#### §483.108

## §483.108 Relationship of PASARR to other Medicaid processes.

- (a) PASARR determinations made by the State mental health or mental retardation authorities cannot be countermanded by the State Medicaid agency, either in the claims process or through other utilization control/review processes or by the State survey and certification agency. Only appeals determinations made through the system specified in subpart E of this part may overturn a PASARR determination made by the State mental health or mental retardation authorities.
- (b) In making their determinations, however, the State mental health and mental retardation authorities must not use criteria relating to the need for NF care or specialized services that are inconsistent with this regulation and any supplementary criteria adopted by the State Medicaid agency under its approved State plan.
- (c) To the maximum extent practicable, in order to avoid duplicative testing and effort, the PASARR must be coordinated with the routine resident assessments required by §483.20(b).

### § 483.110 Out-of-State arrangements.

- (a) Basic rule. The State in which the individual is a State resident (or would be a State resident at the time he or she becomes eligible for Medicaid), as defined in §435.403 of this chapter, must pay for the PASARR and make the required determinations, in accordance with §431.52(b).
- (b) Agreements. A State may include arrangements for PASARR in its provider agreements with out-of-State facilities or reciprocal interstate agreements.

[57 FR 56506, Nov. 30, 1992; 58 FR 25784, Apr. 28, 1993]

# § 483.112 Preadmission screening of applicants for admission to NFs.

(a) Determination of need for NF services. For each NF applicant with MI or MR, the State mental health or mental retardation authority (as appropriate) must determine, in accordance with §483.130, whether, because of the resident's physical and mental condition, the individual requires the level of services provided by a NF.

- (b) Determination of need for specialized services. If the individual with mental illness or mental retardation is determined to require a NF level of care, the State mental health or mental retardation authority (as appropriate) must also determine, in accordance with §483.130, whether the individual requires specialized services for the mental illness or mental retardation, as defined in §483.120.
- (c) Timeliness—(1) Except as specified in paragraph (c)(4) of this section, a preadmission screening determination must be made in writing within an annual average of 7 to 9 working days of referral of the individual with MI or MR by whatever agent performs the Level I identification, under §483.128(a) of this part, to the State mental health or mental retardation authority for screening. (See §483.128(a) for discussion of Level I evaluation.)
- (2) The State may convey determinations verbally to nursing facilities and the individual and confirm them in writing.
- (3) The State may compute separate annual averages for the mentally ill and the mentally retarded/developmentally disabled populations.
- (4) The Secretary may grant an exception to the timeliness standard in paragraph (c)(1) of this section when the State—
- (i) Exceeds the annual average; and
- (ii) Provides justification satisfactory to the Secretary that a longer time period was necessary.

### § 483.114 Annual review of NF residents.

- (a) Individuals with mental illness. For each resident of a NF who has mental illness, the State mental health authority must determine in accordance with §483.130 whether, because of the resident's physical and mental condition. the resident requires—
  - (1) The level of services provided by—
  - (i) A NF;
- (ii) An inpatient psychiatric hospital for individuals under age 21, as described in section 1905(h) of the Act; or
- (iii) An institution for mental diseases providing medical assistance to individuals age 65 or older; and
- (2) Specialized services for mental illness, as defined in §483.120.