§150.405 Filing of request for hearing.

- (a) A respondent has a right to a hearing before an ALJ if it files a request for hearing that complies with §150.407(a), within 30 days after the date of issuance of either CMS's notice of proposed assessment under §150.343 or notice that an alternative dispute resolution process has terminated. The request for hearing should be addressed as instructed in the notice of proposed determination. "Date of issuance" is five (5) days after the filing date, unless there is a showing that the document was received earlier.
- (b) The ALJ may extend the time for filing a request for hearing only if the ALJ finds that the respondent was prevented by events or circumstances beyond its control from filing its request within the time specified above. Any request for an extension of time must be made promptly by written motion.

§ 150.407 Form and content of request for hearing.

- (a) The request for hearing must do the following:
- (1) Identify any factual or legal bases for the assessment with which the respondent disagrees.
- (2) Describe with reasonable specificity the basis for the disagreement, including any affirmative facts or legal arguments on which the respondent is relying.
- (b) The request for hearing must identify the relevant notice of assessment by date and attach a copy of the notice.

§ 150.409 Amendment of notice of assessment or request for hearing.

The ALJ may permit CMS to amend its notice of assessment, or permit the respondent to amend a request for hearing that complies with \$150.407(a), if the ALJ finds that no undue prejudice to either party will result.

§ 150.411 Dismissal of request for hearing.

An ALJ will order a request for hearing dismissed if the ALJ determines that:

(a) The request for hearing was not filed within 30 days as specified by §150.405(a) or any extension of time

- granted by the ALJ pursuant to §150.405(b).
- (b) The request for hearing fails to meet the requirements of §150.407.
- (c) The entity that filed the request for hearing is not a respondent under §150.401.
- (d) The respondent has abandoned its request.
- (e) The respondent withdraws its request for hearing.

§150.413 Settlement.

CMS has exclusive authority to settle any issue or any case, without the consent of the administrative law judge at any time before or after the administrative law judge's decision.

§150.415 Intervention.

- (a) The ALJ may grant the request of an entity, other than the respondent, to intervene if all of the following
- (1) The entity has a significant interest relating to the subject matter of the case.
- (2) Disposition of the case will, as a practical matter, likely impair or impede the entity's ability to protect that interest.
- (3) The entity's interest is not adequately represented by the existing parties.
- (4) The intervention will not unduly delay or prejudice the adjudication of the rights of the existing parties.
- (b) A request for intervention must specify the grounds for intervention and the manner in which the entity seeks to participate in the proceedings. Any participation by an intervenor must be in the manner and by any deadline set by the ALJ.
- (c) The Department of Labor or the IRS may intervene without regard to paragraphs (a)(1) through (a)(3) of this section.

§ 150.417 Issues to be heard and decided by ALJ.

- (a) The ALJ has the authority to hear and decide the following issues:
- (1) Whether a basis exists to assess a civil money penalty against the respondent.
- (2) Whether the amount of the assessed civil money penalty is reasonable.