that are determined relevant to the investigation, including any evidence of additional instances of possible research misconduct, and continue the investigation to completion.

## § 93.311 Investigation time limits.

- (a) Time limit for completing an investigation. An institution must complete all aspects of an investigation within 120 days of beginning it, including conducting the investigation, preparing the report of findings, providing the draft report for comment in accordance with §93.312, and sending the final report to ORI under §93.315.
- (b) Extension of time limit. If unable to complete the investigation in 120 days, the institution must ask ORI for an extension in writing.
- (c) *Progress reports*. If ORI grants an extension, it may direct the institution to file periodic progress reports.

## §93.312 Opportunity to comment on the investigation report.

- (a) The institution must give the respondent a copy of the draft investigation report and, concurrently, a copy of, or supervised access to, the evidence on which the report is based. The comments of the respondent on the draft report, if any, must be submitted within 30 days of the date on which the respondent received the draft investigation report.
- (b) The institution may provide the complainant a copy of the draft investigation report or relevant portions of that report. The comments of the complainant, if any, must be submitted within 30 days of the date on which the complainant received the draft investigation report or relevant portions of it.

## §93.313 Institutional investigation report.

The final institutional investigation report must be in writing and include:

- (a) Allegations. Describe the nature of the allegations of research misconduct.
- (b) *PHS support.* Describe and document the PHS support, including, for example, any grant numbers, grant applications, contracts, and publications listing PHS support.
- (c) Institutional charge. Describe the specific allegations of research mis-

conduct for consideration in the investigation.

- (d) *Policies and procedures*. If not already provided to ORI with the inquiry report, include the institutional policies and procedures under which the investigation was conducted.
- (e) Research records and evidence. Identify and summarize the research records and evidence reviewed, and identify any evidence taken into custody but not reviewed.
- (f) Statement of findings. For each separate allegation of research misconduct identified during the investigation, provide a finding as to whether research misconduct did or did not occur, and if so—
- (1) Identify whether the research misconduct was falsification, fabrication, or plagiarism, and if it was intentional, knowing, or in reckless disregard:
- (2) Summarize the facts and the analysis which support the conclusion and consider the merits of any reasonable explanation by the respondent;
  - (3) Identify the specific PHS support;
- (4) Identify whether any publications need correction or retraction;
- (5) Identify the person(s) responsible for the misconduct; and
- (6) List any current support or known applications or proposals for support that the respondent has pending with non-PHS Federal agencies.
- (g) Comments. Include and consider any comments made by the respondent and complainant on the draft investigation report.
- (h) Maintain and provide records. Maintain and provide to ORI upon request all relevant research records and records of the institution's research misconduct proceeding, including results of all interviews and the transcripts or recordings of such interviews.

## §93.314 Institutional appeals.

(a) While not required by this part, if the institution's procedures provide for an appeal by the respondent that could result in a reversal or modification of the findings of research misconduct in the investigation report, the institution must complete any such appeal within 120 days of its filing. Appeals from personnel or similar actions that