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- (C) To the extent possible, employment of the contractor's own working capital;
- (ii) The advance payments are necessary to supplement other funds or credit available to a contractor;
- (iii) The recipient is otherwise qualified as a responsible contractor;
- (iv) The Government will benefit from performance prospects or there are other practical advantages; and
- (v) The case fits one or more of the categories described in 32.403.
- (d) If necessary, the agency may authorize advance payments in addition to progress or partial payments on the same contract (see 32.501–1(c)).
- (e) Each agency that provides advance payments shall—
- (1) Place the responsibility for making findings and determinations, and for approval of contract terms concerning advance payments (see 32.410), at an organizational level high enough to ensure uniform application of this subpart (see the limitation at 50.102–1(b) which also applies to advance payments authorized under Pub. L. 85–804 (50 U.S.C. 1431–1435)); and
- (2) Establish procedures for coordination, before advance payment authorization, with the activity that provides contract financing support.
- (f) If the contract provides for advance payments under Pub. L. 85-804, the contracting officer shall ensure conformance with the requirements of 50.103-7.

[48 FR 42328, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 59 FR 67047, Dec. 28, 1994; 72 FR 63030, Nov. 7, 2007]

32.403 Applicability.

Advance payments may be considered useful and appropriate for the following:

- (a) Contracts for experimental, research, or development work with non-profit educational or research institutions.
- (b) Contracts solely for the management and operation of Government-owned plants.
- (c) Contracts for acquisition, at cost, of property for Government ownership.
- (d) Contracts of such a highly classified nature that the agency considers it undesirable for national security to

permit assignment of claims under the contract.

- (e) Contracts entered into with financially weak contractors whose technical ability is considered essential to the agency. In these cases, the agency shall closely monitor the contractor's performance and financial controls to reduce the Government's financial risk.
- (f) Contracts for which a loan by a private financial institution is not practicable, whether or not a loan guarantee under this part is issued; for example, if—
- (1) Financing institutions will not assume a reasonable portion of the risk under a guaranteed loan;
- (2) Loans with reasonable interest rates or finance charges are not available to the contractor; or
- (3) Contracts involve operations so remote from a financial institution that the institution could not be expected to suitably administer a guaranteed loan.
- (g) Contracts with small business concerns, under which circumstances that make advance payments appropriate often occur (but see 32.104(b)).
- (h) Contracts under which exceptional circumstances make advance payments the most advantageous contract financing method for both the Government and the contractor.

[48 FR 42328, Sept. 19, 1983, as amended at 72 FR 27384, May 15, 2007]

32.404 Exclusions.

- (a) This subpart does not apply to advance payments authorized by law for—
 - (1) Rent;
 - (2) Tuition;
- (3) Insurance premiums;
- (4) Expenses of investigations in foreign countries;
- (5) Extension or connection of public utilities for Government buildings or installations;
 - (6) Subscriptions to publications;
- (7) Purchases of supplies or services in foreign countries, if—
- (i) The purchase price does not exceed \$15,000 (or equivalent amount of the applicable foreign currency); and
- (ii) The advance payment is required by the laws or government regulations of the foreign country concerned;