conformance with the Transport Canada TDG Regulations.

- (A) The CTC specification corresponds with a DOT specification and the cylinder markings are the same as those specified in this subchapter except that they were originally marked with the letters "CTC" in place of "DOT":
- (B) The cylinder has been requalified under a program authorized by the Transport Canada TDG Regulations or requalified in accordance with the requirements in §180.205 within the prescribed requalification period provided for the corresponding DOT specification;
- (C) When the regulations authorize a cylinder for a specific hazardous material with a specification marking prefix of "DOT", a cylinder marked "CTC" which otherwise bears the same markings that would be required of the specified "DOT" cylinder may be used; and
- (D) Transport of the cylinder and the material it contains is in all other respects in conformance with the requirements of this subchapter (e.g. valve protection, filling requirements, operational requirements, etc.).

(5) Class 1 (explosive) materials. When transporting Class 1 (explosive) material, rail and motor carriers must comply with 49 CFR 1572.9 and 1572.11 to the extent the requirements apply.

(6) Primary lithium batteries and cells. Packages containing primary lithium batteries and cells that meet the exception in §172.102, Special Provision 188 or 189 of this subchapter must be marked "PRIMARY LÎTHIUM BAT-TERIES—FORBIDDEN FOR TRANS-PORT ABOARD PASSENGER AIR-CRAFT" or "LITHIUM METAL BAT-TERIES-FORBIDDEN FOR TRANS-PORT ABOARD PASSENGER AIR-CRAFT." The provisions of this paragraph do not apply to packages that contain 5 kg (11 pounds) net weight or less of primary lithium batteries cells that are contained in or packed with equipment.

(b) Shipments to or from Mexico. Unless otherwise excepted, hazardous materials shipments from Mexico to the United States or from the United States to Mexico must conform to all applicable requirements of this subchapter. When a hazardous material

that is a material poisonous by inhalation (see §171.8) is transported by highway or rail from Mexico to the United States, or from the United States to Mexico, the following requirements apply:

- (1) The shipping description must include the words "Toxic Inhalation Hazard" or "Poison-Inhalation Hazard" or "Inhalation Hazard", as required in §172.203(m) of this subchapter.
- (2) The material must be packaged in accordance with requirements of this subchapter.
- (3) The package must be marked in accordance with §172.313 of this subchapter.
- (4) Except as provided in paragraph (e) (5) of this section, the package must be labeled or placarded POISON GAS or POISON INHALATION HAZARD, as appropriate, in accordance with subparts E and F of this subchapter.
- (5) A label or placard that conforms to the UN Recommendations (IBR, see §171.7) specifications for a "Division 2.3" or "Division 6.1" label or placard may be substituted for the POISON GAS or POISON INHALATION HAZ-ARD label or placard required by §§ 172.400(a) and 172.504(e) of this subchapter on a package transported in a closed transport vehicle or freight container. The transport vehicle or freight container must be marked with identification numbers for the material, regardless of the total quantity contained in the transport vehicle or freight container, in the manner specified in §172.313(c) of this subchapter and placarded as required by subpart F of this subchapter.

[Amdt. 171–111, 55 FR 52472, Dec. 21, 1990]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §171.12, see the List of CFR Sections Affected which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and on GPO Access.

§171.12a [Reserved]

§ 171.14 Transitional provisions for implementing certain requirements.

General. The purpose of the provisions of this section is to provide an orderly transition to certain new requirements so as to minimize any burdens associated with them.

§ 171.14

- Previously filled packages—(1) Packages filled prior to October 1, 1991. Notwithstanding the marking and labeling provisions of subparts D and E, respectively, of part 172, and the packaging provisions of part 173 and subpart B of part 172 of this subchapter, a package may be offered for transportation and transported prior to October 1, 2001 if it-
- (i) Conforms to the old requirements of this subchapter in effect on September 30, 1991;
- (ii) Was filled with a hazardous material prior to October 1, 1991;
- (iii) Is marked "Inhalation Hazard" if with appropriate. in accordance $\S \bar{172}.3\bar{13}$ of this subchapter or Special Provision 13, as assigned in the §172.101 table; and
- (iv) Is not emptied and refilled on or after October 1, 1991.
- (2) Non-bulk packages filled prior to October 1, 1996. Notwithstanding the packaging provisions of subpart B of part 172 and the packaging provisions of part 173 of this subchapter with respect to UN standard packagings, a non-bulk package other than a cylinder may be offered for transportation and transported domestically prior to October 1, 1999, if it-
- (i) Conforms to the requirements of this subchapter in effect on September 30, 1996;
- (ii) Was filled with a hazardous material prior to October 1, 1996; and
- (iii) Is not emptied and refilled on or after October 1, 1996.
 - (b) [Reserved]
- (c) Non-specification fiber drums. A non-specification fiber drum with a removable head is authorized for a liquid hazardous material in Packing Group III that is not poisonous by inhalation for which the packaging was authorized under the requirements of part 172 or part 173 of this subchapter in effect on September 30, 1991. This authorization expires on the date on which funds are authorized to be appropriated to carry out chapter 51 of title 49, United States Code (related to transportation of hazardous materials), for fiscal years beginning after September 30, 1997. Information concerning this funding authorization date may be obtained by contacting the Office of the Associate Administrator.

- (d) A final rule published in the FED-ERAL REGISTER on December 29, 2006, effective January 1, 2007, resulted in revisions to this subchapter. During the transition period, until January 1, 2008, as provided in paragraph (d)(1) of this section, a person may elect to comply with either the applicable requirements of this subchapter in effect on December 31, 2006, or the requirements published in the December 29, 2006 final rule.
- (1) Transition dates. The effective date of the final rule published on December 29, 2006 is January 1, 2007. A delayed compliance date of January 1, 2008, is authorized. Unless otherwise specified, on and after January 1, 2008, all applicable regulatory requirements adopted in the final rule in effect on January 1, 2007, must be met.
- (2) Intermixing old and new requirements. Marking, labeling, placarding, and shipping paper descriptions must conform to either the old requirements of this subchapter in effect on December 31, 2006, or the new requirements of this subchapter in the final rule without intermixing communication elements, except that intermixing is permitted during the applicable transition period for packaging, hazard communication and handling provisions, as follows:
- (i) If either shipping names or identification numbers are identical, a shipping paper may display the old shipping description even if the package is marked and labeled under the new shipping description;

(ii) If either shipping names or identification numbers are identical, a shipping paper may display the new shipping description; and

(iii) Either old or new placards may be used regardless of whether old or new shipping descriptions, labels, and package markings are used.

(3) [Reserved]

- (4) Until January 1, 2010, a hazardous material may be transported in an IM, IMO, or DOT Specification 51 portable tank in accordance with the T Codes (Special Provisions) assigned to a hazardous material in Column (7) of the §172.101 Table in effect on September 30, 2001.
- (5) Proper shipping names that included the word `"inhibited" prior to

the June 21, 2001 final rule in effect on October 1, 2001 are authorized on packagings and shipping papers in place of the word "stabilized" until October 1, 2007. Proper shipping names that included the word "compressed" prior to the final rule published on July 31, 2003 and effective on October 1, 2003 may continue to be shown on packagings and shipping papers until October 1, 2007.

- (6) Section 172.202(a)(7) requires the number and types of packages to be indicated on shipping papers. Until October 1, 2007, a person may elect to comply with the requirements for the number and type of packages in effect on September 30, 2003.
- (e) The shipping description sequences in effect on December 31, 2006, may be used until January 1, 2013.
- (f) Except for transportation by highway, a Division 5.2 label and a Division 5.2 placard conforming to the specifications in §§172.427 and 172.552, respectively, of this subchapter in effect on December 31, 2006, may be used until January 1, 2011. For transportation by highway, a Division 5.2 placard conforming to the specifications in §172.552 of this subchapter in effect on December 31, 2006 may be used until January 1, 2014.
- (g) The Class 3 and Division 6.1 classification criteria and packing group assignments in effect on December 31, 2006, may be used until January 1, 2012.
- (h) The proper shipping name "Gasohol gasoline mixed with ethyl alcohol, with not more than 20 percent alcohol" in effect on January 28, 2008, may continue to be used until October 1, 2010. Effective October 1, 2010, the new proper shipping name "Ethanol and gasoline mixture or ethanol and motor spirit mixture or ethanol and petrol mixture," and the revised proper shipping name "Gasohol gasoline mixed with ethyl alcohol, with not more than 10% alcohol" must be used, as appropriate.

[Amdt. 171-131, 59 FR 67406, Dec. 29, 1994]

EDITORIAL NOTE: For FEDERAL REGISTER citations affecting §171.14, see the List of CFR Sections Affected which appears in the Finding Aids section of the printed volume and on GPO Access.

Subpart B—Incident Reporting, Notification, BOE Approvals and Authorization

§ 171.15 Immediate notice of certain hazardous materials incidents.

- (a) General. As soon as practical but no later than 12 hours after the occurrence of any incident described in paragraph (b) of this section, each person in physical possession of the hazardous material must provide notice to the National Response Center (NRC) by telephone at 800-424-8802 (toll free) or 202-267-2675 (toll call) or online at http://www.nrc.uscg.mil. Notice involving an infectious substance (etiologic agent) may be given to the Director, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), U.S. Public Health Service, Atlanta, GA, 800-232-0124 (toll free), in place of notice to the NRC. Each notice must include the following information:
 - (1) Name of reporter;
- (2) Name and address of person represented by reporter;
- (3) Phone number where reporter can be contacted:
- (4) Date, time, and location of incident:
- (5) The extent of injury, if any;
- (6) Class or division, proper shipping name, and quantity of hazardous materials involved, if such information is available; and
- (7) Type of incident and nature of hazardous material involvement and whether a continuing danger to life exists at the scene.
- (b) Reportable incident. A telephone report is required whenever any of the following occurs during the course of transportation in commerce (including loading, unloading, and temporary storage):
- (1) As a direct result of a hazardous material—
 - (i) A person is killed;
- (ii) A person receives an injury requiring admittance to a hospital;
- (iii) The general public is evacuated for one hour or more;
- (iv) A major transportation artery or facility is closed or shut down for one hour or more: or
- (v) The operational flight pattern or routine of an aircraft is altered;