## 231.205-19

- (3) Strengthen the defense industrial and technology base of the United States.
- (4) Enhance the industrial competitiveness of the United States.
- (5) Promote the development of technologies identified as critical under 10 U.S.C. 2522.
- (6) Increase the development and promotion of efficient and effective applications of dual-use technologies.
- (7) Provide efficient and effective technologies for achieving such environmental benefits as: Improved environmental data gathering, environmental cleanup and restoration, pollution reduction in manufacturing, environmental conservation, and environmentally safe management of facilities
- (iv) For major contractors, the cognizant administrative contracting officer (ACO) or corporate ACO shall—
- (A) Determine whether IR&D/B&P projects are of potential interest to DoD; and
- (B) Provide the results of the determination to the contractor.
- (v) The cognizant contract administration office shall furnish contractors with guidance on financial information needed to support IR&D/B&P costs and on technical information needed from major contractors to support the potential interest to DoD determination (also see 242.771–3).

 $[64~{\rm FR}~8729,~{\rm Feb.}~23,~1999]$ 

## 231.205-19 Insurance and indemnification.

(e) In addition to the cost limitations in FAR 31.205-19(e), self-insurance and purchased insurance costs are subject to the requirements of the clauses at 252.217-7012, Liability and Insurance, and 252.228-7001, Ground and Flight Risk.

[75 FR 32645, June 8, 2010]

## 231.205-22 Legislative lobbying costs.

(a) Costs associated with preparing any material, report, list, or analysis on the actual or projected economic or employment impact in a particular State or congressional district of an acquisition program for which all research, development, testing, and eval-

uation has not been completed also are unallowable (10 U.S.C. 2249).

[69 FR 63332, Nov. 1, 2004]

## 231.205-70 External restructuring costs.

- (a) Scope. This subsection—
- (1) Prescribes policies and procedures for allowing contractor external restructuring costs when savings would result for DoD; and
  - (2) Implements 10 U.S.C. 2325.
- (b) Definitions. As used in this subsection:
- (1) Business combination means a transaction whereby assets or operations of two or more companies not previously under common ownership or control are combined, whether by merger, acquisition, or sale/purchase of assets.
- (2) External restructuring activities means restructuring activities occurring after a business combination that affect the operations of companies not previously under common ownership or control. They do not include restructuring activities occurring after a business combination that affect the operations of only one of the companies not previously under common ownership or control, or, when there has been no business combination, restructuring activities undertaken within one company. External restructuring activities are a direct outgrowth of a business combination. They normally will be initiated within 3 years of the business combination.
- (3) Restructuring activities means nonroutine, nonrecurring, or extraordinary activities to combine facilities, operations, or workforce, in order to eliminate redundant capabilities, improve future operations, and reduce overall costs. Restructuring activities do not include routine or ongoing repositionings and redeployments of a contractor's productive facilities or workforce (e.g., normal plant rearrangement or employee relocation), nor do they include other routine or ordinary activities charged as indirect costs that would otherwise have been incurred (e.g., planning and analysis, contract administration and oversight, or recurring financial and administrative support).