- (3) Furnished as an incidental, although integral part of professional services furnished by a nurse practitioner, physician assistant, nurse midwife. or specialized nurse practitioner;
- (4) Furnished under the direct, personal supervision of a nurse practitioner, physician assistant, nurse midwife, specialized nurse practitioner or a physician; and
- (5) In the case of a service, furnished by a member of the clinic's health care staff who is an employee of the clinic.
- (b) The direct personal supervision requirement is met in the case of a nurse practitioner, physician assistant, nurse midwife, or specialized nurse practitioner only if such a person is permitted to supervise such services under the written policies governing the rural health clinic.
- (c) Only drugs and biologicals which cannot be self-administered are included within the scope of this benefit.

#### § 405.2416 Visiting nurse services.

- (a) Visiting nurse services are covered if:
- (1) The rural health clinic is located in an area in which the Secretary has determined that there is a shortage of home health agencies;
- (2) The services are rendered to a homebound individual;
- (3) The services are furnished by a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or licensed vocational nurse who is employed by, or receives compensation for the services from the clinic; and
- (4) The services are furnished under a written plan of treatment that is:
- (i) Established and reviewed at least every 60 days by a supervising physician of the rural health clinic or established by a nurse practitioner, physician assistant, nurse midwife, or specialized nurse practitioner and reviewed at least every 60 days by a supervising physician; and
- (ii) Signed by the nurse practitioner, physician assistant, nurse midwife, specialized nurse practitioner, or the supervising physician of the clinic.
- (b) The nursing care covered by this section includes:
- (1) Services that must be performed by a registered nurse, licensed practical nurse, or licensed vocational

- nurse if the safety of the patient is to be assured and the medically desired results achieved; and
- (2) Personal care services, to the extent covered under Medicare as home health services. These services include helping the patient to bathe, to get in and out of bed, to exercise and to take medications
- (c) This benefit does not cover household and housekeeping services or other services that would constitute custodial care.
- (d) For purposes of this section, home-bound means an individual who is permanently or temporarily confined to his or her place of residence because of a medical or health condition. The individual may be considered homebound if he or she leaves the place of residence infrequently. For this purpose, "place of residence" does not include a hospital or long term care facility.

### § 405.2417 Visiting nurse services: Determination of shortage of agencies.

- A shortage of home health agencies exists if the Secretary determines that the rural health clinic:
- (a) Is located in a county, parish, or similar geographic area in which there is no participating home health agency or adequate home health services are not available to patients of the rural health clinic:
- (b) Has (or expects to have) patients whose permanent residences are not within the area serviced by a participating home health agency; or
- (c) Has (or expects to have) patients whose permanent residences are not within a reasonable traveling distance, based on climate and terrain, of a participating home health agency.

# FEDERALLY QUALIFIED HEALTH CENTER SERVICES

Source: 57 FR 24978, June 12, 1992, unless otherwise noted.

#### § 405.2430 Basic requirements.

(a) Filing procedures. (1) In response to a request from an entity that wishes to participate in the Medicare program, CMS enters into an agreement with an entity when—

#### § 405.2434

- (i) PHS recommends that the entity qualifies as a Federally qualified health center;
- (ii) The Federally qualified health center assures CMS that it meets the Federally qualified health center requirements specified in this subpart and part 491, as described in § 405.2434(a); and
- (iii) The FQHC terminates other provider agreements, unless the FQHC assures CMS that it is not using the same space, staff and resources simultaneously as a physician's office or another type of provider or supplier. A corporate entity may own other provider types as long as the provider types are distinct from the FQHC.
- (2) CMS sends the entity a written notice of the disposition of the request.
- (3) When the requirement of paragraph (a)(1) of this section is satisfied, CMS sends the entity two copies of the agreement. The entity must sign and return both copies of the agreement to CMS.
- (4) If CMS accepts the agreement filed by the Federally qualified health center, CMS returns to the center one copy of the agreement with the notice of acceptance specifying the effective date (see § 489.11), as determined under § 405.2434.
- (b) Recommendations by PHS about Federally qualified health centers. (1) An entity must—
- (i) Meet the applicable requirements of the PHS Act, as specified in §405.2401(b); and
- (ii) Be recommended by PHS to CMS as a Federally qualified health center.
- (2) The PHS notifies CMS of entities that meet the requirements specified in §405.2401(b).
- (c) Provider-based and freestanding Federally qualified health centers. The requirements and benefits under Medicare for provider-based or freestanding Federally qualified health centers are the same, except that payment methodologies differ, as described in § 405.2462.
- (d) *Appeals*. An entity is entitled to a hearing in accordance with part 498 of this chapter when CMS fails to enter into an agreement with the entity.

[57 FR 24978, June 12, 1992, as amended at 61 FR 14657, Apr. 3, 1996]

## § 405.2434 Content and terms of the agreement.

Under the agreement, the Federally qualified health center must agree to the following:

- (a) Maintain compliance with the requirements. (1) The Federally qualified health center must agree to maintain compliance with the Federally qualified health center requirements set forth in this subpart and part 491, except that the provisions of § 491.3 do not apply.
- (2) Centers must promptly report to CMS any changes that result in non-compliance with any of these requirements.
- (b) Effective date of agreement. (1) Except as specified in paragraph (b)(2) of this section, the effective date of the agreement is the date CMS accepts the signed agreement, which assures that all Federal requirements are met.
- (2) For facilities that met all requirements on October 1, 1991, the effective date of the agreement can be October 1, 1991.
- (c) Charges to beneficiaries. (1) The beneficiary is responsible for payment of a coinsurance amount which is 20 percent of the amount of Part B payment made to the Federally qualified health center for the covered services. There is no coinsurance for a second or third opinion obtained in accordance with section 1164 of the Act or for pneumococcal vaccine and its administration.
- (2) The beneficiary is responsible for blood deductible expenses, as specified in §410.161.
- (3) The Federally qualified health center agrees not to charge the beneficiary (or any other person acting on behalf of a beneficiary) for any Federally qualified health center services for which the beneficiary is entitled to have payment made on his or her behalf by the Medicare program (or for which the beneficiary would have been entitled if the Federally qualified health center had filed a request for payment in accordance with §410.165 of this chapter), except for coinsurance amounts.
- (4) The Federally qualified health center may charge the beneficiary for items and services that are not Federally qualified health center services.