Federal Acquisition Regulation

government or agency thereof or is precluded by the laws of the country involved from making its records available for examination.

- (b) Determination and findings. The determination and findings must—
- (1) Identify the contract and its purpose, and identify if the contract is with a foreign contractor or with a foreign government or an agency of a foreign government:
- (2) Describe the efforts to include the basic clause;
- (3) State the reasons for the contractor's refusal to include the basic clause:
- (4) Describe the price and availability of the supplies or services from the United States and other sources; and
- (5) Determine that it will best serve the interest of the United States to use the appropriate alternate clause in paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

25.1002 Use of foreign currency.

- (a) Unless an international agreement or the WTO GPA (see 25.408(a)(4)) requires a specific currency, contracting officers must determine whether solicitations for contracts to be entered into and performed outside the United States will require submission of offers in U.S. currency or a specified foreign currency. In unusual circumstances, the contracting officer may permit submission of offers in other than a specified currency.
- (b) To ensure a fair evaluation of offers, solicitations generally should require all offers to be priced in the same currency. However, if the solicitation permits submission of offers in other than a specified currency, the contracting officer must convert the offered prices to U.S. currency for evaluation purposes. The contracting officer must use the current market exchange rate from a commonly used source in effect as follows:
- (1) For acquisitions conducted using sealed bidding procedures, on the date of bid opening.
- (2) For acquisitions conducted using negotiation procedures—
- (i) On the date specified for receipt of offers, if award is based on initial offers; otherwise
- (ii) On the date specified for receipt of final proposal revisions.

(c) If a contract is priced in foreign currency, the agency must ensure that adequate funds are available to cover currency fluctuations to avoid a violation of the Anti-Deficiency Act (31 U.S.C. 1341, 1342, 1511–1519).

[64 FR 72419, Dec. 27, 1999, as amended at 69 FR 1055, Jan. 7, 2004; 69 FR 77876, Dec. 28, 2004]

Subpart 25.11—Solicitation Provisions and Contract Clauses

25.1101 Acquisition of supplies.

The following provisions and clauses apply to the acquisition of supplies and the acquisition of services involving the furnishing of supplies.

- (a)(1) Insert the clause at 52.225–1, Buy American Act—Supplies, in solicitations and contracts with a value exceeding the micro-purchase threshold but not exceeding \$25,000; and in solicitations and contracts with a value exceeding \$25,000, if none of the clauses prescribed in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section apply, except if—
- (i) The solicitation is restricted to domestic end products in accordance with Subpart 6.3:
- (ii) The acquisition is for supplies for use within the United States and an exception to the Buy American Act applies (e.g., nonavailability, public interest, or information technology that is a commercial item); or
- (iii) The acquisition is for supplies for use outside the United States.
- (2) Insert the provision at 52.225–2, Buy American Act Certificate, in solicitations containing the clause at 52.225–1.
- (b)(1)(i) Insert the clause at 52.225-3, Buy American Act—Free Trade Agreements—Israeli Trade Act, in solicitations and contracts if—
- (A) The acquisition is for supplies, or for services involving the furnishing of supplies, for use within the United States, and the acquisition value is \$25,000 or more, but is less than \$203,000;
- (B) The acquisition is not for information technology that is a commercial item, using fiscal year 2004 or subsequent fiscal year funds; and
- (C) No exception in 25.401 applies. For acquisitions of agencies not subject to