part:
- (a) Act means the Disaster Relief Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5121, $et\ seq.$).
- (b) Administrator means the Administrator, Federal Disaster Assistance Administration (FDAA), Department of Housing and Urban Development, and any other person to whom he delegates the authority.
- (c) Contractor means any public agency or private mental health organization which, pursuant to this part, contracts with the Secretary to provide professional mental health crisis counseling services or to provide mental health training for disaster workers.

- (d) Crisis means the existence of any life situation resulting from a major disaster or its aftermath which so effects the emotional and mental equilibrium of a disaster victim that professional mental health counseling services should be provided to help preclude possible damaging physical or psychological effects.
- (e) Disaster workers means mental health specialists such as psychiatrists, psychologists, psychiatric nurses, social workers, or qualified agents thereof.
- (f) Federal Coordinating Officer means the person appointed by the Administrator to coordinate Federal assistance in a major disaster.
- (g) Governor means the chief executive of a State.
- (h) Grantee means any public agency or private nonprofit mental health organization which, pursuant to this part, is awarded a grant for the purpose of providing professional mental health training for disaster workers.
- (i) Major disaster means any hurricane, tornado, storm, flood, highwater, wind-driven water, tidal wave, tsunami, earthquake, volcanic eruption, landslide, mudslide, snowstorm, drought, fire, explosion, or other catastrophe in any part of the United States which, in the determination of the President, causes damage of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant major disaster assistance under the Act above and beyond emergency services by the Federal Government, to supplement the efforts and available resources of the States, local governments, and disaster relief organizations, in alleviating the damage, loss, hardship, or suffering caused thereby.
- (j) Regional Director means a director of a regional office of the Federal Disaster Assistance Administration (FDAA).
- (k) Secretary means the Secretary of Health and Human Services and any other officer or employee of the Department of Health and Human Services to whom the authority involved has been delegated.
- (1) State means any of the fifty States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the Canal Zone, or