Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services, HHS

§ 433.127 Termination of FFP for failure to provide access to claims processing and information retrieval systems.

CMS will terminate FFP at any time if the Medicaid agency fails to provide State and Federal representatives with full access to the system, including on-site inspection. CMS may request such access at any time to determine whether the agents in this subpart are being met. [43 FR 45203, Sept. 29, 1978. Redesignated and amended at 50 FR 30847 and 30848, July 30, 1985]

§ 433.130 Waiver of conditions of initial operation and approval.

(a) CMS will waive requirements for initial operation and approval of systems under §433.113 for a State meeting the requirements of paragraph (b) of this section and that had a 1976 population of less than one million and made total Federal and State Medicaid expenditures of less than $100 million in fiscal year 1976. Population figures are those reported by the Bureau of the Census. Expenditures for fiscal year 1976 are those reported by the State for that year.

(b) To be eligible for this waiver, the agency must submit its reasons to CMS in writing and demonstrate to CMS’s satisfaction that a system will not significantly improve the efficiency of the administration of the State plan.

(c) If CMS denies the waiver request, the notice of denial will include—

(1) The findings of fact upon which the denial was made; and

(2) The procedures for appeal of the denial.

(d) If CMS determines, after granting a waiver, that a system would significantly improve the administration of the State Medicaid program, CMS may withdraw the waiver and require that a State obtain initial approval of a system within two years of the date of waiver withdrawal. [50 FR 30848, July 30, 1985, as amended at 54 FR 41974, Oct. 13, 1989]

§ 433.131 Waiver for noncompliance with conditions of approval and reapproval.

If a State is unable to comply with the conditions of approval or of reapproval and the noncompliance will cause a percentum reduction in FFP, CMS will waive the FFP reduction in the following circumstances:

(a) Good cause. If CMS determines that good cause existed, CMS will waive the FFP reduction attributable to those items for which the good cause existed. A waiver of FFP consequences of the failure to meet the conditions of approval or reapproval based upon good cause will not extend beyond two consecutive quarters.

(b) Circumstances beyond the control of a State. The State must satisfactorily explain the circumstances that are beyond its control. When CMS grants the waiver, CMS will also defer all other system deadlines for the same length of time that the waiver applies. [50 FR 30848, July 30, 1985, as amended at 54 FR 41974, Oct. 13, 1989]

Subpart D—Third Party Liability

SOURCE: 45 FR 8984, Feb. 11, 1980, unless otherwise noted.