§ 362.209

§ 362.209 Placement upon completion.

(a) A Fellow or Senior Fellow must complete the Program within the time limits prescribed in §362.203, including any extensions approved by OPM. At the conclusion of that time period, the Fellow or Senior Fellow must be appointed, as provided in paragraph (b) of this section.

(b)(1) As provided in part 315 of this chapter and/or Executive Order 13318, and except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, an agency must appoint without further competition an ERBcertified Fellow or Senior Fellow to a full-time, permanent position, in the competitive or excepted service, as applicable. Appointments must be effective on or before the expiration of the individual's PMF appointment, including extensions.

(2) A Fellow or Senior Fellow who was initially appointed to a permanent position in an agency excepted from the competitive service upon completion of the Program may be appointed subsequently to a full-time permanent position in the competitive service without further competition one time only in accordance with the requirements prescribed in §315.708 and Executive Order 13318.

(c) As provided for in §362.204(e)(1)(ii), an agency may appoint a Senior Fellow who has been certified as having successfully completed the Senior Fellows program to a position in the SES, without further competition, in the same manner and subject to the same QRB review prescribed in §317.502 of this chapter as a graduate of an OPM-approved SES candidate development program.

§362.210 Transition.

OPM shall provide written guidance for the orderly transition of employees from the Presidential Management Intern Program to the Fellow program and may revise it as necessary.

PART 370—INFORMATION TECH-NOLOGY **EXCHANGE** PRO-**GRAM**

Sec

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§ 370.101 Purpose.

(a) The purpose of this part is to implement sections 209(b)(6) and (c) of the E-Government Act of 2002 (Pub. L. 107-347), which authorize the Office of Personnel Management to establish an Information Technology Exchange Program. This statute authorizes the temporary detail of information technology employees between the Federal Government and private sector organizations. The statute also gives Federal agencies the authority to accept private sector information technology employees detailed under the Information Technology Exchange Program.

(b) Agency heads, or their designees, may approve details as a mechanism for improving the Federal workforce's competency in using information technology to deliver Government information and services. Details under this part allow Federal employees to serve with private sector organizations for a limited time period without loss of employee rights and benefits. Agencies may not make details under this part to circumvent personnel ceilings, or as a substitute for other more appropriate personnel decisions or actions. Approved details must meet the strategic program goals of the agency. The benefits to the Federal agency and the private sector organization are the primary considerations in initiating details; not the desires or personal needs of an individual employee.

§ 370.102 Definitions.

In this part: Agency means an Executive agency as defined in 5 U.S.C. 105, with the exception of the Government Accountability Office.

Core Competencies are those IT competencies identified by the Federal Chief Information Officer (CIO) Council as a baseline for use by Federal agencies in complying with the ClingerCohen Act, Public Law 104–106, to determine the training and development needs of the Federal IT workforce.

Detail means: (1) The assignment or loan of an employee of an agency to a private sector organization without a change of position from the agency that employs the individual (5 U.S.C. 3701(2)(A)), or

(2) The assignment or loan of a private sector organization employee to an agency without a change of position from the private sector organization that employs the individual (5 U.S.C. 3701(2)(B)).

Exceptional employee means an employee who is rated at the highest levels of the applicable performance appraisal system or, in the case of an employee under an appraisal system that does not have a summary rating level above "fully successful" or equivalent, is rated at the highest summary level used by the performance appraisal system and demonstrates sustained quality performance significantly above that expected in the type of position involved, as determined under performance-related criteria established by the agency.

Information technology (IT) management means the planning, organizing, staffing, directing, integrating, or controlling of information technology as defined by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-130 which states, the term "information technology" means any equipment or interconnected system or subsystem of equipment, that is used in the automatic acquisition, storage, manipulation, management, movement, control, display, switching, interchange, transmission, or reception of data or information by an executive agency. For purposes of the preceding sentence, equipment is used by an executive agency if the equipment is used by the executive agency directly or is used by a contractor under a contract with the executive agency which requires the use of such equipment, or requires the use, to a significant extent, of such equipment in the performance of a service or the furnishing of a product. The term "information technology" includes computers, ancillary equipment, software, firmware and similar procedures, services (including support services), and related resources. The term "information technology" does not include any equipment that is acquired by a Federal contractor incidental to a Federal contract. The term "information technology" does not include national security systems as defined in the Clinger-Cohen Act of 1996 (40 U.S.C. 1452).

OPM means the Office of Personnel Management.

Private sector organization means a profit-making business entity that is registered in the Central Contractor Registration Database (http://www.ccr.gov) as required for the conduct of business with the Government.

Small business concern means a business concern that satisfies the definitions and standards specified by the Administrator of the Small Business Administration (SBA), under section 3(a)(2) of the Small Business Act, codified at 13 CFR 121. Federal agencies can find more information through the "Frequently Asked Questions" page on the SBA's Web site at http://www.sba.gov, which addresses small business size standards.

§ 370.103 Eligibility.

- (a) To be eligible for a detail under this part, an individual must:
- (1) Work in the field of information technology management;
- (2) Be considered an exceptional employee by the individual's current employer; and
- (3) Be expected by the individual's current employer to assume increased information technology management responsibilities in the future.
- (b) To be eligible for a detail under this part, a Federal employee, in addition to meeting the requirements of paragraph (a) of this section, must be serving in a position at the GS-11 level or above (or equivalent), under a career or career-conditional appointment or an appointment of equivalent tenure in the excepted service. For purposes of this part, positions of equivalent tenure in the excepted service are limited to permanent appointments. In addition, only career members of the Senior Executive Service are eligible to be detailed under this part.
- (c) To be eligible to participate in the Information Technology Exchange Program, a private sector organization