## § 74.803

safety 700 MHz licensee must cease operations immediately, consistent with the rules for secondary use.

[52 FR 2535, Jan. 23, 1987, as amended at 68 FR 12772, Mar. 17, 2003; 75 FR 3638, Jan. 22, 2010]

## §74.803 Frequency selection to avoid interference.

(a) Where two or more low power auxiliary licensees need to operate in the same area, the licensees shall endeavor to select frequencies or schedule operation in such manner as to avoid mutual interference. If a mutually satisfactory arrangement cannot be reached, the Commission shall be notified and it will specify the frequency or frequencies to be employed by each licensee.

(b) The selection of frequencies in the bands allocated for TV broadcasting for use in any area shall be guided by the need to avoid interference to TV broadcast reception. In these bands, low power auxiliary station usage is secondary to TV broadcasting and land mobile stations operating in the UHF-TV spectrum and must not cause harmful interference. If such interference occurs, low power auxiliary station operation must immediately cease and may not be resumed until the interference problem has been resolved.

 $[42\ {\rm FR}\ 14729,\ {\rm Mar.}\ 16,\ 1977,\ {\rm as}\ {\rm amended}\ {\rm at}\ 52\ {\rm FR}\ 2535,\ {\rm Jan.}\ 23,\ 1987]$ 

## §74.831 Scope of service and permissible transmissions.

The license for a low power auxiliary station authorizes the transmission of cues and orders to production personnel and participants in broadcast programs and motion pictures and in the preparation therefor, the transmission of program material by means of a wireless microphone worn by a performer and other participants in a program or motion picture during rehearsal and during the actual broadcast, filming, or recording, or the transmission of comments, interviews, and reports from the scene of a remote broadcast. Low power auxiliary stations operating in the 944-952 MHz band may, in addition, transmit synchronizing signals and various control signals to portable or hand-carried TV cameras which employ low power radio

signals in lieu of cable to deliver picture signals to the control point at the scene of a remote broadcast.

 $[42\ FR\ 14729,\ Mar.\ 16,\ 1977,\ as\ amended\ at\ 51\ FR\ 4603,\ Feb.\ 6,\ 1986]$ 

## §74.832 Licensing requirements and procedures.

- (a) A license authorizing operation of one or more low power auxiliary stations will be issued only to the following:
- (1) A licensee of an AM, FM, TV, or International broadcast station or low power TV station. Low power auxiliary stations will be licensed for used with a specific broadcast or low power TV station or combination of stations licensed to the same licensee within the same community.
  - (2) A broadcast network entity.
- (3) A cable television system operator who operates a cable system that produces program material for origination or access cablecasting, as defined in §76.5(r).
- (4) Motion picture producers as defined in  $\S74.801$ .
- (5) Television program producers as defined in §74.801.
- (6) Licensees and conditional licensees of stations in the Service and Multichannel Multipoint Distribution Service as defined in §21.2 of this chapter, or entities that hold an executed lease agreement with an MDS or MMDS licensee or conditional licensee or with an Instructional Television Fixed Service licensee or permittee.
- (b) An application for a new or renewal of low power auxiliary license shall specify the frequency band or bands desired. Only those frequency bands necessary for satisfactory operation shall be requested.
- (c) Licensees of AM, FM, TV, and International broadcast stations; low power TV stations; and broadcast network entities may be authorized to operate low power auxiliary stations in the frequency bands set forth in §74.802(a).
- (d) Cable television operations, motion picture and television program producers may be authorized to operate low power auxiliary stations only in the bands allocated for TV broadcasting.