§414.917  Dispute resolution and process for suspension or termination of approved CAP contract and termination of physician participation under exigent circumstances.

(a) General rule. If a participating CAP physician finds an approved CAP vendor’s service, or the quality of a CAP drug supplied by the approved CAP vendor to be unsatisfactory, then the physician may address the issue first through the approved CAP vendor’s grievance process, and second through an alternative dispute resolution process administered by the designated carrier and CMS. If CMS suspends an approved CAP vendor’s CAP contract for noncompliance or terminates the CAP contract in accordance with §414.914(a), the approved CAP vendor may request a reconsideration in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section.

(b) Dispute resolution. (1) When a participating CAP physician is dissatisfied with an approved CAP vendor’s service or the quality of a CAP drug supplied by the approved CAP vendor, then the physician may address the issue first through the approved CAP vendor’s grievance process, and second through an alternative dispute resolution process administered by the designated carrier and CMS. If CMS suspends an approved CAP vendor’s CAP contract for noncompliance or terminates the CAP contract in accordance with §414.914(a), the approved CAP vendor may request a reconsideration in accordance with paragraph (c) of this section.

under the rules of evidence applied in Federal courts;

(D) Either party may call witnesses from among those individuals specified in paragraph (c)(7)(ii)(A) of this section; and

(E) The hearing officer does not have the authority to compel by subpoena the production of witnesses, papers, or other evidence.

(8) Hearing officer’s findings. (i) Within 30 days of the hearing officer’s receipt of the hearing request, the hearing officer presents the findings and recommendations to the participating CAP physician who requested the reconsideration. If the hearing officer decides to conduct an in-person or telephone hearing, the hearing officer will send a hearing notice to the participating CAP physician within 10 days of receipt of the hearing request, and the findings and recommendations are due to the participating CAP physician within 30 days of the hearing’s conclusion.

(ii) The written report of the hearing officer includes separate numbered findings of fact and the legal conclusions of the hearing officer.

(9) Final reconsideration determination. (i) The hearing officer’s decision is final unless the director of the CMS Center for Medicare Management or his or her designee chooses to review that decision within 30 days. If the decision is favorable to the participating CAP physician, then the participating CAP physician may resume his or her participation in CAP. The hearing officer and the CMS official may review decisions that are favorable or unfavorable to the participating CAP physician.

(ii) The CMS official may accept, reject, or modify the hearing officer’s findings.

(iii) If the CMS official reviews the hearing officer’s decision, the CMS official issues a final reconsideration determination to the participating CAP physician on the basis of the hearing officer’s findings and recommendations and other relevant information.

(iv) The reconsideration determination of the CMS official is final. If the final decision is unfavorable to the participating CAP physician, then the participating CAP physician’s CAP election agreement is terminated.

(d) The approved CAP vendor may not charge the beneficiary for the full drug coinsurance amount if the designated contractor did not pay the approved CAP vendor in full, unless a properly executed advance beneficiary notice is in place. When a beneficiary receives an inappropriate coinsurance bill, the beneficiary may participate in the approved CAP vendor’s grievance process to request correction of the approved CAP vendor’s file. If the beneficiary is dissatisfied with the result of the approved CAP vendor’s grievance process, the beneficiary may request intervention from the designated carrier. This is in addition to, rather than in place of, any other beneficiary appeal rights. The designated carrier will first investigate the facts and then facilitate correction to the appropriate claim record and beneficiary file.

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are not resolved through the grievance process to the physician’s satisfaction, then the participating CAP physician may ask the designated carrier to—
(i) Review the approved CAP vendor’s performance; and
(ii) Potentially recommend termination of the approved CAP vendor’s CAP contract.
(2) Responsibility of the designated carrier. The designated carrier—
(i) Gathers information from the local carrier, the participating CAP physician, the beneficiary, and the approved CAP vendor; and
(ii) Makes a recommendation to CMS on whether the approved CAP vendor has been meeting the service and quality obligations of its CAP contract. This recommendation will include numbered findings of fact.
(3) CMS will review the recommendation of the designated carrier and, gather relevant additional information from the approved CAP vendor, the participating CAP physician, the local carrier, and the beneficiary before deciding whether to terminate the approved CAP vendor’s CAP contract.
(4) The approved CAP vendor may appeal that termination by requesting a reconsideration. A determination must be made as to whether the approved CAP vendor has been meeting the service and quality obligations of its CAP contract. The approved CAP vendor’s contract will remain suspended during the reconsideration process.
(c) Reconsideration—(1) Right to reconsideration. An approved CAP vendor dissatisfied with a determination that its CAP contract has been suspended or terminated by CMS is entitled to a reconsideration as provided in this subpart.
(2) Eligibility for reconsideration. CMS will reconsider any determination to suspend or terminate an approved CAP vendor’s contract if the approved CAP vendor files a written request for reconsideration in accordance with paragraphs (c)(3) and (c)(4) of this section.
(3) Manner and timing of request for reconsideration. An approved CAP vendor that is dissatisfied with a CMS decision to suspend or terminate its CAP contract may request a reconsideration of the decision by filing a request with CMS. The request must be filed within 30 days of receipt of the CMS decision letter notifying the approved CAP vendor of the suspension or termination of its CAP contract.
(4) Content of request. The request for reconsideration must specify—
(i) The findings or issues with which the approved CAP vendor disagrees;
(ii) The reasons for the disagreement;
(iii) A recital of the facts and law supporting the approved CAP vendor’s position;
(iv) Any supporting documentation; and
(v) Any supporting statements from participating CAP physicians, the local carrier, or beneficiaries.
(5) Withdrawal of request for reconsideration. An approved CAP vendor may withdraw its request for reconsideration at any time before the issuance of a reconsideration determination.
(6) Discretionary informal hearing. In response to a request for reconsideration, CMS may, at its discretion, provide the approved CAP vendor the opportunity for an informal hearing that—
(i) Is conducted by a hearing officer appointed by the Director of the CMS Center for Medicare Management or his or her designee; and
(ii) Provides the approved CAP vendor the opportunity to present, by telephone or in person, evidence to rebut CMS’ decision to suspend or terminate the approved CAP vendor’s CAP contract.
(7) Informal hearing procedures. (i) CMS will provide written notice of the time and place of the informal hearing at least 10 days before the scheduled date.
(ii) The informal reconsideration hearing will be conducted in accordance with the following procedures:
(A) The hearing is open to CMS and the approved CAP vendor requesting the reconsideration, including—
(1) Authorized representatives;
(2) Technical advisors (individuals with knowledge of the facts of the case or presenting interpretation of the facts);
(3) Representatives from the local carriers and the designated carrier;
(4) The participating CAP physician who requested the suspension, if any; and
(5) Legal counsel.

(B) The hearing will be conducted by the hearing officer, who will receive relevant testimony;

(C) Testimony and other evidence may be accepted by the hearing officer even though it would be inadmissible under the rules of evidence applied in Federal courts;

(D) Either party may call witnesses from among those individuals specified in the paragraph (c)(7)(ii)(A) of this section; and

(E) The hearing officer does not have the authority to compel by subpoena the production of witnesses, papers, or other evidence.

8 Hearing officer’s findings. (i) Within 30 days of the hearing officer’s receipt of the hearing request, the hearing officer will present the findings and recommendations to the approved CAP vendor that requested the reconsideration. If the hearing officer conducts a hearing in person or by phone, the hearing officer will send a hearing notice to the approved CAP vendor within 10 days of receipt of the hearing request, and the findings and recommendations are due to the approved CAP vendor within 30 days from of the hearing’s conclusion.

(ii) The written report of the hearing officer will include separate numbered findings of fact and the legal conclusions of the hearing officer.

9 Final reconsideration determination.

(i) The hearing officer’s decision is final unless the Director of the CMS Center for Medicare Management or his or her designee (CMS official) chooses to review that decision within 30 days. If the decision is favorable to the approved CAP vendor, then the approved CAP vendor may resume participation in CAP. The hearing officer and the CMS official may review decisions that are favorable or unfavorable to the approved CAP vendor.

(ii) The CMS official may accept, reject, or modify the hearing officer’s findings.

(iii) If the CMS official reviews the hearing officer’s decision, the CMS official will issue a final reconsideration determination to the approved CAP vendor on the basis of the hearing officer’s findings and recommendations and other relevant information.

(iv) The reconsideration determination of the CMS official is final.

(d) CAP participating physicians’ exigent circumstances provision. The following process must be completed for participating CAP physicians’ requests to terminate their participation in the program under exigent circumstances provisions described in §414.908(a)(2)(v):

(1) The designated carrier must—

(i) Determine whether a request to terminate CAP participation was related to approved CAP vendor service, and if so, forward the issue to the approved CAP vendor’s grievance process within 1 business day of the receipt of the request; or

(ii) Continue to investigate, consistent with §414.916(b)(2) of this chapter, and within 2 business days of receipt, do any of the following:

(A) Request a single, 2-business day extension. No later than the end of any 2-business day extension, the designated carrier must make findings and a recommendation as provided in subparagraph (B) or (C).

(B) Submit a recommendation and relevant findings to CMS that the requesting participating CAP physician be permitted to terminate his or her participation in the CAP.

(C) Submit a recommendation and relevant findings to CMS that the requesting participating CAP physician not be permitted to terminate his or her participation in the CAP.

(ii) In the case of a request made under §414.908(a)(2)(v)(B), the designated carrier also shall include in its recommendation its finding with respect to whether the request is based on a change in circumstances of which the participating CAP physician was previously unaware.

(2) CMS will consider the carrier’s findings and recommendation and may also make its own findings. As a result, CMS will—

(i) Approve or deny the request to terminate participation in the CAP within 2 business days of receipt of the recommendation.

(ii) Communicate the decision to the appropriate Medicare contractors and the participating CAP physician.

(3) A denial of the participating CAP physician’s request to terminate participation in the CAP must include
§ 414.930 Compendia for determination of medically-accepted indications for off-label uses of drugs and biologicals in an anti-cancer chemotherapeutic regimen.

(a) Definitions. For the purposes of this section:

Compendium means a comprehensive listing of FDA-approved drugs and biologicals or a comprehensive listing of a specific subset of drugs and biologicals in a specialty compendium, for example a compendium of anti-cancer treatment.

(i) Includes a summary of the pharmacologic characteristics of each drug or biological and may include information on dosage, as well as recommended or endorsed uses in specific diseases.

(ii) Is indexed by drug or biological.

(iii) Has a publicly transparent process for evaluating therapies and for identifying potential conflicts of interests.

Publicly transparent process for evaluating therapies means that the process provides that the following information from an internal or external request for inclusion of a therapy in a compendium are available to the public for a period of not less than 5 years, which includes availability on the compendium’s Web site for a period of not less than 3 years, coincident with the compendium’s publication of the related recommendation:

(i) The internal or external request for listing of a therapy recommendation including criteria used to evaluate the request.

(ii) A listing of all the evidentiary materials reviewed or considered by the compendium pursuant to the request.

(iii) A listing of all individuals who have substantively participated in the review or disposition of the request.

(iv) Minutes and voting records of meetings for the review and disposition of the request.

Publicly transparent process for identifying potential conflicts of interests means that process provides that the following information is identified and made timely available in response to a public request for a period of not less than 5 years, coincident with the compendium’s publication of the related recommendation:

(b) The establishment of payment amounts.

(c) The establishment of vendor contracts.

(d) The establishment of competitive acquisition areas.

(e) The selection of CAP drugs.

(f) The bidding structure.

(g) The number of vendors selected.